# Preliminary Damage Assessment Report

## Alaska – Earthquake **FEMA-4413-DR**

## Declared January 31, 2019

On January 3, 2019, Governor Michael J. Dunleavy requested a major disaster declaration due to an earthquake on November 30, 2018. The Governor requested a declaration for Individual Assistance and Public Assistance for three areas and Hazard Mitigation statewide. During the period of December 10-22, 2018, joint federal, state, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were conducted in the requested areas and are summarized below. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the state and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.<sup>1</sup>

On January 31, 2019, President Trump declared that a major disaster exists in the State of Alaska. This declaration made Individual Assistance requested by the Governor available to affected individuals and households in the Municipality of Anchorage, Kenai Peninsula Borough, and Matanuska-Susitna Borough. This declaration also made Public Assistance requested by the Governor available to state and eligible local governments and certain private nonprofit organizations on a cost-sharing basis for emergency work and the repair or replacement of facilities damaged by the earthquake in the Municipality of Anchorage, Kenai Peninsula Borough, and Matanuska-Susitna Borough. This declaration also made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance requested by the Governor available for hazard mitigation measures statewide.<sup>2</sup>

### Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to **Declare a Major Disaster**

#### **Individual Assistance**

Total Number of Residences Impacted:<sup>3</sup> 2.848 •

Destroyed -	46
Major Damage -	638
Minor Damage -	1,110
Affected -	1,054

- Percentage of insured residences:<sup>4</sup> 5.33% 0.00%
- Percentage of low income households:<sup>5</sup>
- Percentage of ownership households:<sup>6</sup> 82.67%
- Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: \$29,425,675

#### **Public Assistance**

- **Primary Impact:**
- Total Public Assistance cost estimate: •
- Statewide per capita impact: <sup>7</sup>
- Statewide per capita impact indicator:<sup>8</sup> •
- Countywide per capita impact: Municipality of Anchorage (\$106.13), Matanuska-Susitna Borough (\$183.90), Kenai Peninsula Borough (\$13.98). \$3.78

Damage to buildings and equipment

\$48,112,398

\$67.74

\$1.50

Countywide per capita impact indicator:<sup>9</sup>

<sup>3</sup> Degree of damage to impacted residences:

- Major Damage substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or 0 damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time 0 with repairs; and
- Affected some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable. 0

- <sup>5</sup> Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for
- assistance. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).
- <sup>6</sup> Ibid. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).
- <sup>7</sup> Based on State population in the 2010 Census.
- <sup>8</sup> Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY19, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2018.
- <sup>9</sup> Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY19, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor's request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor's request (44 CFR § 206.33).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> When a Governor's request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA's regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

Destroyed - total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to 0 major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage. 42 U.S.C. § 5155 and 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(5).