

Preliminary Damage Assessment Report

Puerto Rico – Tropical Storm Isaias FEMA-4560-DR

Declared September 9, 2020

On August 21, 2020, Governor Wanda Vázquez Garced requested a major disaster declaration due to Tropical Storm Isaias during the period of July 29-31, 2020. The Governor requested a declaration for Individual Assistance for four municipalities and Hazard Mitigation for the entire Commonwealth. During the period of August 5-11, 2020, joint federal, commonwealth, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were conducted in the requested areas and are summarized below. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the state and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.¹

On September 9, 2020, President Trump declared that a major disaster exists in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. This declaration made Individual Assistance requested by the Governor available to affected individuals and households in Aguada, Hormigueros, Mayagüez, and Rincón Municipalities. This declaration also made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance requested by the Governor available for hazard mitigation measures for the entire commonwealth.²

Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster

Individual Assistance

- Total Number of Residences Impacted:³ 506
 - Destroyed - 12
 - Major Damage - 299
 - Minor Damage - 105
 - Affected - 90
- Percentage of insured residences:⁴ 1.0%
- Percentage of poverty households:⁵ 50.3%
- Percentage of ownership households:⁶ 88.0%
- Population receiving other government assistance such as SSI and SNAP: 0.8% SSI 42.3% SNAP
- Pre-Disaster Unemployment: 22.3%
- Age 65 and older: 20.7%
- Age 18 and under: 18.9%

- Disability: 28.0%
- IHP Cost to Capacity (ICC) Ratio: N/A
- Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: \$10,411,201

Public Assistance

- Primary Impact: -
- Total Public Assistance cost estimate: -
- Statewide per capita impact:⁷ -
- Statewide per capita impact indicator:⁸ \$1.53
- Countywide per capita impact: -
- Countywide per capita impact indicator:⁹ \$3.84

¹ The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor's request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor's request (44 CFR § 206.33).

² When a Governor's request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA's regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

³ Degree of damage to impacted residences:

- Destroyed – total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);
- Major Damage – substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage – home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and
- Affected – some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.

⁴ By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage. 42 U.S.C. § 5155 and 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(5).

⁵ Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).

⁶ Ibid. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).

⁷ Based on State population in the 2010 Census.

⁸ Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY20, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2019.

⁹ Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY20, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2019.