

Preliminary Damage Assessment Report

New York – Remnants of Hurricane Ida FEMA-4615-DR

Declared September 5, 2021

On September 5, 2021, Governor Kathy Hochul requested an expedited major disaster declaration due to the remnants of Hurricane Ida during the period of September 1-3, 2021. The Governor requested a declaration for Individual Assistance for 14 counties, Public Assistance for six counties, and Hazard Mitigation statewide. This event was of the severity and magnitude that the need for supplemental Federal assistance was determined to be necessary prior to the completion of joint Federal, State, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs). Per 44 C.F.R. § 206.33(d) and § 206.36(d), the requirement for a joint PDA may be waived for those incidents of such unusual severity and magnitude that formal field damage assessments are not required to establish the need for supplemental Federal assistance under the Stafford Act.¹

On September 5, 2021, President Biden declared that a major disaster exists in the State of New York. This declaration made Individual Assistance requested by the Governor available to affected individuals and households in Bronx, Kings, Queens, Richmond, and Westchester Counties. This declaration also made Public Assistance requested by the Governor available to state and eligible local governments and certain private nonprofit organizations on a cost-sharing basis for emergency work and the repair or replacement of facilities damaged by the remnants of Hurricane Ida in Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, Richmond, and Westchester Counties. Finally, this declaration made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance requested by the Governor available for hazard mitigation measures statewide.²

Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster

Individual Assistance

- Total Number of Residences Impacted:³ 1,802
 - Destroyed - 73
 - Major Damage - 469
 - Minor Damage - 649
 - Affected - 611

- Percentage of insured residences:⁴ 0.0%
- Percentage of poverty households:⁵ 16.4%
- Population receiving other government assistance such as SSI and SNAP: 6.7% SSI 16.9% SNAP

- Percentage of ownership households:⁶ 42.0%
- Pre-Disaster Unemployment: 7.2%
- Age 65 and older: 14.0%
- Age 18 and under: 21.9%
- Disability: 9.8%
- IHP Cost to Capacity (ICC) Ratio: 7.3
- Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: \$13,858,989

Public Assistance

- Primary Impact: Damage to buildings and equipment.
- Total Public Assistance cost estimate: N/A
- Statewide per capita impact:⁷ \$3.36
- Statewide per capita impact indicator:⁸ \$1.55
- Countywide per capita impact: Bronx County (\$7.46), Kings County (\$11.68), New York County (\$5.01), Queens County (\$4.13), Richmond County (\$5.58), and Westchester County (\$5.97).
- Countywide per capita impact indicator:⁹ \$3.89

¹ The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor’s request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor’s request (44 CFR § 206.33).

² When a Governor’s request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA’s regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

³ Degree of damage to impacted residences:

- Destroyed – total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);
- Major Damage – substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage – home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and
- Affected – some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.

⁴ By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage. 42 U.S.C. § 5155 and 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(5).

⁵ Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).

⁶ Ibid. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).

⁷ Based on State population in the 2010 Census.

⁸ Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY21, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2020.

⁹ Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY21, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2020.