

#### April 2006

MEMORANDUM FOR: Flood Insurance Manual Subscribers

FROM: David I. Maurstad David J. Waurtlo-O

Acting Director Mitigation Division

SUBJECT: May 1, 2006, Flood Insurance Manual Revisions

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) is pleased to provide you with the latest updates to the NFIP *Flood Insurance Manual*.

Your new revision pages contain all of the changes that will go into effect May 1, 2006. Changes are identified by a vertical bar in the margin of the amended pages, and related footers have been modified to reflect the May 1, 2006, effective date.

Following are highlights of the May revisions:

- Provides new flood insurance rates and updates the Precalculated Pre-FIRM Premium Table and the rating examples. (RATE, CONDO, MPPP, END sections)
- Updates the list of NFIP Bureau and Statistical Agent Regional Offices. (REF section)
- Adds a table matching SFIP policy forms with specific residential and non-residential building and contents risks. (GR section)
- Describes criteria for coverage eligibility of condominium buildings in the course of construction. (CONDO section)
- Shows the NFIP's newly revised Elevation Certificate (EC) and instructions. The new EC will be transitioned in through 2006. Its use will become mandatory on January 1, 2007. (CERT section)
- Adds NFIP community numbers to the list of Approved Communities for Residential Basement Floodproofing Rating Credit. (CERT section)
- Replaces the old Floodproofing Certificate for Non-Residential Structures, which expired December 31, 2005, with the new edition. (CERT section)
- Adds guidelines for converting a Preferred Risk Policy (PRP) that no longer meets PRP eligibility criteria to a standard-rated policy. (PRP section)
- Updates and expands the list of FEMA Map Service Center Products, Services, and Fees. (MAP section)
- Updates the Community Rating System Eligible Communities list. (CRS section)

The NFIP is committed to providing up-to-date information so that you can assist your customers in securing the best flood insurance protection available for their individual needs.

Attachment

# Change Record Page Effective Date: May 1, 2006

Updates and corrections to the NFIP *Flood Insurance Manual* are distributed semiannually. Each change is highlighted by a vertical bar in the margin of the page. The effective date of each page is shown in the bottom right corner. Pages bearing the new effective date but no change bar simply indicate that text has shifted from one page to another.

Please keep this Change Record Page in your manual for reference.

i-vi, xi-xv  REF 1-6  GR 1-12  RATE 1-12, 49-54  CONDO 5-31  LFG 1-2  CERT 1-19  PRP 1-4  MPPP 1-2  i-vi, xi-xv  REF 1-6  REF 1-6  RATE 1-12, 49-54  CONDO 5-31  CONDO 5-31  LFG 1-2  CERT 1-35  PRP 1-4  MPPP 1-2
GR 1-12 RATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-19 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2 GR 1-12 CRATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2 MPPP 1-2
RATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-19 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2  RATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2  RATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 MPF 1-2  RATE 1-12, 49-54 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 MPF 1-2
CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-19 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2 CONDO 5-31 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2
LFG 1-2 CERT 1-19 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2 LFG 1-2 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2
CERT 1-19 CERT 1-35 PRP 1-4 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2 MPPP 1-2
PRP 1-4 PRP 1-4 MPPP 1-2
MPPP 1-2 MPPP 1-2
END 1-2, 7-10 END 1-2, 7-10
REN 1-2 REN 1-2
CL 1-2 CL 1-2
MAP 1-8
CRS 1-28 CRS 1- <b>29</b>
IND 1-5 IND 1-5

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>				
REFERI	ENCE	REF 1		
I.	INTRODUCTION TO THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM	REF 1		
II.	THE WRITE YOUR OWN PROGRAM	REF 1		
III.	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE	REF 2		
A.	WYO Companies	REF 2		
B.	NFIP Servicing Agent (NFIP Direct)	REF 2		
C.	Special Direct Facility			
PAP	ERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE	REF 7		
GENER	AL RULES	GR 1		
I.	COMMUNITY ELIGIBILITY	GR 1		
Α.	Participating (Eligible) Communities			
Д. В.	Emergency Program			
C.	Regular Program			
D.	Maps			
E.	Probation			
F.				
	Suspension			
G.	Non-Participating (Ineligible) Communities			
Н.	Coastal Barrier Resources Act			
I.	Federal Land	GR 1		
II.	POLICIES AND PRODUCTS AVAILABLE	GR 1		
A.	Standard Flood Insurance Policy	GR 1		
B.	Insurance Products	GR 2		
III.	BUILDING PROPERTY ELIGIBILITY	GR 3		
Α.	Eligible Buildings			
B.	Single Building			
C.	Walls			
D.	Determination of Building Occupancy			
IV.	CONTENTS ELIGIBILITY	GR 6		
Α.	Eligible Contents			
В.	Vehicles and Equipment			
C.	Silos, Grain Storage Buildings, and Cisterns			
D.	Commercial Contents Coverage			
	-			
V.	EXAMPLES OF ELIGIBLE RISKS			
Α.	Building Coverage			
В.	Contents Coverage			
C.	Condominiums	GR 6		
VI.	INELIGIBLE PROPERTY			
A.	Buildings	GR 6		
B.	Container-Type Buildings			
C.	Buildings Entirely Over Water			
D.	Buildings Partially Underground			
F.	Basement/Flevated Building Enclosures			

5	SECTIO	<u>Nu</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
	VII. A. B. C.	EXAMPLES OF INELIGIBLE RISKS	GR 7 GR 7
	VIII. A. B. C.	POLICY EFFECTIVE DATE  Evidence of Insurance  Start of Waiting Period  Effective Date	GR 8 GR 8
	IX. A. B. C. D.	COVERAGE Limits of Coverage Deductibles Coverage D - Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) Coverage Reduction of Coverage Limits or Reformation	GR 10 GR 10 GR 10
	X. A. B. C. D.	SPECIAL RATING SITUATIONS Tentative Rates Submit-For-Rate Provisional Rates Buildings in More Than One Flood Zone	GR 11 GR 11 GR 11
	XI.	MISCELLANEOUS RULES  A. Policy Term  B. Application Submission  C. Delivery of the Policy  D. Assignment  E. Producers' Commissions (Direct Business Only)	GR 11 GR 12 GR 12 GR 12
1	APPLIC	ATION	APP1
	I.	USE OF THE FORM	APP 1
	II.	TYPES OF BUILDINGS	APP 1
	III.	SCHEDULED BUILDING POLICY	APP 1
	IV. A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L.	COMPLETING PART 1 OF THE FLOOD INSURANCE APPLICATION FORM	APP 1 APP 2 APP 2 APP 2 APP 2 APP 2 APP 2 APP 3 APP 4
	M. N.	Coverage and RatingSignature	APP 6

SE	CTIO	<u>N</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
	Secti	COMPLETING PART 2 OF THE FLOOD INSURANCE APPLICATION FORM on I - All Building Typeson II - Elevated Buildingson III - Manufactured (Mobile) Homes/Travel Trailers	APP 7 APP 7
	VI.	MAILING INSTRUCTIONS	APP 8
	VII.	HANDLING OF INCOMPLETE OR INCORRECT APPLICATIONS	APP 8
RA	TING		RATE 1
	I.	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE AVAILABLE	RATE 1
	II.	RATE TABLES	RATE 1
	III. A. B.	DEDUCTIBLES	RATE 12
	IV.	INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE (ICC) COVERAGE	RATE 14
	V.	RATING STEPS	RATE 15
	VI. A. B.	PREMIUM CALCULATION	RATE 16
	VII. A. B. C. D. E.	KEY POINTS FOR RATING Basic Limits and Additional Limits Whole Dollars Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) Premium Federal Policy Fee Buildings in More Than One Flood Zone Mortgagee on PolicyHigher Deductible Requested	RATE 17 RATE 17 RATE 17 RATE 17 RATE 17
	VIII. A B		RATE 17 RATE 18
	IX.	PRE-FIRM ELEVATED BUILDING RATED AT PRE-FIRM RATES	RATE 19
	X.	AR ZONE AND AR DUAL ZONE RATING	RATE 19
	XI.	POST-FIRM AO ZONE RATING	RATE 19
	XII.	POST-FIRM RATING OF ELEVATED BUILDINGS IN ZONES B, C, X, A99, AND D	RATE 19
	XIII.	REGULAR PROGRAM V ZONE POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION	
		Equipment Below BFE	RATE 19

SECT	<u>ON</u>		<u>PAGE</u>
C. D.	1981 P	81 Post-FIRM V Zone Construction Post-FIRM V Zone Construction levated Buildings1981 Post-FIRM V Zone Construction	RATE 20
XIV G.	A. To B. A C. M D. Po E. Po F.Submit	AL RATING SITUATIONS	RATE 21 RATE 21 RATE 21 RATE 23 RATE 23 RATE 23
XV A. B.	Single	ENTS LOCATIONFamily Dwellings	RATE 25
XV A.	Proced B. W	S WITH WAVE HEIGHTSdure for Calculating Wave Height Adjustmentdure Heights in Numbered Zones V1-V30 and VE 1981 Post-FIRM	RATE 29
C.	Unnum	Construction	RATE 30
XV	A. E	DPROOFED BUILDINGSlevation Differenceating	RATE 30
XV	A. U	-ZONE RISK FACTOR RATING FORMse	RATE 31
XIX	K. RATIN	G EXAMPLES	RATE 47
COND	OMINIUM	ns	CONDO
I. A. B. C.	Reside Reside Other F Assoc Nonres E. N	ODS OF INSURING CONDOMINIUMS	CONDO 1 CONDO 1 CONDO 2
II.	POLIC	Y FORM	CONDO 6
III. A. B.	Genera	BILITY REQUIREMENTSal Building Eligibilityminium Building in the Course of Construction	CONDO 6
IV. A. B. C. D.	Proper Covera Replac	RAGEage Limitsement Cost and Coinsurancesment Coverage	CONDO 7

SE	CTIO	<u>ITION</u>			
	V.	DEDUCTIBLES AND FEES			
	A.	Deductibles			
	B.	Federal Policy Fee	CONDO 8		
	VI.	TENTATIVE RATES AND SCHEDULED BUILDINGS	CONDO 8		
	VII.	COMMISSIONS (DIRECT BUSINESS ONLY)	CONDO 8		
		CANCELLATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF EXISTING UNIT			
	OW	NERS' DWELLING POLICIES	CONDO 8		
	IX.	APPLICATION FORM	CONDO 8		
	A.	Type of Building	CONDO 8		
		B. Replacement Cost Value	CONDO 8		
	C.	Coverage	CONDO 9		
	D.	Rates and Fees	CONDO 9		
	.,				
	Χ.	CONDOMINIUM RATING EXAMPLES	CONDO 23		
LOWEST FLOOR GUIDELFG					
	I.	LOWEST FLOOR DETERMINATION	LFG 1		
		A. Non-Elevated Buildings			
		B. Elevated Buildings in A Zones			
		C. Elevated Buildings in V Zones			
	II.	USE OF ELEVATION CERTIFICATE	LEG 2		
		A. Mandatory Use of Elevation Certificate	LFG 2		
		B. Optional Rating Using the Elevation Certificate			
		B. Optional Nating Using the Elevation Certificate	LI O 2		
	III.	SPECIFIC BUILDING DRAWINGS	LFG 8		
SF	ECIA	L CERTIFICATIONS	CERT 1		
	I.	NFIP ELEVATION CERTIFICATE	CERT 1		
	II.	USING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE: SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS	CERT 1		
		ion A - Property [Owner] Information			
	Sect	ion B - Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Information	CFRT 2		
		ion C - Building Elevation Information (Survey Required)			
		ion D - Surveyor, Engineer, or Architect Certification			
	0000	Section E - Building Elevation Information (Survey Not Required) for Zone AO and			
	_	Zone A (Without BFE)			
		ion F - Property Owner (or Owner's Representative) Certification			
	Sect	ion G - Community Information (Optional)	CERT 3		
	III.	FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE	CERT 3		
	A.	Purpose and Eligibility	CERT 3		
	B.	Specifications			
	C.	Rating			
	D.	Certification			

SECTIO	<u>N</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
PREFE	RRED RISK POLICY	PRP 1
l.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	PRP 1
II. A. B. C. D.	ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS  Flood Zone Occupancy Loss History Exclusions	PRP 1 PRP 1 PRP 1
III.	DOCUMENTATION	PRP 2
IV.	RENEWAL	PRP 2
٧.	COVERAGE LIMITS	PRP 2
VI.	REPLACEMENT COST COVERAGE	PRP 2
VII.	DISCOUNTS/FEES/ICC PREMIUM	PRP 2
VIII.	DEDUCTIBLES	PRP 2
IX.	ENDORSEMENTS	PRP 2
X. MISF	CONVERSION OF STANDARD RATED POLICY TO PRP DUE TO	
XI. MAP	CONVERSION OF STANDARD RATED POLICY TO PRP DUE TO REVISION, LOMA, OR LOMR	PRP 4
XII.	CONVERSION OF PRP TO STANDARD RATED POLICY	PRP 4
PRE ABCCCEFG	Policy Term Agent Information Insured's Mailing Address Disaster Assistance First Mortgagee Second Mortgagee or Other Property Location Community Building and Contents Notice Premium	PRP 4 PRP 4 PRP 4 PRP 4 PRP 4 PRP 4 PRP 5
l.	BACKGROUND	
II.	REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE MPPP	MPPP 2 MPPP 2 MPPP 2 MPPP 2

<u>SECTION</u> P				
IV.	CRS ACTIVITIES THAT CAN DIRECTLY BENEFIT INSURANCE AGENTS	. CRS 1		
ELI	GIBLE COMMUNITIES	CRS 2		
SPECI	AL PROCEDURES FOR TARGETED REPETITIVE LOSS PROPERTIES	. RL 1		
I.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	. RL 1		
II.	NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS	. RL 1		
III.	DISPUTE RESOLUTION	. RL 1		
IV.	MITIGATION	. RL 1		
DEFINITIONS				
INDEX		IND 1		

# **LIST OF TABLES**

SECTION/TABLE	<u>PAGE</u>			
REFERENCE				
NFIP Servicing Agent Contact Information for NFIP Direct Program Agents	REF 4			
GENERAL RULES				
Matching Standard Flood Insurance Policy Forms with Specific Risks	GR 2			
RATING				
Amount of Insurance Available	DATE 1			
Table 1. Emergency Program Rates				
Table 2. Regular ProgramPre-FIRM Construction Rates				
Table 3. Regular ProgramPost-FIRM Construction Rates				
Table 4. Regular ProgramFIRM Zone AR and AR Dual Zones Rates				
Table 5. Regular ProgramPre-FIRM and Post-FIRM Elevation-Rated Rates				
Table 6. Precalculated Pre-FIRM Premium Table				
Table 7. Federal Policy Fee and Probation Surcharge Table				
Table 8A. Standard Deductibles				
Table 8B. Deductible Factors	RATE 13			
Table 9. Standard Flood Insurance Policy Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC)				
Coverage Premiums				
Table 10. V-Zone Risk Rating RelativitiesTable	RATE 32			
CONDOMINIUMS				
Table 1. Condominium Underwriting Guidelines	CONDO 3			
Table 2. Condominium Rating Chart				
Table 3. RCBAP High-Rise Condominium Rates				
Table 4. RCBAP Low-Rise Condominium Rates				
Table 5. RCBAP High-Rise and Low-Rise Condominium Rates	CONDO 14			
1981 Post-FIRM V1-V30, VE Zone Rates	CONDO 10			
Table 6. RCBAP High-Rise and Low-Rise Condominium Rates	CONDO 19			
Induced Cost of Compliance (ICC) Coverses	CONDO 24			
Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) Coverage	CONDO 21			
Table 7. RCBAP Deductible Factors – All Zories	CONDO 22			
SPECIAL CERTIFICATIONS				
Approved Communities for Residential Basement Floodproofing Rating Credit	CERT 4			
PREFERRED RISK POLICY				
The PRP at a Glance	PRP 1			
PRP Coverages Available Effective May 1, 2004	PRP 3			
MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PROTECTION PROGRAM				
Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program Rate and				
Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) Table	MPPP 1			
POLICY RENEWALS				
Summary of Policy Notices	REN 3			
	· · · · · — · · •			

# LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

SECTION/TABLE	<u>PAGE</u>
CANCELLATION/NULLIFICATION	
Processing Outcomes for Cancellation/Nullification of a Flood Insurance Policy	. CN 8
FLOOD MAPS	
MSC Products, Services, and Fees	. MAP 5
COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM	
List of Communities	. CBRS 3
COMMUNITY RATING SYSTEM	
CRS Premium DiscountsEligible Communities	. CRS 1 . CRS 2

# LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

SECTION/ILLUSTRATION	<u>PAGE</u>
APPLICATION	
Flood Insurance Application - Part 1Flood Insurance Application - Part 2	APP 9 APP 10
RATING	
V-Zone Risk Factor Rating Form and Instructions	RATE 33
LOWEST FLOOR GUIDE	
Lowest Floor Determination Guide	LFG 3
SPECIAL CERTIFICATIONS	
Residential Basement Floodproofing Certificate  Floodproofing Certificate for Non-Residential Structures  Elevation Certificate and Instructions – New Edition (2/13/2006)  Elevation Certificate and Instructions – Old Edition (1/1/2003)	CERT 7 CERT 9
PREFERRED RISK POLICY	
Flood Insurance Preferred Risk Policy Application	PRP 6
GENERAL CHANGE ENDORSEMENT	
Flood Insurance General Change Endorsement	END 13
POLICY RENEWALS	
Renewal NoticeFinal Notice Credit Card Payment Form	REN 6
CANCELLATION/NULLIFICATION	
Flood Insurance Cancellation/Nullification Request Form	.CN 9
POLICY	
Standard Flood Insurance Policy - Dwelling Form	POL 23
FLOOD MAPS	
Sample Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)	MAP 7 MAP 8

# LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Continued)

SECTION/ILLUSTRATION	<u>PAGE</u>
PROVISIONAL RATING	
Provisional Rating QuestionnaireSample Notice to Accompany Provisionally Rated Policies	
SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR TARGETED REPETITIVE LOSS PROPERTIES	
Agent's 90-Day Notification LetterPolicyholder's 90-Day Notification Letter	

#### **REFERENCE**

# I. INTRODUCTION TO THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) was established by the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. The Act was in response to Congress finding that:

- Flooding disasters required unforeseen disaster relief and placed an increased burden on the nation's resources.
- The installation of flood preventive and protective measures and other public programs designed to reduce losses caused by flood damage had not been sufficient to adequately protect against the growing exposure to flood losses as a matter of national policy. A reasonable method of slowing the risk of flood losses would be through a program of flood insurance that could complement and encourage preventive and protective measures.
- Many factors made it uneconomical for the private insurance industry carriers to make flood insurance available to those in need of such protection on reasonable terms and conditions.
- A program of flood insurance with largescale participation of the federal government and the maximum extent practicable by the private industry was feasible and could be initiated.

Congress stated that the purpose in passing the Act was to:

- Authorize a flood insurance program that, over time, could be made available on a nationwide basis through the cooperative effort of the federal government and the private insurance industry.
- Provide flexibility in the program so that such flood insurance would be based on workable methods of pooling risks, minimizing costs, and distributing burdens equitably among the general public and those who would be protected by flood insurance.
- Encourage state and local governments to use wisely the lands under their jurisdictions by considering the hazard of flood when rendering decisions on the future use of such land, thus minimizing damage caused by flooding.

From 1968 until 1979, the NFIP was administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. When the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) was established in 1979, administration of the NFIP was transferred to that agency. In March 2003, FEMA became part of the newly created U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

The NFIP is a program in which communities formally agree, as evidenced by their adoption of codes and ordinances, to regulate the use of their flood-prone lands. In return, FEMA makes flood insurance coverage available on buildings and their contents throughout the community. FEMA has traditionally identified these flood hazard areas on maps, which are provided to communities for carrying out their responsibilities. The maps are also used by insurance producers to determine rates and by lenders to determine purchase requirements.

#### II. THE WRITE YOUR OWN PROGRAM

The Write Your Own (WYO) Program, begun in 1983, is a cooperative undertaking of FEMA and the private insurance industry. The WYO Program operates within the context of the NFIP and is subject to its rules and regulations. WYO allows participating property and casualty insurance companies to write and service federal flood insurance in their own names. The companies receive an expense allowance for policies written and claims processed while the federal government retains responsibility for under-writing losses. Individual Companies may, to the extent possible, and consistent with Program rules and regulations, conform their flood business to their normal business practices for other lines of insurance. Many producers have elected to move or place their flood policies with one or more of the WYO Companies they represent.

In brief, the producer has the following options:

- Place all business with one or more WYO Companies;
- Place business with both the NFIP directly and with one or more WYO Companies; or
- Continue to place all flood insurance directly with the NFIP (referred to as "NFIP direct business").

The goals of the Program are to increase the policy base, improve services, and involve the insurance companies.

#### III. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

In order to provide the most efficient service to policyholders, follow these procedures when requesting technical assistance in connection with the sale and servicing of Standard Flood Insurance Policies. It is essential that all parties—WYO companies, the National Flood Insurance Program's Bureau and Statistical Agent, the NFIP Servicing Agent, insurance agents and adjusters—comply.

#### A. WYO Companies

Agents and adjusters servicing flood insurance business through one of the Write Your Own (WYO) companies should direct questions and requests for technical assistance to the WYO Company itself. If the WYO Company needs technical assistance, then it will contact its Business Analyst (formerly called Program

Coordinator) at the NFIP's Bureau and Statistical Agent. If the Business Analyst, with the assistance of technical experts at the Bureau, cannot provide the needed assistance, the Bureau will direct the inquiry to FEMA for an answer.

#### B. NFIP Servicing Agent (NFIP Direct)

Agents and adjusters servicing flood insurance business through the NFIP Servicing Agent should contact the NFIP Servicing Agent for the answer to technical questions or the resolution of technical problems connected with the NFIP. If the NFIP Servicing Agent cannot provide the needed assistance, it will contact FEMA for an answer.

#### C. Special Direct Facility

Agents and adjusters serving flood insurance policies identified as targeted repetitive loss properties should contact the Special Direct Facility established by the NFIP Servicing Agent for technical assistance. See the Repetitive Loss section of this manual for more information.

# NFIP SERVICING AGENT CONTACT INFORMATION FOR NFIP DIRECT PROGRAM AGENTS

The contact information below is for use only by agents/producers who write with the NFIP Direct Program—that is, the NFIP Servicing Agent.

Agents/producers who write with the NFIP Write Your Own (WYO) Program must submit materials and questions to their WYO Companies.

CORRESPONDENCE TYPE	MAILING ADDRESS	TELEPHONE & FAX NUMBERS*
Applications (not Submit-for Rate)	NFIP Servicing Agent P.O. Box 29138 Shawnee Mission, KS 66201-9138	Phone 1-800-638-6620 Fax 1-800-742-3148
Endorsements Cancellations	NFIP Servicing Agent P.O. Box 2992 Shawnee Mission, KS 66201-1392	Phone 1-800-638-6620 Fax 1-800-742-3148
Submit-for-Rate Applications (See pages RATE 23-24) Underpayment Letters Underwriting Inquiries and Issues All Other Inquiries	NFIP Servicing Agent P.O. Box 2965 Shawnee Mission, KS 66201-1365	Phone 1-800-638-6620 Fax 1-800-742-3148
Targeted Repetitive Loss Properties	NFIP Special Direct Facility P.O. Box 29524 Shawnee Mission, KS 66201-5524	Phone 1-800-638-6620 Fax 1-800-742-3148
Renewal Notices (with premium payments) Expiration Notices (with premium payments)	NFIP Servicing Agent P.O. Box 105656 Atlanta, GA 30348-5656	Phone 1-800-638-6620 Fax 1-800-742-3148
Notices of Loss Written Claims Inquiries All Other Claims Correspondence	NFIP Servicing Agent P.O. Box 2966 Shawnee Mission, KS 66201-1366	Phone 1-800-767-4341 Fax 1-800-767-5574
Overnight Express Deliveries Certified Mail	NFIP Servicing Agent C/o Covansys 13401 W. 98th St. Lenexa, KS 66215	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) 1-800-447-9487

# NFIP GENERAL CONTACT INFORMATION FOR ALL NFIP STAKEHOLDERS

TOPIC	MAILING/WEBSITE ADDRESSES	TELEPHONE & FAX NUMBERS*
CBRS Areas - Map Panel Listing	www.fema.gov/nfip	N/A
Community Status Book	FEMA Map Service Center P.O. Box 1038 Jessup, MD 20794-1038 www.fema.gov/nfip	Phone 1-800-358-9616 Fax 1-800-358-9620
NFIP Marketing & Advertising	www.floodsmart.gov	N/A
Flood Insurance Manual & Producer's Edition	FEMA Map Service Center P.O. Box 1038 Jessup, MD 20794-1038 www.fema.gov/nfip	Phone 1-800-358-9616 Fax 1-800-358-9620
Flood Zone Determination Companies (list)	www.fema.gov/nfip	N/A
Agent Referral Program Sign-up Form	www.floodsmart.gov/agent	Phone 1-888-786-7693
Maps and Q3 Data	FEMA Map Service Center P.O. Box 1038 Jessup, MD 20794-1038 http://msc.fema.gov	Phone 1-800-358-9616 Fax 1-800-358-9620
Rating Software Information (list)	www.fema.gov/nfip	N/A
Supply Order Forms Claims & Underwriting Public Awareness Materials	FEMA Distribution Center P.O. Box 2012 Jessup, MD 20794-2012	Phone 1-800-480-2520 Fax 1-301-362-5335
Training on Flood Insurance	www.fema.gov/nfip	Your NFIP Regional Office (See list on following pages.)
Write Your Own (WYO) Companies (list)	www.fema.gov/nfip	Phone 1-800-480-2520 for Item 073, "The Choice Is Yours"

<sup>\*</sup>Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) 1-800-447-9487

#### NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM BUREAU AND STATISTICAL AGENT

#### **REGIONAL OFFICES**

The National Flood Insurance Program's Bureau and Statistical Agent operates a network of regional offices within the continental United States.

The primary function of the regional offices is lender and producer training through workshops and individual visits. Other services provided by the regional offices are similar to those provided by an insurance company field office.

The regional offices do not handle processing, nor do they have policy files at their locations. However, the regional staff may be able to assist with problems and answer questions of a general nature.

For offices that have moved, some contact information remained to be determined (TBD) as the May 1, 2006, revisions to this manual were being finalized. The latest contact information for both NFIP Bureau & Statistical Agent and FEMA regional offices is available at http://www.fema.gov/nfip/reg.shtm.

NFIP BUREAU AND STATISTICAL AGENT REGIONAL OFFICES	NFIP BUREAU AND STATISTICAL AGENT REGIONAL STAFF	SERVICE AREA
Region I Suite 200 140 Wood Road Braintree, MA 02184-2513 Phone: 781-848-1908 Fax: 781-356-4142	Thomas Gann Territorial Manager	Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont
Region II NFIP Region II Office C/o CSC 304 West Route 38 Moorestown, NJ 08057-3212 Phone: TBD Fax: TBD	[Vacant] Regional Manager	New Jersey, New York
Region III NFIP Region III Office C/o CSC 304 West Route 38 Moorestown, NJ 08057-3212 Phone: 856-489-4003 Fax: 856-751-2817	Richard Sobota, CPCU Regional Manager	Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia
Region IV – Atlanta Office P.O. Box 2706 Suwanee, GA 30024-0984 Phone: 770-887-6865 Fax: TBD	Roger Widdifield Territorial Manager	Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee
Region IV – Tampa Office P.O. Box 1046 Zephyrhills, FL 33539-1046 Phone: 813-779-9642	Lynne Magel Program Specialist	Florida

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#### **GENERAL RULES**

#### I. COMMUNITY ELIGIBILITY

#### A. Participating (Eligible) Communities

Flood insurance may be written only in those communities that have been designated as participating in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

#### B. Emergency Program

The Emergency Program is the initial phase of a community's participation in the NFIP. Limited amounts of coverage are available.

#### C. Regular Program

The Regular Program is the final phase of a community's participation in the NFIP. In this phase, a Flood Insurance Rate Map is in effect and full limits of coverage are available.

#### D. Maps

Maps of participating communities indicate the degree of flood hazard so that actuarial premium rates can be assigned for insurance coverage on properties at risk.

- Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) -Usually the initial map of a community. Some communities entering the Regular Program will continue to use FHBMs renamed a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), if there is a minimum flood hazard.
- 2. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) The official map of the community containing detailed actuarial risk premium zones.
- Rescission Participating communities in the Emergency Program remain in the Emergency Program if an FHBM is rescinded.

#### E. Probation

Probation, imposed by the FEMA Regional Director, occurs as a result of noncompliance with NFIP floodplain management criteria. A community is placed on probation for 1 year (may be extended), during which time a \$50 surcharge is applied to all NFIP policies, including the Preferred Risk Policy, issued on or after the Probation Surcharge effective date. Probation is

terminated if deficiencies are corrected. However, if a community does not take remedial or corrective measures while on probation, it can be suspended.

#### F. Suspension

Flood insurance may not be sold or renewed in communities that are suspended from the NFIP. When a community is suspended, coverage remains in effect until expiration. These policies cannot be renewed.

#### G. Non-Participating (Ineligible) Communities

When FEMA provides a non-participating community with a Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) or Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) delineating its flood-prone areas, the community is allowed 1 year in which to join the NFIP. If the community chooses not to participate in the NFIP, flood insurance is not available.

#### H. Coastal Barrier Resources Act

Flood insurance may not be available for buildings and/or contents located in coastal barriers or otherwise protected areas. See the Coastal Barrier Resources System section for additional information.

#### I. Federal Land

Buildings and/or contents located on land owned by the federal government are eligible for flood insurance if the federal agency having control of the land has met floodplain management requirements. All federal land is recorded under the local community number even if that local community does not have jurisdiction.

#### II. POLICIES AND PRODUCTS AVAILABLE

#### A. Standard Flood Insurance Policy

The Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP) consists of the Dwelling Form, the General Property Form, and the Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP) Form. The three SFIP forms are reproduced in the Policy section of this manual.

The table on the next page shows how agents can use the three SFIP forms to insure a variety of residential and non-residential building and contents risks.

# Matching Standard Flood Insurance Policy Forms with Specific Risks

SFIP POLICY FORM	ELIGIBILITY
Dwelling Form	
Issued to homeowner, residential renter, or owner of residential building containing two to four units.	In NFIP Regular Program community or Emergency Program community, provides building and/or contents coverage for:  Detached, single-family, non-condominium residence with incidental occupancy limited to less than 50% of the total floor area;  Two- to four-family, non-condominium building with incidental occupancy limited to less than 25% of the total floor area;  Dwelling unit in residential condominium building;  Residential townhouse/rowhouse.
General Property Form	
Issued to owner of residential building with five or more units.	In NFIP Regular Program community or Emergency Program community, provides building and/or contents coverage for these and similar "other residential" risks:  Hotel or motel with normal guest occupancy of 6 months or more;  Tourist home or rooming house with five or more lodgers;  Apartment building;  Residential cooperative building;  Dormitory;  Assisted-living facility.
Issued to owner or lessee of non-residential building or unit.	In NFIP Regular Program community or Emergency Program community, provides building coverage and/or contents coverage for these and similar non-residential risks:  Hotel or motel with normal guest occupancy of less than 6 months; Licensed bed-and-breakfast inn; Retail shop, restaurant, or other business; Mercantile building; Grain bin, silo, or other farm building; Agricultural or industrial processing facility; Factory; Warehouse; Poolhouse, clubhouse, or other recreational building; House of worship; School; Nursing home; Non-residential condominium; Condominium building with less than 75% of its total floor area in residential use; Detached garage; Tool shed; Stock, inventory, or other commercial contents.
Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP)	
Issued to residential condominium association on behalf of association and unit owners.	In NFIP Regular Program community only, provides building coverage and, if desired, coverage of commonly owned contents for residential condominium building with 75% or more of its total floor area in residential use.

#### **B.** Insurance Products

Preferred Risk Policy

The Preferred Risk Policy (PRP) is available in moderate-risk flood zones B, C, and X. Formerly, only single-family and two- to four-family dwellings were eligible for coverage. Effective May 1, 2004, other residential and non-residential buildings became eligible for

coverage. For information about specific eligibility requirements and other changes in the Preferred Risk Policy, see the PRP section of this manual.

Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program (MPPP)

The Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program (MPPP) offers a force-placed policy available only through a Write Your Own Company.

#### 3. Scheduled Building Policy

The Scheduled Building Policy is available to cover 2 to 10 buildings. The policy requires a specific amount of insurance to be designated for each building. To qualify, all buildings must have the same ownership and the same location. The properties on which the buildings are located must be contiguous.

#### 4. Group Flood Insurance

Group Flood Insurance is issued by the NFIP Direct Program in response to a Presidential disaster declaration. Disaster assistance applicants, in exchange for a modest premium, receive a minimum amount of building and/or contents coverage for a 3-year policy period. An applicant may cancel the group policy at any time and secure a regular Standard Flood Insurance Policy through the NFIP.

#### III. BUILDING PROPERTY ELIGIBILITY

#### A. Eligible Buildings

Insurance may be written only on a structure with two or more outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof that is affixed to a permanent site. Buildings must resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement. At least 51 percent of the actual cash value of buildings, including machinery and equipment, which are a part of the buildings, must be above ground level, unless the lowest level is at or above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) and is below ground by reason of earth having been used as insulation material in conjunction with energy-efficient building techniques.

#### 1. Appurtenant Structures

The only appurtenant structure covered by the SFIP is a detached garage at the described location, which is covered under the Dwelling Form. Coverage is limited to no more than 10 percent of the limit of liability on the dwelling. Use of this insurance is at the policyholder's option but reduces the building limit of liability. The SFIP does not cover any detached garage used or held for use for residential (i.e., dwelling), business, or farming purposes.

Manufactured (Mobile) Homes/Travel Trailers

Eligible buildings also include:

A manufactured home (a "manufactured home," also known as a

mobile home, is a structure built on a permanent chassis, transported to its site in one or more sections, and affixed to a permanent foundation); or

 A travel trailer without wheels, built on a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundation, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building ordinances or laws.

NOTE: All references in this manual to manufactured (mobile) homes include travel trailers without wheels.

 Manufactured (Mobile) Homes - New Policies Effective on or After October 1, 1982

To be insurable under the NFIP, a mobile home:

- Must be affixed to a permanent foundation. A permanent foundation for a manufactured (mobile) home may be poured masonry slab or foundation walls, or may be piers or block supports, either of which support the mobile home so that no weight is supported by the wheels and axles of the mobile home.
- Must be anchored if located in a Special Flood Hazard area. For flood insurance coverage, all new policies and subsequent renewals of those policies must be based upon the specific anchoring requirements identified below:

A manufactured (mobile) home located within a Special Flood Hazard Area must be anchored to a permanent foundation to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement by providing over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors; or in accordance with manufacturer's specifications; or in compliance with the community's floodplain management requirements.

 Manufactured (Mobile) Homes -Continuously Insured Since September 30, 1982

All manufactured (mobile) homes on a foundation continuously insured since September 30, 1982, can be renewed under the previously existing requirements if affixed to a permanent foundation.

Manufactured (mobile) homes in compliance with the foundation and anchoring requirements at the time of placement may continue to be renewed under these requirements even though the requirements are more stringent at a later date.

To be adequately anchored, the manufactured (mobile) home is attached to the foundation support system, which in turn is established (stabilized) into the ground, sufficiently to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement caused by flood forces, including wind forces in coastal areas.

- 3. Silos and Grain Storage Buildings
- 4. Cisterns
- Buildings Entirely Over Water Constructed or Substantially Improved Before October 1, 1982

Follow "submit for rate" instructions in the Rating section for insurance on Post-FIRM buildings located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide for these buildings. Pre-FIRM buildings constructed before October 1, 1982, are eligible for normal Pre-FIRM rates.

If the building's start of construction occurred on or after October 1, 1982, the building is ineligible for coverage.

6. Buildings Partially Over Water

Follow "submit for rate" instructions in the Rating section for buildings partially over water. However, Pre-FIRM buildings are eligible for normal Pre-FIRM rates.

7. Boathouses Located Partially Over Water

The non-boathouse parts of a building into which boats are floated are eligible for coverage if the building is partly over land and also used for residential, commercial, or municipal purposes and is eligible for flood coverage. The area above the boathouse used for purposes unrelated to the boathouse use (e.g., residential occupancy) is insurable from the floor joists to the roof including walls. A common wall between the

boathouse area and the other part of the building is insurable. The following items are not covered:

- a. The ceiling and roof over the boathouse portions of the building into which boats are floated.
- Floors, walkways, decking, etc., within the boathouse area, or outside the area, but pertaining to boathouse use.
- Exterior walls and doors of the boathouse area not common to the rest of the building.
- Interior walls and coverings within the boathouse area.
- e. Contents located within the boathouse area, including furnishings and equipment, relating to the operation and storage of boats and other boathouse uses.

The Flood Insurance Application form with photographs, but without premium, must be submitted to the NFIP for premium determination. No coverage becomes effective until the NFIP approves the insurance application, determines the rate, and receives the premium. However, buildings in existence prior to October 1, 1982, may continue to be rated using the published rate.

8. Buildings in the Course of Construction

Buildings in the course of construction that have yet to be walled and roofed are eligible for coverage except when construction has been halted for more than 90 days and/or if the lowest floor used for rating purposes is below the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). Materials or supplies intended for use in such construction, alteration, or repair are not insurable unless they are contained within an enclosed building on the premises or adjacent to the premises.

To determine the eligibility of a residential condominium building under construction, see page CONDO 6 in this manual.

9. Repetitive Loss Target Group Properties

These must be processed by the NFIP Special Direct Facility. See the Repetitive Loss section of this manual for information.

#### B. Single Building

To qualify as a single building structure and be subject to the single building limits of coverage, a building must be separated from other buildings by intervening clear space or solid, vertical, load-bearing division walls.

A building separated into divisions by solid, vertical, load-bearing walls from its lowest level to its highest ceiling may have each division insured as a separate building. A solid load-bearing interior wall cannot have any openings and must not provide access from one building or room into another (partial walls). If access is available through a doorway or opening, then the structure must be insured as one building.

Flood insurance for a unit of a multiple-unit complex may be written as a single-building policy, provided that: the unit is self contained; it is a separately titled unit contiguous to the ground; it has a separate legal description; and it is regarded as a separate property for other real estate purposes, meaning that it has most of its own utilities and may be deeded, conveyed, and taxed separately.

#### Additions and Extensions

The NFIP insures additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the building by means of a rigid exterior wall, a solid load-bearing interior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, or a roof. At the insured's option, additions and extensions connected by any of these methods may be separately insured. Additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the building by means of a common interior wall that is not a solid load-bearing wall are always considered part of the building and cannot be separately insured.

#### C. Walls

#### 1. Breakaway Walls

For an enclosure's wall to qualify as breakaway, it must meet *all* of the following criteria:

- a. Above ground level; and
- Below the elevated floor of an elevated structure; and
- c. Non-structurally supporting (non-load-bearing walls); and

- d. Designed to fail under certain wave force conditions; and
- e. Designed so that, as a result of failure, it causes no damage to the elevated portions of the elevated building and/or its supporting foundation system.

#### 2. Shear Walls

Shear walls are used for structural support, but are not structurally joined or enclosed at the ends (except by breakaway walls). Shear walls are parallel (or nearly parallel) to the flow of the water and can be used in any zone.

#### 3. Solid Perimeter Foundation Walls

Solid perimeter foundation walls are used as a means of elevating the building in A Zones and must contain proper openings to allow for the unimpeded flow of floodwaters more than 1 foot deep.

Solid perimeter foundation walls are not an acceptable means of elevating buildings in V/VE Zones.

#### D. Determination of Building Occupancy

The following terms should be used to determine the appropriate occupancy classification:

#### 1. Single Family Dwellings

These are non-condominium residential buildings designed for principal use as a dwelling place for one family, or a single-family dwelling unit in a condominium building. Residential single family dwellings are permitted incidental occupancies, including structures with office, professional, private school, or studio occupancies, including a small service operation, if such occupancies are limited to less than 50 percent of the building's total floor area.

#### 2. 2-4 Family Dwellings

These are non-condominium residential buildings designed for principal use as a dwelling place of two to four families. Residential buildings, excluding hotels and motels with normal room rentals for less than 6 months' duration and containing no more than 4 dwelling units, are permitted incidental occupancies (see D.1 above). The total area of incidental occupancy is limited to less than

25 percent of the total floor area within the building.

#### 3. Other Residential Buildings

These include hotels or motels where the normal occupancy of a guest is 6 months or more, or a tourist home or rooming house which has more than four roomers. This also includes residential buildings, excluding hotels and motels with normal room rentals for less than 6 months' duration and containing more than four dwelling units. These buildings are permitted incidental occupancies (see D.1 above). The total area of incidental occupancy is limited to less than 25 percent of the total floor area within the building. Examples of other residential buildings include dormitories and assisted living facilities.

#### 4. Non-Residential Buildings

This category includes all other eligible occupancies (e.g., garages, poolhouses, recreational buildings, agricultural buildings, licensed bed and breakfasts, nursing homes, etc.).

#### IV. CONTENTS ELIGIBILITY

#### A. Eligible Contents

Contents must be located in a fully enclosed building or secured to prevent flotation out of the building.

#### B. Vehicles and Equipment

The NFIP covers self-propelled vehicles or machines, provided they are not licensed for use on public roads and are:

- Used mainly to service the described location; or
- Designed and used to assist handicapped persons;

while the vehicles or machines are inside a building at the described location.

# C. Silos, Grain Storage Buildings, and Cisterns

Contents located in silos, grain storage buildings, and cisterns are insurable.

#### D. Commercial Contents Coverage

Commercial contents in a residential property must be insured on the General Property Form.

#### V. EXAMPLES OF ELIGIBLE RISKS

Since the question of coverage eligibility has frequently been raised, examples of eligible risks are provided below.

#### A. Building Coverage

 Cooperative Building--Entire Building in Name of Cooperative (General Property Form)

Cooperative buildings where at least 75 percent of the area of the building is used for residential purposes are considered as residential occupancies, and can be insured for a maximum building coverage of \$250,000 in a Regular Program community under the General Property Form. Since they are *not* in the condominium form of ownership, they cannot be insured under the RCBAP.

2. Time Sharing Building--Entire Building in Name of Corporation (General Property Form)

Timeshare buildings *not* in the condominium form of ownership where at least 75 percent of the area of the building is used for residential purposes are considered as residential occupancies under the NFIP, and can be insured for a maximum building coverage of \$250,000 under the General Property Form.

Timeshare buildings in the *condominium* form of ownership are eligible for coverage and must be insured under the RCBAP. These buildings are subject to the same eligibility, rating, and coverage requirements as other condominiums, including the requirement that 75 percent of the area of the building be used for residential purposes.

#### B. Contents Coverage

Parts and equipment as open stock—not part of specific vehicle or motorized equipment—are eligible for coverage.

#### C. Condominiums

Refer to pages CONDO 3-5.

#### VI. INELIGIBLE PROPERTY

#### A. Buildings

Coverage may not be available for buildings that are constructed or altered in such a way as to place them in violation of state or local floodplain management laws, regulations, or ordinances.

GR 6 May 1, 2006

Contents and personal property contained in these buildings are ineligible for coverage.

For example, section 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 allows the states to declare a structure to be in violation of a law, regulation, or ordinance. Flood insurance is not available for properties that are placed on the 1316 Property List. Insurance availability is restored once the violation is corrected and the 1316 Declaration has been rescinded.

#### B. Container-Type Buildings

Gas and liquid tanks, chemical or reactor container tanks or enclosures, brick kilns, and similar units, and their contents are ineligible for coverage.

#### C. Buildings Entirely Over Water

Buildings newly constructed or substantially improved on or after October 1, 1982, and located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide are ineligible for coverage.

#### D. Buildings Partially Underground

If 50 percent or more of the building's actual cash value, including the machinery and equipment, which are part of the building, is below ground level, the building or units and their contents are ineligible for coverage unless the lowest level is at or above the BFE and is below ground by reason of earth having been used as insulation material in conjunction with energy efficient building techniques.

#### E. Basement/Elevated Building Enclosures

Certain specific property in basements and under elevated floors of buildings is excluded from coverage. See the policy contract for specific information.

#### VII. EXAMPLES OF INELIGIBLE RISKS

Some specific examples of ineligible risks are provided below. See the policy for a definitive listing of property not covered.

#### A. Building Coverage

- 1. Boat Repair Dock
- 2. Boat Storage Over Water
- 3. Boathouses (exceptions on page GR 4)
  - 4. Camper
  - Cooperative Unit Within Cooperative Building

- Decks (except for steps and landing; maximum landing area of 16 sq. ft.)
- 7. Drive-In Bank Teller Unit (located outside walls of building)
- 8. Fuel Pump
- 9. Gazebo (unless it qualifies as a building)
- Greenhouse (unless it has at least two rigid walls and a roof)
- 11. Hot tub or spa (unless it is installed as a bathroom fixture)
- 12. Open Stadium
- 13. Pavilion (unless it qualifies as a building)
- 14. Pole Barn (unless it qualifies as a building)
- 15. Pumping Station (unless it qualifies as a building)
- 16. Storage Tank--Gasoline, Water, Chemicals, Sugar, etc.
- 17. Swimming Pool Bubble
- 18. Swimming Pool (indoor or outdoor)
- 19. Tennis Bubble
- 20. Tent
- 21. Time Sharing Unit Within Multi-Unit Building
- 22. Travel Trailer (unless converted to a permanent onsite building meeting the community's floodplain management permit requirements)
- 23. Water Treatment Plant (unless 51 percent of its actual cash value is above ground)

#### B. Contents Coverage

- Automobiles--Including Dealer's Stock (assembled or not)
- Bailee's Customer Goods--Including garment contractors, cleaners, shoe repair shops, processors of goods belonging to others, and similar risks
- 3. Contents Located in a Structure Not Eligible for Building Coverage
- Contents Located in a Building Not Fully Walled and/or Contents Not Secured Against Flotation

GR 7 May 1, 2006

- Motorcycles--Including Dealer's Stock (assembled or not)
- Motorized Equipment--Including Dealer's Stock (assembled or not)

#### C. Non-Residential Condominium Unit

The owner of a non-residential condominium unit cannot purchase a unit owner's policy. The association can purchase a condominium association policy to cover the entire building. Contents-only coverage may be purchased by the unit owner.

#### **VIII. POLICY EFFECTIVE DATE**

#### A. Evidence of Insurance

A copy of the Flood Insurance Application and premium payment, or a copy of the declarations page, is sufficient evidence of proof of purchase. The NFIP does not recognize an oral binder or contract of insurance.

#### B. Start of Waiting Period

There is a standard 30-day waiting period for new applications and for endorsements to increase coverage.

- If the application or endorsement form and the premium payment are received at the NFIP within 10 days from the date of application or endorsement request, or if mailed by certified mail within 4 days from the date of application or endorsement request, then the waiting period will be calculated from the application or endorsement date.
- If the application or endorsement form and the premium payment are received at the NFIP after 10 days from the date of application or endorsement request, or are not mailed by certified mail within 4 days from the date of application or endorsement request, then the waiting period will be calculated from the date the NFIP receives the application or endorsement.

As used in VIII.B.1. and 2. above, the term "certified mail" extends to not only the U.S. Postal Service but also certain third-party delivery services. Acceptable third-party delivery services include Federal Express (FedEx), United Parcel Service (UPS), and courier services and the like that provide proof of mailing. Third-party delivery is acceptable if the

delivery service provides documentation of the actual mailing date and delivery date to the NFIP insurer. Bear in mind that third-party delivery services deliver to street addresses but cannot deliver to U.S. Postal Service post office boxes.

#### C. Effective Date

- New Policy (other than 2, 3, or 4 below)The effective date of a new policy will be
  12:01 a.m., local time, on the 30th calendar
  day after the application date and the
  presentment of premium. (Example: a
  policy applied for on May 3 will become
  effective 12:01 a.m., local time, on June 2.)
  The effective date of coverage is subject to
  the waiting period rule listed under B.1 or
  B.2 above.
- New Policy (in connection with making, increasing, extending, or renewing a loan, whether conventional or otherwise)--Flood insurance, which is initially purchased in connection with the making, increasing, extending, or renewal of a loan, shall be effective at the time of loan closing. provided that the policy is applied for and the presentment of premium is made at or prior to the loan closing. (Example: presentment of premium and application date--April 3, refinancing--April 3 at 3:00 p.m., policy effective date--April 3 at 3:00 p.m.) This rule applies to all buildings regardless of flood zone. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above does not apply.
- 3. New Policy (in connection with lender requirement)--The 30-day waiting period does not apply when flood insurance is required as a result of a lender determining that a loan on a building in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) that does not have flood insurance coverage should be protected by flood insurance. The coverage is effective upon the completion of an application and the presentment of payment of premium. (Example: presentment of premium and application date--April 3, policy effective date--April 3.) The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 must be used.
- 4. New Policy (when the initial purchase of flood insurance is in connection with the revision or updating of a Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map)--During the 13-month period beginning on the effective date of the map revision, the effective date of a new policy shall be 12:01 a.m., local time, following the

GR 8 May 1, 2006

day after the application date and the presentment of premium. This rule only applies where the Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) or Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) is revised to show the building to be in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) when it had not been in an SFHA. (Example: FIRM revised--January 1, 2005, policy applied for and presentment of premium--August 3, 2005, policy effective date--August 4, 2005.) The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above must be used.

New Policy (in connection with the purchase of an RCBAP)--When a condominium association is purchasing a Condominium Residential Building Association Policy (RCBAP), the 30-day waiting period does not apply if the condominium association is required to obtain flood insurance as part of the security for a loan under the name of the condominium association. The coverage is effective upon completion of an application and presentment of premium. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above does not apply.

In all other circumstances, the 30-day waiting period applies, and the waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above must be used.

 New Policy (submit-for-rate application)-With three exceptions (described below), the effective date of a new policy will be 12:01 a.m., local time, on the 30th calendar day after the presentment of premium.

The three exceptions are as follows.

First, there is no waiting period if the initial purchase of flood insurance on a submit-for-rate application is in connection with making, increasing, extending, or renewing a loan, provided that the policy is applied for and the presentment of premium is made at or prior to the loan closing. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above does not apply.

Second, the 30-day waiting period does not apply when flood insurance is required as a result of a lender determining that a loan which does not have flood insurance coverage should be protected by flood insurance, because the building securing a loan is located in an SFHA. The coverage is effective upon the completion of an

application and the presentment of payment of premium. This exemption from the 30-day waiting period applies only to loans in SFHAs, i.e., those loans for which the statute requires flood insurance. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above must be applied.

13-month period during the beginning on the effective date of a map revision, the effective date of a new policy shall be 12:01 a.m., local time, following the day after the date the increased amount of coverage is applied for and the presentment of additional premium is made. This rule applies only on an initial purchase of flood insurance where the Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) or Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) is revised to show the building to be in an SFHA when it had not been in an SFHA. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 must be applied.

7. New Policy (rewrite Standard to PRP)--The 30-day waiting period does not apply when an insured decides to rewrite the existing policy at the time of renewal from Standard to a Preferred Risk Policy (PRP), provided that the selected PRP coverage limit amount is no higher than the next highest PRP amount above that which was carried on the Standard policy using the highest of building and contents coverage. In those cases where the Standard policy has only one kind of coverage, either building or contents only, the 30-day waiting period applies.

In addition, if the structure is no longer eligible under the PRP or the insured decides to rewrite the existing PRP at renewal time to a Standard policy, the 30-day waiting period does not apply provided the coverage limit amount is no more than the previous PRP coverage amount or the next higher PRP amount above that.

- New Policy (contents only)--Unless the contents are part of the security for a loan, the 30-day waiting period applies to the purchase of contents-only coverage.
- 9. New Policy (documentation required)--The insurer may rely on an agent's representation on the application that the loan exception applies unless there is a loss during the first 30 days of the policy period. In that case, the insurer must

GR 9 May 1, 2006

obtain documentation of the loan transaction, such as settlement papers, before adjusting the loss.

- Community's Initial Entry or Conversion from Emergency to Regular Program-Process according to rules 1 through 9 above and 11 below.
- 11. Endorsements--With two exceptions (described below), the effective date for a new coverage or an increase in limits on a policy in force shall be 12:01 a.m., local time, on the 30th calendar day following the date of endorsement and the presentment of additional premium, or on such later date set by the insured to conform with the reason for the change.

The two exceptions are as follows.

First, during the 13-month period beginning on the effective date of a map revision, the effective date of an endorsement of an existing policy shall be 12:01 a.m., local time, following the day after the application date and the presentment of premium. This rule applies only where the FHBM or FIRM is revised to show the building to be in an SFHA when it had not been in an SFHA.

Second, the 30-day waiting period does not apply when the additional amount of flood insurance is required in connection with the making, increasing, extending, or renewing of a loan, such as a second mortgage, home equity loan, or refinancing. The increased amount of flood coverage shall be effective at the time of loan closing, provided that the increased amount of coverage is applied for and presentment of additional premium is made at or prior to the loan closing. The waiting period rule listed under B.1 or B.2 above does not apply.

The insurer may rely on an agent's representation on the endorsement that the loan exception applies unless there is a loss during the first 30 days of the policy period. In that case, the insurer must obtain documentation of the loan transaction, such as settlement papers, before adjusting the loss.

 Renewals (inflation increase option)--The 30-day waiting period does not apply when an additional amount of insurance is requested at renewal time that is no more than the amount of increase recommended by the insurer on the renewal bill to keep pace with inflation. If a revised renewal offer is generated at least 30 days before renewal with coverage more than the inflation increase option, the new limits will apply at policy renewal.

In either situation, the increased amount of coverage will be effective at 12:01 a.m. on the date of policy renewal provided the premium for the increased coverage is received before the expiration of the grace period.

- Renewals (higher PRP limits)--The waiting period does not apply to a renewal offer to the insured for the next higher limits available under the PRP.
- Renewals (deductible reduction)--The 30-day waiting period does not apply to a reduction of the deductible effective as of the renewal date.

#### IX. COVERAGE

#### A. Limits of Coverage

Coverage may be purchased subject to the maximum limits of coverage available under the Program phase in which the community is participating. Duplicate policies are not allowed.

#### B. Deductibles

**GR 10** 

Deductibles apply separately to building coverage and to contents coverage.

# C. Coverage D - Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) Coverage

For all new and renewal policies effective on or after May 1, 2003, the ICC limit of liability is \$30,000.

The SFIP pays for complying with a State or local floodplain management law or ordinance affecting repair or reconstruction of a structure suffering flood damage. Compliance activities eligible for payment are: elevation, floodproofing, relocation, or demolition (or any combination of these activities) of the insured structure. Eligible floodproofing activities are limited to non-residential structures and residential structures with basements that satisfy FEMA's standards published in the Code of Federal Regulations [44 CFR 60.6 (b) or (c)].

ICC coverage is mandatory for all Standard Flood Insurance Policies, except that coverage is not available for:

- Policies issued or renewed in the Emergency Program.
- Condominium units, including townhouse/ rowhouse condominium units. (The condominium association is responsible for complying with mitigation requirements.)
- 3. Group Flood Insurance Policies.
- 4. Appurtenant structures, unless covered by a separate policy.

ICC coverage contains exclusions in addition to those highlighted here. See the policy for a list of exclusions.

To be eligible for claim payment under ICC, a structure must:

- a. Be a repetitive loss structure as defined, for which NFIP paid a previous qualifying claim, in addition to the current claim. The state or community must have a cumulative, substantial damage provision or repetitive loss provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure; OR
- b. Be a structure that has sustained substantial flood damage. The state or community must have a substantial damage provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure.

The ICC premium is not eligible for the deductible discount. First calculate the deductible discount, then add in the ICC premium for each policy year.

# D. Reduction of Coverage Limits or Reformation

In the event that the premium payment received is not sufficient to purchase the amounts of insurance requested, the policy shall be deemed to provide only such insurance as can be purchased for the entire term of the policy for the amount of premium received.

Complete provisions for reduction of coverage limits or reformation are described in:

- 1. Dwelling Form, section VII, paragraph G.
- 2. General Property Form, section VII, paragraph G.
- Residential Condominium Building Association Policy, section VIII, paragraph G.

#### X. SPECIAL RATING SITUATIONS

#### A. Tentative Rates

Tentative rates are applied when producers are unable to provide all required underwriting information necessary to rate the policy. Tentatively rated policies cannot be endorsed to increase coverage limits or renewed for another policy term until required actuarial rating information and full premium payment are received by the NFIP. If a loss occurs on a tentatively rated policy, the loss payment will be limited by the amount of coverage that the premium initially submitted will purchase (using the correct actuarial rating information), and not the amount requested by application.

#### B. Submit-For-Rate

Some risks, because of their unique underwriting characteristics, cannot be rated using this manual. Certain risks must be submitted to the NFIP Underwriting Unit to determine the appropriate rate. Refer to page GR 9 for the applicable waiting period.

Submit-for-rate policies must be rerated annually using the newest rates. If the NFIP Direct or WYO company does not have all the underwriting information, it must request the missing information from the insured in order to properly rate the risk.

Pre-FIRM risks may not be rated using the submit-for-rate process.

#### C. Provisional Rates

Rules applicable to provisionally rated policies are provided in the Provisional Rating section of this manual.

#### D. Buildings in More Than One Flood Zone

Buildings, not the land, located in more than one flood zone must be rated using the more hazardous zone.

This condition applies even though the portion of the building located in the more hazardous zone may not be covered under the SFIP, such as a deck.

#### XI. MISCELLANEOUS RULES

#### A. Policy Term

The policy term available is 1 year for both NFIP Direct business policies and policies written through WYO Companies.

GR 11 May 1, 2006

#### B. Application Submission

Flood insurance applications and presentment of premium must be mailed promptly to the NFIP. The date of receipt of premium for the NFIP insurer is determined by either the date received at its offices or the date of certified mail.

In the context of submission of applications, endorsements, and premiums to the NFIP, the term "certified mail" has been broadened to include not only the U.S. Postal Service but also certain third-party delivery services. For details, see the paragraph following VIII.B.2. on page GR 8.

Producers are encouraged to submit flood insurance applications by certified mail. Certified mail ensures the earliest possible effective date if the application and premium are received by the NFIP insurer more than 10 days from the application date. The date of certification becomes the date of receipt at the NFIP.

#### C. Delivery of the Policy

The producer is responsible for delivering the declarations page and the policy contract of a new policy to the insured and, if appropriate, to the lender. Renewal policy documentation is sent directly to the insured.

#### D. Assignment

A property owner's flood insurance building policy may be assigned in writing to a purchaser of the insured property upon transfer of title without the written consent of the NFIP.

Policies on buildings in the course of construction and policies insuring contents only may not be assigned.

# E. Producers' Commissions (Direct Business Only)

The earned commission may be paid only to property or casualty insurance producers duly licensed by a state insurance regulatory authority. It shall not be less than \$10 and is computed for both new and renewal policies as follows: Based on the Total Prepaid Amount (less the Federal Policy Fee) for the policy term, the commission will be 15 percent of the first \$2,000 of annualized premium and 5 percent on the excess of \$2,000.

Calculated commissions for mid-term endorsements and cancellation transactions will be based upon the same commission percentage that was paid at the policy term's inception.

Commissions for all Scheduled Building Policies are computed as though each building and contents policy was separately written.

For calculation of commission on an RCBAP, see the CONDO section.

#### **RATING**

This section contains information, including rate tables, required to accurately rate a flood insurance policy. Information and rates for the Preferred Risk Policy (PRP) and Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP) are found in their respective sections.

The detailed drawings, and accompanying text and tables, in the Lowest Floor Guide section are to be used as a guide for identifying the lowest floor for rating buildings. This guide will assist in developing the proper rate for the building.

Examples of some rating situations are shown on pages RATE 47 through RATE 61.

A premium table for single family Pre-FIRM buildings located in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) is located on page RATE 11. These premiums were calculated using Rate Table 2. This premium table is included in this manual to help the agent more easily quote premiums for buildings that do not require elevation certification.

#### I. AMOUNT OF INSURANCE AVAILABLE

		REGULAR PROGRAM					
	EMERGENCY PROGRAM	Basic Insurance Limits	Additional Insurance Limits	Total Insurance Limits			
BUILDING COVERAGE							
Single Family Dwelling 2-4 Family Dwelling Other Residential Non-Residential	\$ 35,000 * \$ 35,000 * \$100,000** \$100,000**	\$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$150,000 \$150,000	\$200,000 \$200,000 \$100,000 \$350,000	\$250,000 \$250,000 \$250,000 \$500,000			
CONTENTS COVERAGE							
Residential Non-Residential	\$ 10,000 \$100,000	\$ 20,000 \$130,000	\$ 80,000 \$370,000	\$100,000 \$500,000			

<sup>\*</sup> In Alaska, Guam, Hawaii, and U.S. Virgin Islands, the amount available is \$50,000.

NOTE: For RCBAP, refer to CONDO Section for basic insurance limits and maximum coverage available.

#### **II. RATE TABLES**

Rate tables are provided for the Emergency Program and for the Regular Program according to Pre-FIRM, Post-FIRM, and zone classifications. Tables 1-5 show annual rates per \$100 of coverage. Table 6 provides precalculated Pre-FIRM premiums for various coverage limits. See Table 7 for Federal Policy Fee and Probation Surcharge.

TABLE 1. EMERGENCY PROGRAM RATES
ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE
(Basic/Additional)

	Building	Contents
Residential	.76	.96
Non-Residential	.83	1.62

<sup>\*\*</sup> In Alaska, Guam, Hawaii, and U.S. Virgin Islands, the amount available is \$150,000.

#### TABLE 2. REGULAR PROGRAM -- PRE-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES<sup>1</sup> **ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE** (Basic/Additional)

FIRM ZONES A, AE, A1-A30, AO, AH, D

OCCUPANCY		Single	Family	2-4 Family		Other Residential		Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents
<sub>0</sub>	No Basement/Enclosure	.76 / .40	.96 / .72	.76 / .40		.76 / .83		.83 / .71	
BUILDING	With Basement	.81 / .59	.96 / .60	.81 / .59		.76 / .69		.88 / .69	
⊒[	With Enclosure	.81 / .71	.96 / .72	.81 / .71		.81 / .88		.88 / .88	
BU	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	.76 / .40	.96 / .72					.83 / .71	
	Basement & Above				.96 / .60		.96 / .60		1.62 / 1.20
	Enclosure & Above				.96 / .72		.96 / .72		1.62 / 1.44
NTS	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.96 / .72		.96 / .72		1.62 / .63
CONTENTS	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.96 / .49		.96 / .49		1.62 / .53
31	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor				.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.24 / .12
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>								1.62 / .63

#### FIRM ZONES V, VE, V1-V30

OCCUPANCY		Single	Family	2-4 Family		Other Residential		Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents
(J)	No Basement/Enclosure	.99 / 1.03	1.23 / 1.79	.99 / 1.03		.99 / 1.93		1.10 / 1.93	
UILDING	With Basement	1.06 / 1.55	1.23 / 1.50	1.06 / 1.55		1.06 / 2.89		1.16 / 2.89	
I⊒≝	With Enclosure	1.06 / 1.83	1.23 / 1.79	1.06 / 1.83		1.06 / 3.23		1.16 / 3.23	
BU	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	.99 / 4.76	1.23 / 1.79					1.10 / 7.92	
	Basement & Above				1.23 / 1.50		1.23 / 1.50		2.14 / 3.43
	Enclosure & Above				1.23 / 1.79		1.23 / 1.79		2.14 / 3.70
CONTENTS	Lowest Floor Only - Above				1.23 / 1.79		1.23 / 1.79		2.14 / 3.09
l 높은	Ground Level								
≝≅	Lowest Floor Above Ground				1.23 / 1.57		1.23 / 1.57		2.14 / 2.65
1 88	Level and Higher Floors								
27	Above Ground Level - More				.47 / .29		.47 / .29		.45 / .39
	than One Full Floor								
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>								2.14 / 7.44

#### FIRM ZONES A99, B, C, X

OCCUPANCY		Single	Family	2-4 Family		Other Residential		Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents
ក្ន	No Basement/Enclosure	.64 / .17	.99 / .30	.64 / .17		.61 / .17		.61 / .17	
BUILDING TYPE	With Basement	.73 / .24	1.12 / .35	.73 / .24		.78 / .24		.78 / .24	
≓≿	With Enclosure	.73 / .28	1.12 / .40	.73 / .28		.78 / .28		.78 / .28	
<u> </u>	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	.64 / .31	.99 / .30					.78 / .32	
	Basement & Above				1.26 / .46		1.26 / .46		1.30 / .50
	Enclosure & Above				1.26 / .53		1.26 / .53		1.30 / .60
STO	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.99 / .48		.99 / .48		.80 / .35
CONTENTS	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.99 / .30		.99 / .30		.80 / .25
89	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor				.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.22 / .12
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>								.70 / .43

Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). If FIRM Zone is unknown, use rates for Zones A, AE, A1-A30, AO, AH, D.
 The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.

# TABLE 3A. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

(Basic/Additional)

#### FIRM ZONES A99, B, C, X

	OCCUPANCY	Single	Family	2-4 F	2-4 Family		sidential	Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents
	No Basement/Enclosure	.64 / .17	.99 / .30	.64 / .17		.61 / .17		.61 / .17	
BUILDING TYPE	With Basement	.73 / .24	1.12 / .35	.73 / .24		.78 / .24		.78 / .24	
	With Enclosure	.73 / .28	1.12 / .40	.73 / .28		.78 / .28		.78 / .28	
BU.	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>	.64 / .31	.99 / .30					.78 / .32	
	Basement & Above				1.26 / .46		1.26 / .46		1.30 / .50
	Enclosure & Above				1.26 / .53		1.26 / .53		1.30 / .60
CONTENTS	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.99 / .48		.99 / .48		.80 / .35
ONTE	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.99 / .30		.99 / .30		.80 / .25
	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor				.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.22 / .12
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>								.70 / .43

#### FIRM ZONE D

	OCCUPANCY		Family	2-4 F	amily	Other Re	sidential	Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents
ŋ	No Basement/Enclosure	.92 / .32	.92 / .57	.92 / .32		1.00 / .57		1.00 / .57	
ĬŠΨ	With Basement	***	***	***		***		***	
BUILDING TYPE	With Enclosure	***	***	***		***		***	
岡	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>	1.21 / .62	1.09 / .66					2.07 / .77	
	Basement & Above				***		***		***
	Enclosure & Above				***		***		***
CONTENTS	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.92 / .57		.92 / .57		1.62 / .52
OCA.	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.92 / .39		.92 / .39		1.62 / .49
تق	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor				.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.24 / .12
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>								1.62 / .52

#### FIRM ZONES AO, AH ("No Basement" Buildings Only)<sup>2</sup>

- <u> </u>		• •		
	Building		Contents	
OCCUPANCY	1-4 Family	Other Res & Non-Res		Non- Residential
With Certification of Compliance <sup>3</sup>	.25 / .06	.21 / .06	.34 / .11	.21 / .11
Without Certification of Compliance or Elevation Certificate <sup>4</sup>	.77 / .17	.84 / .30	.97 / .20	1.63 / .25

- <sup>1</sup> The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.
- Zones AO, AH Buildings With Basement/Enclosure: Submit for Rating
- "With Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor is equal to or greater than the community's elevation requirement.
- "Without Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used only on Post-FIRM structures without an Elevation Certificate or when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor elevation of a Post-FIRM structure is less than the community's elevation requirement.

#### \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

# TABLE 3B. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### FIRM ZONES AE, A1-A30 -- BUILDING RATES

	One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than One Floor, With Basement/Encl		Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	
Elevation of	1-4 Family	Other	1-4 Family	Other	1-4 Family	Other	Single	Non-
Lowest Floor Above or		Residential & Non-		Residential & Non-		Residential & Non-	Family	Residential
Below BFE <sup>1</sup>		Residential		Residential		Residential		
Bolow B. E		rtoolaorillar		rtoolaonilai		rtoolaontiai		
+4	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24/ .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08
+3	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.25 / .08	.22 / .08
+2	.32 / .08	.26 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.34 / .08	.28 / .08
+1	.61 / .08	.45 / .10	.38 / .08	.28 / .08	.29 / .08	.22 / .08	.77 / .09	.72 / .08
0	1.19./ .09	1.07 / .20	.85 / .08	.65 / .16	.62 / .08	.52 / .16	1.84 / .09	1.71 / .08
-1 <sup>3</sup>	3.00 / 1.10	4.24 / 1.35	2.64 / 1.00	3.30 / .62	1.50 / .55	1.53 / .67	***	***
-2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

#### FIRM ZONES AE, A1-A30 -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of Lowest Floor	Lowest Floor Only Above Ground Level (No Basement/Encl.)		Lowest Floor Above Ground Level & Higher Floors (No Basement/Encl.)		More than One Floor With Basement/Enclosure		Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	
Above or Below BFE <sup>1</sup>	Residential	Non- Residential	Residential	Non- Residential	Residential	Non- Residential	Single Family	Non- Residential
+4	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12
+3	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12
+2	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.31 / .14
+1	.50 / .12	.30 / .18	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.59 / .12	.48 / .20
0	1.10 / .12	.68 / .40	.65 / .12	.48 / .25	.40 / .12	.29 / .12	1.21 / .12	1.01 / .64
-1 <sup>3</sup>	3.07 / .75	1.94 / 1.14	1.78 / .58	1.37 / .70	.48 / .12	1.06 / .12	***	***
-2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

#### FIRM ZONES AE, A1-A30 -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of Lowest Floor	Above Ground Level More than One Full Floor									
Above or Below BFE <sup>1</sup>	Single Family	2-4 Family	Other Residential	Non-Residential						
+4		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
+3		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
+2		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
+1		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
0		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
-1		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12						
-2		.35 / .12	.37 / .12	.24 / .12						

If Lowest Floor is -1 because of attached garage, submit application for special consideration. Rate may be lower.

#### \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.

Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building or if the crawl space (under-floor space) that has its interior floor within 2 feet below grade on all sides, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

# TABLE 3C. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### UNNUMBERED ZONE A -- WITHOUT BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE1

	BUILDING	RATES	CONTENT	S RATES	
	Occupa	ncy	Occu	pancy	
Elevation Difference to nearest foot	1-4 Family	Other & Non- Residential	Residential <sup>2</sup>	Non- Residential <sup>2</sup>	TYPE OF ELEVATION CERTIFICATE
+5 or more	.36 / .10	.48 / .15	.62 / .12	.65 / .12	
+2 to +4	.88 / .12	.91 / .20	.82 / .17	.89 / .23	NO ESTIMATED
+1	1.72 / .59	1.94 / .75	1.40 / .63	1.33 / .72	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION <sup>3</sup>
0 or below	***	***	***	***	
+2 or more	.32 / .08	.34 / .09	.50 / .12	.49 / .12	
0 to +1	.85 / .10	.74 / .18	.72 / .15	.76 / .21	WITH THE ESTIMATED
-1	2.75 / 1.05	3.49 / 1.02	2.08 / .67	1.84 / 1.02	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION⁴
-2 or below	***	***	***	***	
No Elevation Certificate <sup>5</sup>	3.22 / 1.32	4.36 / 1.70	2.61 / 1.00	2.74 / 1.35	No Elevation Certificate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Zone A building with basement (including crawl space below grade on all sides) or enclosure -- Submit for Rating.

#### \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For elevation rated risks other than Single Family, when contents are located one floor or more above lowest floor used for rating -- use .35 /.12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Elevation difference is the measured distance between the highest adjacent grade next to the building and the lowest floor of the building.

Elevation difference is the measured distance between the estimated BFE provided by the community or registered professional engineer, surveyor, or architect and the lowest floor of the building.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For building without basement or enclosure, Elevation Certificate is optional.

# TABLE 3D. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### FIRM ZONES '75-81, V1-V30, VE -- BUILDING RATES1

	One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than One Floor, With Basement/Encl		Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>			
Elevation of Lowest Floor Above or Below BFE	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	Single Family	Non- Residential		
O <sup>3</sup>	2.09 / .38	2.53 / 0.98	1.69 / .38	1.83 / .92	1.47 / .38	1.64 / .74	3.13 / .31	4.48 / .28		
-1 <sup>4</sup>	4.47 / 2.29	6.66 / 3.67	4.09 / 2.29	5.74 / 2.79	2.90 / 2.07	3.03 / 2.83	***	***		
-2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***		

#### FIRM ZONES '75-81, V1-V30, VE -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of	Lowest Floor Only Above Ground Level (No Basement/Encl.)		Lowest Floor Above Ground Level & Higher Floors (No Basement/Encl.)		More than One Floor With Basement/Enclosure		Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	
Lowest Floor Above or Below BFE	Residential	Non- Residential	Residential	Non- Residential	Residential	Non- Residential	Single Family	Non- Residential
03	3.24 / .45	2.86 / 2.10	2.11 / .50	2.00 / 1.25	1.19 / .55	1.19 / .55	3.12 / .50	3.25 / 2.68
-1 <sup>4</sup>	7.12 / 3.46	6.99 / 6.09	4.20 / 2.68	4.79 / 3.80	1.40 / .55	4.27 / .55	***	***
-2	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

#### FIRM ZONES '75-81, V1-V30, VE -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of Lowest Floor	Above Ground Level More than One Full Floor									
Above or Below BFE	Single Family	Single Family 2-4 Family		Non-Residential						
O <sup>3</sup>		.55 / .25	.55 / .25	.42 / .25						
-1 <sup>4</sup>		.55 / .25	.55 / .25	.42 / .25						
-2		.55 / .25	.55 / .25	.46 / .25						

Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

## \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

#### FIRM ZONES '75-'81, UNNUMBERED V ZONE

SUBMIT FOR RATING

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These rates are to be used if the lowest floor of the building is at or above BFE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

# TABLE 3E. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

## 1981 POST-FIRM V1-V30, VE ZONE RATES<sup>1</sup>

Elevation of the lowest floor	Elevated Buildings Free of Obstruction <sup>3</sup>								
above or below BFE adjusted for	Cont	tents	Building						
wave height <sup>2</sup>	Residential	Non-Residential	Replacement Cost Ratio .75 or More <sup>4</sup>	Replacement Cost Ratio .50 to .74 <sup>4</sup>	Replacement Cost Ratio Under .50 <sup>4</sup>				
+4 or more	.31	.31	.51	.68	1.03				
+3	.31	.31	.62	.83	1.25				
+2	.45	.48	.81	1.08	1.62				
+1	.79	.84	1.17	1.56	2.18				
0	1.21	1.30	1.50	2.01	2.82				
-1	1.75	1.81	1.98	2.61	3.39				
-2	2.44	2.57	2.60	3.41	4.35				
-3	3.35	3.56	3.35	4.48	5.68				
-4 or below	***	***	***	***	***				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

- (1) Insect screening, provided that no additional supports are required for the screening; or
- (2) Wooden or plastic lattice with at least 40 percent of its area open and made of material no thicker than ½ inch; or
- (3) Wooden or plastic slats or shutters with at least 40 percent of their area open and made of material no thicker than 1 inch.

Any of these systems must be designed and installed to collapse under stress without jeopardizing the structural support of the building, so that the impact on the building of abnormally high tides or wind-driven water is minimized. Any machinery or equipment below the lowest elevated floor must be at or above the BFE.

#### \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

# 1981 POST-FIRM V1-V30, VE ZONE Non-Elevated Buildings

SUBMIT FOR RATING	_

#### 1981 POST-FIRM UNNUMBERED V ZONE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Wave height adjustment is not required in those cases where the Flood Insurance Rate Map indicates that the map includes wave height.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Free of Obstruction—The space below the lowest elevated floor must be completely free of obstructions or any attachment to the building, or may have:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>These percentages represent building replacement cost ratios, which are determined by dividing the amount of building coverage being purchased by the replacement cost. See page RATE 20 for more details.

# TABLE 3F. REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

## 1981 POST-FIRM V1-V30, VE ZONE RATES<sup>1,2</sup>

Elevation of the	Elevated Buildings With Obstruction⁴								
lowest floor above or below BFE adjusted for	Con	ntents	Building						
wave height <sup>3</sup>	Residential	Non-Residential	Replacement Cost Ratio .75 or More <sup>5</sup>	Replacement Cost Ratio .50 to .74 <sup>5</sup>	Replacement Cost Ratio Under .50 <sup>5</sup>				
+4 or more	.41	.41	1.13	1.52	2.26				
+3	.42	.42	1.27	1.67	2.55				
+2	.54	.54	1.49	1.94	2.97				
+1	.92	.97	1.73	2.32	3.35				
0	1.31	1.38	2.03	2.79	3.78				
-1 <sup>6</sup>	1.81	1.92	2.42	3.21	4.32				
-2 <sup>6</sup>	2.52	2.68	3.01	3.95	5.13				
-3 <sup>6</sup>	3.43	3.65	3.87	5.03	6.48				
-4 or below <sup>6</sup>	***	***	***	***	***				

Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

These percentages represent building replacement cost ratios, which are determined by dividing the amount of building coverage being purchased by the replacement cost. See page RATE 20 for more details.

#### \*\*\* SUBMIT FOR RATING

#### 1981 POST-FIRM UNNUMBERED V ZONE

SUBMIT FOR RATING

Rates provided are only for elevated buildings, except those elevated on solid perimeter foundation walls. For buildings elevated on solid perimeter foundation walls, and for non-elevated buildings, use the *Specific Rating Guidelines* document.

Wave height adjustment is not required in those cases where the Flood Insurance Rate Map indicates that the map includes wave height.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> With Obstruction—The space below has an area of less than 300 square feet with breakaway solid walls or contains equipment below the BFE. If the space below has an area of 300 square feet or more, or if any portion of the space below the elevated floor is enclosed with non-breakaway walls, submit for rating. If the enclosure is at or above the BFE, use the "Free of Obstruction" rate table on the preceding page. The elevation of the bottom enclosure floor is the lowest floor for rating (LFE).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For buildings with obstruction, use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

## TABLE 4. REGULAR PROGRAM -- FIRM ZONE AR AND AR DUAL ZONES RATES **ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE** (Basic/Additional)

## PRE-FIRM NOT ELEVATION-RATED RATES<sup>1, 2</sup>

	OCCUPANCY	Single	Family	2-4 F	amily	Other Re	Other Residential No		Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	
ŋ	No Basement/Enclosure	.64 / .17	.99 / .30	.64 / .17		.61 / .17		.61 / .17		
BUILDING	With Basement	.73 / .24	1.12 / .35	.73 / .24		.78 / .24		.78 / .24		
UILDIN	With Enclosure	.73 / .28	1.12 / .40	.73 / .28		.78 / .28		.78 / .28		
<u>m</u>	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>3</sup>	.64 / .31	.99 / .30					.78 / .32		
	Basement & Above				1.26 / .46		1.26 / .46		1.30 / .50	
	Enclosure & Above				1.26 / .53		1.26 / .53		1.30 / .60	
ENTS	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.99 / .48		.99 / .48		.80 / .35	
NTEN	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.99 / .30		.99 / .30		.80 / .25	
CONT	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor				.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.22 / .12	
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>3</sup>								.70 / .43	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

Base Deductible is \$1,000.

## POST-FIRM NOT ELEVATION-RATED RATES<sup>1</sup>

	OCCUPANCY	Single	Family	2-4 F	amily	Other Re	Other Residential		Non-Residential	
		Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	Building	Contents	
G	No Basement/Enclosure	.64 / .17	.99 / .30	.64 / .17		.61 / .17		.61 / .17		
DING	With Basement	.73 / .24	1.12 / .35	.73 / .24		.78 / .24		.78 / .24		
I≓È	With Enclosure	.73 / .28	1.12 / .40	.73 / .28		.78 / .28		.78 / .28		
<u>m</u>	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>	.64 / .31	.99 / .30					.78 / .32		
	Basement & Above				1.26 / .46		1.26 / .46		1.30 / .50	
	Enclosure & Above				1.26 / .53		1.26 / .53		1.30 / .60	
SIS	Lowest Floor Only - Above Ground Level				.99 / .48		.99 / .48		.80 / .35	
NTENTS	Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors				.99 / .30		.99 / .30		.80 / .25	
CONTE	Above Ground Level - More than One Full Floor	_			.35 / .12		.35 / .12		.22 / .12	
	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>2</sup>								.70 / .43	

The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See Page APP 3.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Base Deductible is \$500.  $^{\rm 2}$  The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.

# TABLE 5. REGULAR PROGRAM -- PRE-FIRM AND POST-FIRM ELEVATION-RATED RATES

# ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### FIRM ZONES AR and AR Dual Zones -- BUILDING RATES

	One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than One Floor, No Basement/Encl		More than With Base	•	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>	
Elevation of Lowest Floor Above or Below BFE	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	1-4 Family	Other Residential & Non- Residential	Single Family	Non- Residential
		. 100100111101		. 100100111101				
+4	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08
+3	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.25 / .08	.22 / .08
+2	.32 / .08	.26 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.24 / .08	.20 / .08	.34 / .08	.28 / .08
+1	.61 / .08	.45 / .10	.38 / .08	.28 / .08	.29 / .08	.22 / .08	.64 / .09	.72 / .08
0	.64 / .17	.61 / .17	.64 / .17	.61 / .17	.62 / .08	.52 / .16	.64 / .31	.78 / .32
-1 <sup>2</sup>				See Foo	tnote <sup>2</sup>			

#### FIRM ZONES AR and AR Dual Zones -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of Lowest Floor	Above Gro	oor Only ound Level nent/Encl.)	Lowest Above Gro & Higher F Basemer	und Level loors (No	More th Floor Basement/	With	Manufactured (Mobile) Home <sup>1</sup>		
Above or	Residential	Non-	Residential	Non-	Residential	Non-	Single	Non-	
Below BFE		Residential		Residential		Residential	Family	Residential	
+4	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	
+3	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	
+2	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.31 / .14	
+1	.50 / .12	.50 / .12 .30 / .18		.22 / .12	.38 / .12	.22 / .12	.59 / .12	.48 / .20	
0	1.10 / .12 .80 / .29		.65 / .12	.48 / .25	.40 / .12	.29 / .12	.99 / .30	.70 / .43	
-1 <sup>2</sup>				See Foo	tnote <sup>2</sup>				

#### FIRM ZONES AR and AR Dual Zones -- CONTENTS RATES

Elevation of Lowest Floor Above or		Above Ground Level More than One Full Floor									
Below BFE	Single Family	Single Family 2-4 Family Other Residential Non-Residential									
+4		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12							
+3		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12							
+2		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12							
+1		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12							
0		.35 / .12	.35 / .12	.22 / .12							
-1 <sup>3</sup>		.35 / .12 .35 / .12 .22 / .12									
-2 <sup>3</sup>		.35 / .12	.37 / .12	.24 / .12							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The definition of Manufactured (Mobile) Home includes travel trailers. See page APP 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use Table 4 Pre-FIRM and Post-FIRM Not Elevation-Rated AR and AR Dual Zones Rate Table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These rates are only applicable to Contents-only policies.

## TABLE 6. PRECALCULATED PRE-FIRM PREMIUM TABLE

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM¹ EXCLUDING ICC² AND FEDERAL POLICY FEE³  A, AE, A1-A30, AH, AO, D  V, VE, V1-V30								
			<u> </u>	,					
	w/bsmt	w/o bsmt	w/bsmt	w/o bsmt					
BUILDING									
\$ 20,000	\$ 162	\$ 152	\$ 212	\$ 198					
\$ 30,000	\$ 243	\$ 228	\$ 318	\$ 297					
\$ 40,000	\$ 324	\$ 304	\$ 424	\$ 396					
\$ 50,000	\$ 405	\$ 380	\$ 530	\$ 495					
\$ 60,000	\$ 464	\$ 420	\$ 685	\$ 598					
\$ 70,000	\$ 523	\$ 460	\$ 846	\$ 701					
\$ 80,000	\$ 582	\$ 500	\$ 995	\$ 804					
\$ 90,000	\$ 641	\$ 540	\$1,150	\$ 907					
\$100,000	\$ 700	\$ 580	\$1,305	\$1,010					
\$125,000	\$ 848	\$ 680	\$1,696	\$1,268					
\$150,000	\$ 995	\$ 780	\$2,080	\$1,525					
\$175,000	\$1,143	\$ 880	\$2,468	\$1,783					
\$200,000	\$1,290	\$ 980	\$2,855	\$2,040					
\$225,000	\$1,438	\$1,080	\$3,243	\$2,298					
\$250,000 <sup>4</sup>	\$1,585	\$1,180	\$3,630	\$2,555					
CONTENTS									
\$ 5,000	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 62	\$ 62					
\$ 10,000	\$ 96	\$ 96	\$ 123	\$ 123					
\$ 15,000	\$144	\$144	\$ 185	\$ 185					
\$ 20,000	\$192	\$192	\$ 246	\$ 246					
\$ 25,000	\$222	\$228	\$ 321	\$ 336					
\$ 30,000	\$252	\$264	\$ 396	\$ 425					
\$ 40,000	\$312	\$336	\$ 546	\$ 604					
\$ 50,000	\$372	\$408	\$ 696	\$ 783					
\$ 60,000	\$432	\$480	\$ 846	\$ 962					
\$ 70,000	\$492	\$552	\$ 996	\$1,141					
\$ 80,000	\$552	\$624	\$1,146	\$1,320					
\$ 90,000	\$612	\$696	\$1,296	\$1,499					
\$100,000	\$672	\$768	\$1,446	\$1,678					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Premium before applying any CRS credits or optional deductible factors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For building coverage amounts of \$230,000 and less, add \$75 to the building premium selected from the table above to cover ICC cost, except for D zones. For D zones add \$6. For building coverage amounts above \$230,000, see Footnote 4 below.

3 Add \$30 to the premium selected from the table above to cover Federal Policy Fee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Add \$60 to cover the ICC cost for the \$250,000 building limit, except for D zones. For D zones add \$4.

TABLE 7. FEDERAL POLICY FEE AND PROBATION SURCHARGE TABLE

FEDERAL POLICY FEE <sup>1</sup>	PROBATION SURCHARGE
\$30	\$50

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the Preferred Risk Policy, the Federal Policy Fee is \$11.00.

#### III. DEDUCTIBLES

As shown in Table 8A below, the NFIP standard deductible is either \$500 or \$1,000. The insured may choose a deductible amount different from the standard \$500 for Post-FIRM or the standard \$1,000 for structures in the Emergency Program and those rated using Pre-FIRM rates in Zones A, AO, AH, A1-A30, AE, VO, V1-V30, VE, V, AR, and AR Dual Zones (AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/A1-A30, AR/A). The optional deductible amount may be applied to policies insuring properties in either Emergency Program or Regular Program communities. Refer to page CONDO 22 for Residential Condominium Building Association Policy optional deductibles.

#### A. Buy-Back Deductibles

Policyholders who wish to reduce their deductibles from the standard deductibles of \$1,000 for Pre-FIRM SFHA risks may opt to

purchase separate \$500 deductibles for building and contents coverages, for an additional premium. The deductible factors provided on pages RATE 13 and CONDO 22 must be used to calculate the deductible surcharge.

#### B. Changes in Deductible Amount

The amount of the deductible may be increased during the policy term by submitting a completed General Change Endorsement form. The deductible amount may be reduced through the submission of a new Application at the time of renewal. This procedure does not require the completion of the entire Flood Insurance Application. Deductibles cannot be reduced midterm unless required by the mortgagee and written authorization is provided by the mortgagee. A 30-day waiting period will be applied to reduce the deductible.

**TABLE 8A. STANDARD DEDUCTIBLES** 

		REGULAR PROGRAM							
EMERGENCY PROGRAM	Flood Zone	Pre-FIRM	Pre-FIRM with Optional Post-FIRM Elevation Rating	Post-FIRM					
\$1,000	B, C, X, A99, D	\$500		\$500					
	A, AO, AH, A1-A30, AE, VO, V1-V30, VE, V, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/A1-A30, AR/A	\$1,000	\$500	\$500					

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, PRE-FIRM CONSTRUCTION, \$2,000/\$1,000 DEDUCTIBLE OPTION, ZONE B

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

Regular Program

Flood Zone: B

Occupancy: Single-Family Dwelling

# of Floors: 2 FloorsBasement/Enclosure: None

• Deductible: \$2,000/\$1,000

• Deductible Factor: .915

Contents Location: Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors

Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Elevation Difference: N/A
Flood Proofed Yes/No: No
Building Coverage: \$150,000
Contents Coverage: \$60,000
ICC Premium: \$6
CRS Rating: N/A
CRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .64/.17 Contents: .99/.30

	BASI	C LIMITS			ADDITIONAL LIMITS (REGULAR PROGRAM ONLY)			BASIC AND DEDUCTIBLE ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	50,000	.64	320	100,000	.17	170	-42	150,000	448
CONTENTS	20,000	.99	198	40,000	.30	120	-27	60,000	291
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)					PAYME	NT	ANNUAL SUBTOTAL	739	
MANUAL	UAL SUBMIT FOR RATING					OPTION: ICC PRE		CC PREMIUM	
ALTERNATIV	VΕ	☐ V-ZON	E RISK RATING	FORM	☐ CRE	☐ CREDIT CARD SUBTOTAL		745	
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTEC	CTION PRO	GRAM		□ отн	IER:	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT%		_
☐ PROVISION	AL RATING						SUBTOTAL		745
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO T	HE BEST OF N	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDI	ERSTAND		PROBATION SURCE	IARGE	
THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT U							FEDERAL POLICY F	EE	30
APPLICABLE FI	EDERAL LAW.  FINSURANCE AGENT/	/BROKER		-	TOTAL PREPAID AM	OUNT	775		

#### **Premium Calculation:**

10. Total Prepaid Amount:

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$490 / Contents: \$318

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $.915 \times $490 = $448$  / Contents:  $.915 \times $318 = $291$ 

3. Premium Reduction: Building: \$490 - \$448 = \$42 / Contents: \$318 - \$291 = \$27

\$775

4. Subtotal: \$739

5. Add ICC Premium:
6. Subtract CRS Discount:
7. Subtotal:
8. Probation Surcharge:
9. Add Federal Policy Fee:
\$30

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, PRE-FIRM CONSTRUCTION, \$500 DEDUCTIBLE OPTION (SURCHARGE), ZONE AE

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

Regular Program

Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Single-Family Dwelling

# of Floors: 2 Floors
Basement/Enclosure: Enclosure
Deductible: \$500/\$500

Deductible Factor: 1.100 (Surcharge)
 Contents Location: Enclosure and Above

Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Elevation Difference: N/A
Flood Proofed Yes/No: No
Building Coverage: \$150,000
Contents Coverage: \$60,000
ICC Premium: \$75
CRS Rating: N/A
CRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

■ Building: .81/.71 Contents: .96/.72

	BASI	C LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR PR	NAL LIMITS ROGRAM O		DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	50,000	.81	405	100,000	.71	710	+112	150,000	1,227
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	40,000	.72	288	+48	60,000	528
RATE TYPE: (O	NE BUILDING PER P	OLICY—BLA	ANKET COVER	AGE NOT PERMITTED)	PAYME	NT	ANNUAL SUBTOTAL		1,755
MANUAL	IAL SUBMIT FOR RATING					<b>1</b> :	ICC PREMIUM	75	
ALTERNATIV	/E	☐ V-ZON	E RISK RATING	FORM	☐ CRE	DIT CARD	SUBTOTAL	1,830	
☐ MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTEG	CTION PRO	GRAM		□ отн	ER:	CRS PREMIUM DISC	_	
PROVISIONA	AL RATING						SUBTOTAL		1,830
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO T	THE BEST OF M	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	ERSTAND		PROBATION SURCE	IARGE	
THAT ANY FALS	SE STATEMENTS MA	Y BE PUNIS	SHABLE BY FINI	E OR IMPRISONMENT U	NDER		FEDERAL POLICY F	EE	30
APPLICABLE FE	PPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT								1,860
SIGNATURE OF	SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (MM/DD/YY)								

#### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$1,115 / Contents: \$480

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $1.100 \times \$1,115 = \$1,227$  / Contents:  $1.100 \times \$480 =$ 

\$528

3. Premium Increase: Building: \$1,227 - \$1,115 = \$112 / Contents: \$528 - \$480 = \$48

4. Subtotal: \$1,755
5. Add ICC Premium: \$75
6. Subtract CRS Discount: N/A

7. Subtotal: \$1,830
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$30
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$1,860

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, PRE-FIRM CONSTRUCTION, \$3,000/\$2,000 DEDUCTIBLE OPTION, ZONE A15

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

Regular Program

Flood Zone: A15

Occupancy: Single-Family Dwelling

# of Floors: 3 FloorsBasement/Enclosure: Basement

Deductible: \$3,000/\$2,000 Building and Contents

Deductible Factor: .875

Contents Location: Basement and Above

Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM
Elevation Difference: N/A
Flood Proofed Yes/No: No
Building Coverage: \$250,000
Contents Coverage: \$100,000

ICC Premium: \$60CRS Rating: 4CRS Discount: 30%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .81/.59 Contents: .96/.60

	BASI	C LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR PR	NAL LIMITS OGRAM O		DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	50,000	.81	405	200,000	.59	1,180	-198	250,000	1,387
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	80,000	.60	480	-84	100,000	588
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)					PAYME	NT	ANNUAL SUBTOTAL		1,975
MANUAL	MANUAL SUBMIT FOR RATING			OPTION	<b>1</b> :	ICC PREMIUM		60	
ALTERNATI	ALTERNATIVE			☐ CRE	DIT CARD	SUBTOTAL		2,035	
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTEC	CTION PRO	GRAM		□ отн	ER:	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT 30%		-611
PROVISION	AL RATING						SUBTOTAL		1,424
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO T	HE BEST OF M	IY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	RSTAND		PROBATION SURCE	IARGE	_
THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER							FEDERAL POLICY F	EE	30
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER  DATE (MM/DD/YY)						TOTAL PREPAID AN	IOUNT	1,454	

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$1,585 / Contents: \$672

Apply Deductible Factor:
 Premium Reduction:
 Building: .875 x \$1,585 = \$1,387 / Contents: .875 x \$672 = \$588
 Premium Reduction:
 Building: \$1,585 - \$1,387 = \$198 / Contents: \$672 - \$588 = \$84

4. Subtotal: \$1,9755. Add ICC Premium: \$60

6. Subtract CRS Discount: -\$611 (30%)

7. Subtotal: \$1,424
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$30
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$1,454

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, POST-FIRM, ELEVATION RATED, \$5,000/\$5,000 DEDUCTIBLE OPTION, ZONE AE

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

• Regular Program

• Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Non-Residential

# of Floors: 2 FloorsBasement/Enclosure: None

• Deductible: \$5,000/\$5,000

Deductible Factor: .870

Contents Location: Above Ground Level and Higher Floors

Date of Construction: Post-FIRM

Elevation Difference: +4
Flood Proofed Yes/No: No
Building Coverage: \$500,000
Contents Coverage: \$500,000

ICC Premium: \$4CRS Rating: 5CRS Discount: 25%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .20/.08 Contents: .22/.12

	BAS	IC LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR PR	IAL LIMITS OGRAM O		DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ÁNNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	150,000	.20	300	350,000	.08	280	-75	500,000	505
CONTENTS	130,000	.22	286	370,000	.12	444	-95	500,000	635
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)					PAYMENT		ANNUAL SUBTOTAL		1,140
MANUAL	MANUAL SUBMIT FOR RATING				OPTION	۷:	ICC PREMIUM		4
☐ ALTERNATI\				☐ CRE	DIT CARD	SUBTOTAL		1,144	
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTE	CTION PRO	GRAM		□ отн	ER:	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT 25%		-286
☐ PROVISION	AL RATING						SUBTOTAL		858
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE CO	RRECT TO 1	HE BEST OF M	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	RSTAND		PROBATION SURCE	HARGE	_
THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER						FEDERAL POLICY F	EE	30	
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER  DATE (MM//DD/YY)  TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT							888		

## **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$580 / Contents: \$730

Apply Deductible Factor: Building: .870 x \$580 = \$505 / Contents: .870 x \$730 = \$635
 Premium Reduction: Building: \$580 - \$505 = \$75 / Contents: \$730 - \$635 = \$95

4. Subtotal: \$1,1405. Add ICC Premium: \$4

6. Subtract CRS Discount: -\$286 (25%)

7. Subtotal: \$858
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$30
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$888

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, 1975-81 POST-FIRM V1-V30, ELEVATION RATED, ZONE V13

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

Regular Program

• Flood Zone: V13

Occupancy: Single-Family Dwelling

# of Floors: 2 Floors
Basement/Enclosure: None
Deductible: \$500/\$500
Deductible Factor: 1.000

Contents Location: Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors

Date of Construction: 1975 - 81 (Post-FIRM)

Elevation Difference: +1
Flood Proofed Yes/No: No
Building Coverage: \$150,000
Contents Coverage: \$100,000
ICC Premium: \$35
CRS Rating: 8
CRS Discount: 10%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: 1.69/.38 Contents: 2.11/.50

	BAS	IC LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR PR			DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	50,000	1.69	845	100,000	.38	380	0	150,000	1,225
CONTENTS	20,000	2.11	422	80,000	.50	400	0	100,000	822
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)					PAYME	ENT	ANNUAL SUBTOTAL		2,047
☐ MANUAL	JAL SUBMIT FOR RATING			OPTIO	N:	ICC PREMIUM	35		
ALTERNATIV	ERNATIVE U-ZONE RISK RATING FORM			☐ CRE	EDIT CARD	SUBTOTAL	2,082		
☐ MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTE	CTION PRO	GRAM		□ отн	HER:	CRS PREMIUM DISC	-208	
☐ PROVISION	IAL RATING				-		SUBTOTAL		1,874
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE CO	RRECT TO	THE BEST OF I	MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDI	ERSTAND		PROBATION SURCH	ARGE	_
THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER						FEDERAL POLICY FE	≣E	30	
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  TOTAL PREPAID AMOUN							OLINT	4.004	
SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (MM/					DD/YY)		TOTAL TREPAID AIVI	00141	1,904

#### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$1,225 / Contents: \$822

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building: 1.000 x \$1,225 = \$1,225 / Contents: 1.000 x \$822 = \$822

3. Premium Reduction/Increase: Building: \$0 / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$2,0475. Add ICC Premium: \$35

6. Subtract CRS Discount: -\$208 (10%)

7. Subtotal: \$1,874
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$30
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$1,904

#### REGULAR PROGRAM, POST-1981 VE OR V1-V30, WITH ENCLOSURE, ZONE VE

#### **Data Essential To Determine Appropriate Rates and Premium:**

Regular Program

• Flood Zone: VE

Occupancy: Single-Family Dwelling

• # of Floors: 3 or More Floors

Basement/Enclosure: Enclosure (< 300 sq. ft., w/o M&E)</li>

• Deductible: \$3,000/\$3,000

• Deductible Factor: .825

Contents Location: Lowest Floor Above Ground Level and Higher Floors

Date of Construction: Post-81

Elevation Difference: -1
 Flood Proofed Yes/No: No

Replacement Cost: \$300,000
Building Coverage: \$250,000
Contents Coverage: \$100,000
ICC Premium: \$14
CRS Rating: 9
CRS Discount: 5%

**Determined Rates:** 

■ Building: 2.42/2.42 Contents: 1.81/1.81

	ВА	SIC LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR PR	NAL LIMITS ROGRAM ON	NLY)	DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	TOTAL PREMIUM
BUILDING	50,000	2.42	1,120	200,000	2.42	4,840	-1,059	250,000	4,991
CONTENTS	20,000	1.81	362	80,000	1.81	1,448	-317	100,000	1,493
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)					PAYMEN	Т	ANNUAL SUBTOTAL		6,484
MANUAL	MANUAL SUBMIT FOR RATING			OPTION:		ICC PREMIUM		14	
ALTERNATI	/E	☐ V-ZON	IE RISK RATING	FORM	☐ CRED	IT CARD	SUBTOTAL		6,498
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTI	ECTION PRO	OGRAM		ОТНЕ	R:	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT 5%		-325
PROVISION	AL RATING						SUBTOTAL		6,173
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE CO	RRECT TO	THE BEST OF M	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	RSTAND		PROBATION SURCE	HARGE	_
THAT ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER						FEDERAL POLICY F	EE	30	
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT  SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER  DATE (MM/DD/YY)							6,203		

#### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$6,050 / Contents: \$1,810

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building: .825 x \$6,050 = \$4,991 / Contents: .825 x \$1,810 = \$1,493
3. Premium Reduction: Building: \$6,050 - \$4,991 = \$1,059 / Contents: \$1,810 - \$1,493 = \$317

4. Subtotal: \$6,484

5. Add ICC Premium: \$14

6. Subtract CRS Discount: -\$325 (5%)

7. Subtotal: \$6,173

8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$30

10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$6,203

# **TABLE 2. CONDOMINIUM RATING CHART (Cont'd)**

#### **HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUMS**

#### MULTI-UNIT BUILDING—5 OR MORE UNITS PER BUILDING—THREE OR MORE FLOORS<sup>6</sup>

PURCHASER OF POLICY	Building Occupancy <sup>1</sup>	Building Indicator <sup>1</sup>	Contents Indicator <sup>2</sup>	Limits of Coverage	Type of Coverage	Rate Table <sup>3</sup>	Policy Form <sup>4</sup>
UNIT OWNER	OTHER RESIDENTIAL	SINGLE UNIT	HOUSEHOLD	BUILDING—\$250,000 CONTENTS—\$100,000	RC⁵	SINGLE FAMILY FOR BUILDING; OTHER RESIDENTIAL FOR CONTENTS	DWELLING
ASSOCIATION (SINGLE UNIT ONLY)	OTHER RESIDENTIAL	SINGLE UNIT	HOUSEHOLD	BUILDING—\$250,000 CONTENTS—\$100,000	RC⁵	SINGLE FAMILY FOR BUILDING; OTHER RESIDENTIAL FOR CONTENTS	DWELLING
ASSOCIATION (ENTIRE BUILDING)	OTHER RESIDENTIAL	HIGH-RISE	HOUSEHOLD	BUILDING—THE TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS X \$250,000 CONTENTS—\$100,000	RC	RCBAP HIGH-RISE	RCBAP

#### **NON-RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUMS**

PURCHASER OF POLICY	Building Occupancy <sup>1</sup>	Building Indicator <sup>1</sup>	Contents Indicator <sup>2</sup>	Limits of Coverage	Type of Coverage	Rate Table <sup>3</sup>	Policy Form⁴
UNIT OWNER	NON-RESIDENTIAL	SINGLE UNIT  (BUILDING COVERAGE NOT AVAILABLE)	BUSINESS	EMERGENCY—\$100,000 REGULAR—\$500,000 CONTENTS ONLY	ACV	NON-RESIDENTIAL	GENERAL PROPERTY
ASSOCIATION	NON-RESIDENTIAL	LOW-RISE	BUSINESS	BUILDING— EMERGENCY—\$100,000 REGULAR—\$500,000	ACV	NON-RESIDENTIAL	GENERAL PROPERTY
				EMERGENCY—\$100,000 REGULAR—\$500,000			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>When there is a mixture of residential and commercial usage within a single building, please refer to the GR Section of the *Flood Insurance Manual*.
<sup>2</sup>In determining the contents indicator for "other than household contents," please refer to the RATE Section of the *Flood Insurance Manual*.

All building rates are based on the lowest floor of the building.

4RCBAP must be used to insure residential condominium buildings owned by the association that are in a Regular Program community and in which at least 75% of the total floor area within the building is residential. Use General Property Form if ineligible under RCBAP.

5Replacement Cost if the RC eligibility requirements are met (building only).

6Enclosure, even if it is the lowest floor for rating, cannot be counted as a floor for the purpose of classifying the building as a high rise.

#### RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING ASSOCIATION POLICY

#### **II. POLICY FORM**

The policy form used for the residential condominium buildings owned by a condominium association is the Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP).

#### III. ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

#### A. General Building Eligibility

The RCBAP is required for all buildings owned by a condominium association containing one or more residential units and in which at least 75 percent of the total floor area within the building is residential without regard to the number of units or number of floors. This will include townhouse/rowhouse and detached single family condominium buildings. The RCBAP is available for all high-rise and low-rise residential condominium buildings in the **Regular** Program only.

Residential condominium buildings that are being used as a hotel or motel, or are being rented (either short- or long-term), must be insured on the RCBAP.

Only buildings having a condominium form of ownership are eligible for the RCBAP. Co-operative ownership buildings are *not* eligible. Timeshare buildings having condominium form of ownership in jurisdictions where title is vested in individual unit owners are eligible provided all other criteria are met.

The NFIP has grouped condominium buildings into two different types, low- and high-rise, because of the difference in the exposures to the risk that typically exists. Low-rise buildings generally have a greater percentage of the value of the building at risk than high-rise buildings, thus requiring higher premiums for the first dollars of coverage. The availability of the optional deductibles for the low-rise buildings, however, allows the association to buy back some of the risk, thereby reducing the overall cost of the coverage.

For rating purposes:

- High-rise buildings contain five or more units and at least three floors excluding enclosure, even if it is the lowest floor for rating.
- Low-rise buildings have less than five units regardless of the number of floors, or five or more units with less than three floors, including the basement.

 Townhouse/rowhouse buildings are always considered as low-rise buildings for rating purposes, no matter how many units or floors they have.

See the Definitions section for a complete definition of high-rise and low-rise buildings.

The *individual unit owners* continue to have an option to purchase an SFIP Dwelling Form.

#### B. Condominium Building in the Course of Construction

The NFIP rules allow the issuance of an SFIP to cover a building in the course of construction before the building is walled and roofed. These rules provide lenders an option to require flood insurance coverage at the time that the development loan is made to comply with the mandatory purchase requirement outlined in the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended. The policy is issued and rated based on the construction designs and intended use of the building.

In order for a condominium building in the course of construction to be eligible under the RCBAP form, the building must be owned by a condominium association, which the NFIP defines as the entity made up of the unit owners responsible for the maintenance and operation of:

- common elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners; and
- 2. other real property in which the unit owners have use rights;

where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership.

As noted on page GR 4, buildings in the course of construction that have yet to be walled and roofed are eligible for coverage except when construction has been halted for more than 90 days and/or if the lowest floor used for rating purposes is below the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). Materials or supplies intended for use in such construction, alteration, or repair are not insurable unless they are contained within an enclosed building on the premises or adjacent to the premises.

#### IV. COVERAGE

#### A. Property Covered

The entire building is covered under one policy, including both the common as well as individually owned building elements within the units,

CONDO 6 May 1, 2006

improvements within the units, and contents owned in common. Contents owned by individual unit owners should be insured under an individual unit owner's Dwelling Form.

#### B. Coverage Limits

Building coverage purchased under the RCBAP will be on a Replacement Cost basis.

The maximum amount of *building* coverage that can be purchased on a high-rise or low-rise condominium is the Replacement Cost Value of the building or the total number of units in the condominium building times \$250,000, whichever is less.

The maximum allowable *contents* coverage is the Actual Cash Value of the commonly owned contents up to a maximum of \$100,000 per building.

#### **Basic Limit Amount:**

- The building basic limit amount of insurance for a detached building housing a single family unit owned by the condominium association is \$50,000.
- For residential townhouse/rowhouse and lowrise condominiums, the building basic limit amount of insurance is \$50,000 multiplied by the number of units in the building.
- For high-rise condominiums, the building basic amount of insurance is \$150,000.
- The contents basic limit amount of insurance is \$20,000.
- For condominium unit owners who have insured their personal property under the Dwelling Form or General Property Form, coverage extends to interior walls, floor, and ceiling (if not covered under the condominium association's insurance) up to 10 percent of the personal property limit of liability. Use of this coverage is at the option of the insured and reduces the personal property limit of liability.

#### C. Replacement Cost and Coinsurance

Replacement cost coverage is available for building coverage only on RCBAPs and Dwelling Forms meeting eligibility requirements. Coinsurance penalties are applied for *building coverage* only. To the extent the insured has not purchased insurance in an amount equal to the

lesser of 80 percent or more of the full replacement cost of the building at the time of loss or the maximum amount of insurance under the NFIP, the insured will not be reimbursed fully for a loss. Building coverage purchased under individual Dwelling Forms cannot be added to RCBAP coverage in order to avoid the coinsurance penalty. The amount of loss in this case will be determined by using the following formula:

# <u>Insurance Carried</u> X Amount of Loss = Limit of Recovery Insurance Required

Where the penalty applies, building loss under the RCBAP will be adjusted based on the Replacement Cost Coverage with a coinsurance penalty. Building loss under the Dwelling Form will be adjusted on an Actual Cash Value (ACV) basis if the Replacement Cost provision is not met. The cost of bringing the building into compliance with local codes (law and ordinance) is not included in the calculation of replacement cost.

#### D. Assessment Coverage

The RCBAP does not provide assessment coverage.

Assessment coverage is available only under the Dwelling Form subject to the conditions and exclusions found in Section III. Property Covered, Coverage C, paragraph 3 - Condominium Loss Assessments. The Dwelling Form will respond, up to the building coverage limit, to assessments against unit owners for damages to common areas of any building owned by the condominium association, even if the building is not insured, provided that: (1) each of the unit owners comprising the membership of the association is assessed by reason of the same cause; and (2) the assessment arises out of a direct physical loss by or from flood to the condominium building at the time of the loss. Assessment coverage has a maximum combined total limit of \$250,000 per unit. This combined total limit covers loss to the unit and any assessment by the association.

Assessment coverage cannot be used to meet the 80-percent coinsurance provision of the RCBAP, and does not apply to ICC coverage or to coverage for closed basin lakes.

#### V. DEDUCTIBLES AND FEES

#### A. Deductibles

The loss deductible shall apply separately to each building and personal property covered loss including any appurtenant structure loss.

CONDO 7 May 1, 2006

The Standard Deductible is \$1,000 for a residential condominium building, located in a Regular Program Community in Special Flood Hazard Areas, i.e., Zones A, AO, AH, A1-A30, AE, AR, AR dual zones (AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/A1-A30, AR/A), V, V1-V30, or VE, where the rates available for buildings built before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Pre-FIRM rates, are used to compute the premium.

For all policies rated other than those described above, e.g., those rated as Post-FIRM and those rated in Zones A99, B, C, D, or X, the Standard Deductible is \$500.

Optional deductible amounts are available under the RCBAP.

#### B. Federal Policy Fee

The following are the Federal Policy Fees for the RCBAP:

1 unit - \$ 30.00 per policy 2-4 units - \$ 60.00 per policy 5-10 units - \$150.00 per policy 11-20 units - \$330.00 per policy 21 or more - \$630.00 per policy

# VI. TENTATIVE RATES AND SCHEDULED BUILDINGS

Tentative Rates cannot be applied to the RCBAP. The Scheduled Building Policy is not available for the RCBAP.

# VII. COMMISSIONS (DIRECT BUSINESS ONLY)

The commission, 15 percent, will be reduced to 5 percent on only that portion of the premium that exceeds the figure resulting from multiplying the total number of units times \$2,000.

#### VIII. CANCELLATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF EXISTING UNIT OWNERS' DWELLING POLICIES

Unit owner's Dwelling Policies may be cancelled mid-term for the reasons mentioned in the Cancellation/Nullification section of the manual. To cancel building coverage while retaining contents coverage on a unit owner's policy, submit a General Change Endorsement form. In the event of a cancellation:

- The commission on a unit owner's policy will be retained, in full, by the producer,
- The Federal Policy Fee and Probation Surcharge will be refunded on a pro rata basis, and

 The premium refund will be calculated on a pro rata basis.

An existing Dwelling Policy or RCBAP may be endorsed to increase amounts of coverage in accordance with Endorsement rules. They may not be endorsed mid-term to reduce coverage.

#### IX. APPLICATION FORM

The producer should complete the entire Flood Insurance Application according to the directions in the Application section of this manual and attach two new photographs of the building, one of which clearly shows the location of the lowest floor used for rating the risk.

#### A. Type of Building

For an RCBAP, the "Building" section of the Flood Insurance Application must indicate the total number of units in the building and whether the building is a high rise or low rise.

High-rise (vertical) condominium buildings are defined as containing at least five units, and having at least three floors. Note that an enclosure below an elevated floor building, even if it is the lowest floor for rating purposes, cannot be counted as a floor to classify the building as a high-rise condominium building.

Low-rise condominium buildings are defined as having less than five units and/or less than three floors. In addition, low-rise also includes all townhouses/rowhouses regardless of the number of floors or units, and all detached single family buildings.

For a Dwelling Form used to insure a condominium unit, or for a Condominium Association Policy, see the Application section of this manual.

#### B. Replacement Cost Value

For an RCBAP, use normal company practice to estimate the Replacement Cost Value (RCV) and enter the value in the "Building" section of the Application. Include the cost of the building foundation when determining the RCV. Attach the appropriate valuation to the Application.

Acceptable documentation of a building's RCV is a recent property inspection report that states the building's value on an RCV basis. The cost of the building's foundation must be included in determining the RCV. The cost of bringing the building into compliance with local codes (law and ordinance) is not to be included in the calculation of the building's replacement cost. To maintain

reasonable accuracy of the RCV for the building, the agent must update this information at least every 3 years.

#### C. Coverage

Ensure that the "Coverage and Rating" section of the Application accurately reflects the desired amount of building and contents coverage.

If only building insurance is to be purchased, inform the applicant of the availability of contents insurance for contents that are commonly owned. It is recommended that the applicant initial the contents coverage section if no contents insurance is requested. (This will make the applicant aware that the policy will not provide payment for contents losses.)

#### Building

Enter the amount of insurance for building, Basic and Additional Limits. Enter full Basic Limits before entering any Additional Limits. The building Basic Limit amount of insurance for high-rise condominium buildings is up to a maximum of \$150,000.

The building Basic Limit amount of insurance for low-rise condominium buildings is \$50,000 multiplied by the number of units in the building. The total amount of coverage desired on the entire building must not exceed \$250,000 (Regular Program limit) times the total number of units (residential and nonresidential) in the building.

#### 2. Contents

Since the Program type must be Regular, enter the amount of insurance for contents, Basic and Additional Limits. Enter full Basic

Limits before any Additional Limits. Contents coverage is only for those contents items that are commonly owned. For the Basic Limits amount of insurance, up to a maximum of \$20,000 may be filled in. For the Additional Limits, up to a total of \$80,000 may be filled in. The total amount of insurance available for contents coverage cannot exceed \$100,000.

#### D. Rates and Fees

- To determine rates, see the RCBAP Rate Tables on the following pages. Enter the rate for building and for contents and compute the annual premium. If an optional deductible has been selected for building and/or contents, see page CONDO 22.
- Enter the total premium for building and contents, adjusted for any premium change because of an optional deductible being selected. The total premium will be calculated as if the building were one unit.
- Add the total premium for building and contents and enter the Annual Subtotal.
- 4. Add the ICC premium.
- 5. Calculate the CRS discount, if applicable.
- 6. Subtract the CRS discount, if applicable.
- 7. Add the \$50.00 Probation Surcharge, if applicable.
- 8. Add the Federal Policy Fee to determine the Total Prepaid Amount.

# TABLE 3A. RCBAP HIGH-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### **BUILDING**

BUILDING TYPE	REGULAR PROGRAM PRE-FIRM <sup>1</sup>			REGULAR PROGRAM POST-FIRM		
	A, A1-A30, AE, AO, AH, D	V, VE	A99, B, C, X	A99, B, C, X	D	
No Basement/Enclosure	.85/.15	1.08/.38	1.05/.04	1.05/.04	1.05/.19	
With Basement	.90/.23	1.15/.82	1.27/.06	1.27/.06	SUBMIT FOR	
With Enclosure	.90/.15	1.15/.40	1.10/.04	1.10/.04	RATE	

#### **CONTENTS**

CONTENTS LOCATION	REGULAR P	REGULAR PROGRAM POST-FIRM			
	A, A1-A30, AE, AO, AH, D	V, VE	A99, B, C, X	A99, B, C, X	D
Basement and above	.96/.60	1.23/1.52	1.26/.46	1.26/.46	SUBMIT FOR
Enclosure and above	.96/.72	1.23/1.81	1.26/.53	1.26/.53	RATE
Lowest floor only- above ground level	.96/.72	1.23/1.81	.99/.48	.99/.48	.92/.57
Lowest floor above ground level and higher floors	.96/.49	1.23/1.59	.99/.30	.99/.30	.92/.39
Above ground level more than 1 full floor	.35/.12	.47/.29	.35/.12	.35/.12	.35/.12

## BUILDING-A1-A30, AE · POST-FIRM

ELEVATION	3 OR MORE FLOORS NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	3 OR MORE FLOORS WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE			
+4	.33/.03	.33/.03			
+3	.34/.03	.34/.03			
+2	.35/.03	.35/.03			
+1	.62/.04	.44/.04			
0	1.43/.04	1.28/.04			
-1 <sup>2</sup>	4.51/.14	2.54/.11			
-2	SUBMIT FOR RATE				

## CONTENTS-A1-A30, AE · POST-FIRM

ELEVATION	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY- ABOVE GROUND LEVEL (NO BSMNT./ENCL.)	LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND HIGHER (NO BSMNT./ENCL.)	BASEMENT/ ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL - MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR				
+4	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12				
+3	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12				
+2	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12				
+1	.50/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12				
0	1.10/.12	.65/.12	.40/.12	.35/.12				
-1 <sup>2</sup>	3.07/.75	1.78/.58	.48/.12	.35/.12				
-2		SUBMIT FOR RATE						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). If FIRM Zone is unknown, use rates for Zones A, AE, AO, AH, D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if either the enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building or the crawl space (under-floor space) that has its interior floor within 2 feet below grade on all sides, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below RFF

# TABLE 3B. RCBAP HIGH-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

## AO, AH POST-FIRM NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE BUILDINGS1

	BUILDING	CONTENTS
WITH CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE <sup>2</sup>	.34/.04	.34/.11
WITHOUT CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE		
OR WITHOUT ELEVATION CERTIFICATE <sup>3</sup>	.94/.06	.97/.20

# POST-FIRM UNNUMBERED A-ZONE - WITHOUT BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE<sup>1</sup>

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE TO NEAREST FOOT	BUILDING	CONTENTS <sup>4</sup>	TYPE OF ELEVATION CERTIFICATE
+5 OR MORE	.70/.05	.62./.12	
+2 TO +4	1.22/.05	.87/.17	NO ESTIMATED
+1	1.91/.12	1.54/.63	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION⁵
0 OR BELOW	***	***	
+2 OR MORE	.61/.04	.50/.12	
0 TO +1	1.07/.05	.79/.15	WITH ESTIMATED
-1	4.29/.14	2.29/.67	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION <sup>6</sup>
-2 OR BELOW	***	***	
NO ELEVATION CERTIFICATE	5.57/1.06	2.87/1.00	NO ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Zones A, AO, or AH buildings with basement/enclosure--Submit for Rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>"With Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor elevation is equal to or greater than the community's elevation requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>"Without Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used only on Post-FIRM structures without an Elevation Certificate or when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor elevation of a Post-FIRM structure is less than the community's elevation requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>For elevation rated policies, when contents are located one floor or more above lowest floor used for rating, use .35/.12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>NO ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION: Elevation difference is the measured distance between the lowest floor of the building and the highest adjacent grade next to the building.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>WITH ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION: Elevation difference is the measured distance between the lowest floor of the building and the estimated BFE provided by the community or registered professional engineer, surveyor, or architect.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

# TABLE 3C. RCBAP HIGH-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

#### AR AND AR DUAL ZONES

#### **BUILDING**

## PRE-FIRM<sup>1,2</sup> AND POST-FIRM<sup>3</sup> NOT ELEVATION-RATED

BUILDING	
TYPE	RATES
No Basement/Enclosure	1.05/.04
With Basement	1.27/.06
With Enclosure	1.10/.04

#### **CONTENTS**

## PRE-FIRM<sup>1,2</sup> AND POST-FIRM<sup>3</sup> NOT ELEVATION-RATED

\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	NOT LELYATION NATIO
CONTENTS	
LOCATION	RATES
Basement and above	1.26/.46
Enclosure and above	1.26/.53
Lowest floor only-	
above ground level	.99/.48
Lowest floor	
above ground level	
and higher floors	.99/.25
Above ground level	
more than 1 full floor	.35/.12

# BUILDING PRE-FIRM AND POST-FIRM ELEVATION-RATED

ELEVATION	3 OR MORE FLOORS NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	3 OR MORE FLOORS WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE
+4	.33/.03	.33/.03
+3	.34/.03	.34/.03
+2	.35/.03	.35/.03
+1	.62/.04	.44/.04
0	1.05/.04	1.27/.04
-14	See Footnot	te

# CONTENTS PRE-FIRM AND POST-FIRM ELEVATION-RATED

ELEVATION	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY- ABOVE GROUND LEVEL (NO BSMNT./ENCL.)	LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND HIGHER (NO BSMNT./ENCL.)	BASEMENT/ ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL - MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR
+4	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12
+3	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12
+2	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12
+1	.50/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12
0	1.10/.12	.65/.12	.40/.12	.35/.12
-1 <sup>4</sup>	See Footnote			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Base deductible is \$1,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Base deductible is \$500.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Use Pre-FIRM AR and AR Dual Zones Rate Table above.

# TABLE 3D. RCBAP HIGH-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

## REGULAR PROGRAM -- 1975-19811 -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION2

## FIRM ZONES V1-V30, VE -- BUILDING RATES

	BUILDING TYPE			
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	3 OR MORE FLOORS NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	3 OR MORE FLOORS WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE		
$0^3$	2.23/.12	2.13/.12		
-1 <sup>4</sup>	6.54/.46	3.42/.35		
-2	***	***		

# 1975-1981 POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION FIRM ZONES V1-V30, VE--CONTENTS RATES

		CONTENTS LOCA	TION		
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY-ABOVE GROUND LEVEL (NO BASEMENT/ ENCLOSURE)	LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND HIGHER FLOORS (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	BASEMENT/ ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL-MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR	
$0^3$	3.31/.46	2.16/.51	1.22/.56	.55/.25	
-1 <sup>4</sup>	7.28/3.53	4.30/2.73	1.43/.56	.55/.25	
-2	***	***	***	***	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

# REGULAR PROGRAM 1975-1981 POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION<sup>1</sup> UNNUMBERED V ZONE--ELEVATED BUILDINGS

# SUBMIT FOR RATING

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For 1981 Post-FIRM construction rating, refer to pages CONDO 19-20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>These rates are to be used if the lowest floor of the building is at or above the BFE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest floor of an elevated building, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

#### TABLE 4A. RCBAP LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES

(Including Townhouse/Rowhouse)
ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE
(Basic/Additional)

## REGULAR PROGRAM -- PRE-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES 1

	FIRM ZONES:	A, A1-A30, AE, AO, AH, D		V, VE		A99, B, C, X	
		BUILDING	CONTENTS	BUILDING	CONTENTS	BUILDING	CONTENTS
	NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	.70/.38	.96/.72	.93/.98	1.23/1.81	.61/.17	.99/.30
BUILDING	WITH BASEMENT	.75/.48	.96/.60	1.00/1.70	1.23/1.69	.66/.24	1.12/.38
TYPE	WITH ENCLOSURE	.75/.55	.96/.62	1.00/1.85	1.23/1.84	.66/.28	1.12/.44

#### REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION RATES

FIRM ZONES:		A99, B, C, X		D	
		BUILDING	CONTENTS	BUILDING	CONTENTS
	NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	.61/.17	.99/.30	.85/.32	.92/.57
BUILDING	WITH BASEMENT	.66/.24	1.12/.38	***	***
TYPE	WITH ENCLOSURE	.66/.28	1.12/.44		
	FIRM ZONES: AO, AH (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE BUILDINGS ONLY) <sup>2</sup>				
		BUILDING		CON	TENTS
WITH CERTIF	CATION OF COMPLIANCE <sup>3</sup>	ION OF COMPLIANCE <sup>3</sup> .19/.06		.34/.11	
	RTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE <sup>4</sup>	.71/.17		.97	7/.20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). If FIRM Zone is unknown, use rates for Zones A, AE, AO, AH, D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Zones AO, AH BUILDINGS WITH BASEMENT: Submit for Rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>"With Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor elevation is equal to or greater than the community's elevation requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>"Without Certification of Compliance" rates are to be used only on Post-FIRM structures without an Elevation Certificate or when the Elevation Certificate shows that the lowest floor elevation of a Post-FIRM structure is less than the community's elevation requirement.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

#### TABLE 4B. RCBAP LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES

(Including Townhouse/Rowhouse)
ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE
(Basic/Additional)

#### **REGULAR PROGRAM -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION**

### FIRM ZONES A1-A30, AE -- BUILDING RATES

		BUILDING TYPE				
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE <sup>1</sup>	ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE			
+4	.18/.08	.18/.08	.18/.08			
+3	.18/.08	.18/.08	.18/.08			
+2	.24/.08	.18/.08	.18/.08			
+1	.43/.08	.25/.08	.19/.08			
0	.89/.08	.58/.08	.45/.08			
-1 <sup>2</sup>	2.27/.76	1.91/.70	1.08/.47			
-2	***	***	***			

## FIRM ZONES A1-A30, AE -- CONTENTS RATES

	CONTENTS LOCATION				
<b>ELEVATION OF</b>	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY -	LOWEST FLOOR			
LOWEST FLOOR	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND	DACEMENT/ENGLOCUDE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL-	
ABOVE OR BELOW BFE <sup>1</sup>	(NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	HIGHER FLOORS (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR	
+4	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12	
+3	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12	
+2	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12	
+1	.50/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12	
0	1.10/.12	.65/.12	.40/.12	.35/.12	
-1 <sup>2</sup>	3.07/.75	1.78/.58	.48/.12	.35/.12	
-2	***	***	***	.35/.12	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If LF is -1 because of attached garage, submit application for special consideration; rate may be lower.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest floor of an elevated building or if the crawl space (under-floor space) that has its interior floor within 2 feet below grade on all sides, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

#### TABLE 4C. RCBAP LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES

# (Including Townhouse/Rowhouse) ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE (Basic/Additional)

## UNNUMBERED ZONE A - WITHOUT BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE1

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE TO NEAREST FOOT	BUILDING	CONTENTS <sup>2</sup>	TYPE OF ELEVATION CERTIFICATE		
+5 OR MORE	.30/.10	.62/.12			
+2 TO +4	.80/.12	.86/.17	NO ESTIMATED		
+1	1.54/.59	1.54/.63	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION <sup>3</sup>		
0 OR BELOW	***	***			
+2 OR MORE	.24/.08	.50/.12			
0 TO +1	.58/.10	.79/.15	WITH ESTIMATED		
-1	2.10/.74	1.93/.74	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION⁴		
-2 OR BELOW	***	***			
NO ELEVATION CERTIFICATE <sup>5</sup>	2.66/1.27	2.79/1.00	NO ELEVATION CERTIFICATE		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Zone A building with basement (including crawl space below grade on all sides) or enclosure--Submit for Rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For elevation rated policies, when contents are located one floor or more above lowest floor used for rating, use .35/.12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>NO ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION: Elevation difference is the measured distance between the lowest floor of the building and the highest adjacent grade next to the building.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>WITH ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION: Elevation difference is the measured distance between the lowest floor of the building and the estimated BFE provided by the community or registered professional engineer, surveyor, or architect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>For building without basement or enclosure, Elevation Certificate is optional.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

#### TABLE 4D. RCBAP LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES

(Including Townhouse/Rowhouse)
ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE
(Basic/Additional)

#### AR AND AR DUAL ZONES

# REGULAR PROGRAM – PRE-FIRM<sup>1,2</sup> AND POST-FIRM<sup>3</sup> NOT ELEVATION-RATED RATES

BUILDING TYPE	BUILDING	CONTENTS
NO BASEMENT	.61/.17	.99/.30
WITH BASEMENT	.66/.24	1.12/.38
WITH ENCLOSURE	.66/.28	1.12/.44

#### REGULAR PROGRAM — PRE-FIRM AND POST-FIRM ELEVATION-RATED RATES

#### **BUILDING RATES**

	BUILDING TYPE					
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE			
+4	.18/.08	.18/.08	.18/.08			
+3	.18/.08	.18/.08	.18/.08			
+2	.24/.08	.19/.08	.18/.08			
+1	.43/.08	.25/.08	.19/.08			
0	.61/.17	.58/.08	.45/.08			
-14		See Footnote				

#### **CONTENTS RATES**

	CONTENTS LOCATION					
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY - ABOVE GROUND LEVEL (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND HIGHER FLOORS (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL- MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR		
+4	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12		
+3	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12		
+2	.38/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12		
+1	.50/.12	.38/.12	.38/.12	.35/.12		
0	1.10/.12	.65/.12	.40/.12	.35/.12		
-14	See Footnote					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Start of construction or substantial improvement on or before 12/31/74, or before the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Base deductible is \$1,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Base deductible is \$500.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Use Pre-FIRM AR and AR Dual Zones Rate Table above.

## TABLE 4E. RCBAP LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES

(Including Townhouse/Rowhouse)
ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE
(Basic/Additional)

# REGULAR PROGRAM -- 1975-1981<sup>1</sup> -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION<sup>2</sup> FIRM ZONES V1-V30, VE -- BUILDING RATES

		BUILDING TYPE	
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE	MORE THAN ONE FLOOR WITH BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE
03	2.01/.37	1.61/.37	1.39/.37
-14	4.39/2.29	4.02/2.29	2.86/2.07
-2	***	***	***

# REGULAR PROGRAM -- 1975-1981<sup>1</sup> -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION<sup>2</sup> FIRM ZONES V1-V30, VE -- CONTENTS RATES

	CONTENTS LOCATION					
ELEVATION OF LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE OR BELOW BFE	LOWEST FLOOR ONLY - ABOVE GROUND LEVEL (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	LOWEST FLOOR ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND HIGHER FLOORS (NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE)	BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE AND ABOVE	ABOVE GROUND LEVEL - MORE THAN ONE FULL FLOOR		
03	3.31/.46	2.16/.51	1.22/.56	.55/.25		
-14	7.28/3.53	4.30/2.73	1.43/.56	.55/.25		
-2	***	***	***	.55/.25		

# REGULAR PROGRAM -- 1975-1981 -- POST-FIRM CONSTRUCTION<sup>2</sup> UNNUMBERED V ZONE -- ELEVATED BUILDINGS

#### **SUBMIT FOR RATING**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post- '81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For 1981 Post-FIRM construction rating, refer to pages CONDO 19 and 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>These rates are to be used if the lowest floor of the building is at or above the BFE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest floor of an elevated building, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING.

# TABLE 5A. RCBAP HIGH-RISE AND LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES (Including Townhouse/Rowhouse) ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

## 1981 POST-FIRM V1-V30, VE ZONE RATES<sup>1</sup>

# Elevated Buildings Free of Obstruction<sup>2</sup> Below the Beam Supporting the Building's Lowest Floor

Elevation of the bottom of the floor beam of the lowest floor above or below Base Flood Elevation adjusted for wave height at building site <sup>3</sup>	Building Rate	Contents Rate
+4 or more	.50	.41
+3	.61	.42
+2	.80	.57
+1	1.16	.92
0	1.49	1.37
-1	1.97	1.90
-2	2.59	2.59
-3	3.34	3.51
-4 or lower	***	***

Rates above are only for elevated buildings. Use Specific Rating Guidelines for non-elevated buildings.

- (1) Insect screening, provided that no additional supports are required for the screening; or
- (2) Wooden or plastic lattice with at least 40 percent of its area open and made of material no thicker than ½ inch; or
- (3) Wooden or plastic slats or shutters with at least 40 percent of their area open and made of material no thicker than 1 inch.

Any of these systems must be designed and installed to collapse under stress without jeopardizing the structural support of the building, so that the impact on the building of abnormally high tides or wind-driven water is minimized. Any machinery or equipment below the lowest elevated floor must be at or above the BFE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Free of Obstruction—The space below the lowest elevated floor must be completely free of obstructions or any attachment to the building, or may have:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Wave height adjustment is not required in those cases where the Flood Insurance Rate Map indicates that the map includes wave height.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING. Include a copy of the variance, a recent photograph and blueprints (including a site grading plan if ocean front) with the Application, and a post-construction (or pre-construction if builder's risk) Elevation Certificate. Do **not** submit any premium with the application. No applicant for insurance on Post-FIRM construction or substantial improvement for which asterisks are shown (there is no risk premium rate) in the *Flood Insurance Manual* can obtain flood coverage until FEMA has approved the Application and established the risk premium for the building.

# TABLE 5B. RCBAP HIGH-RISE AND LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES (Including Townhouse/Rowhouse) ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

## 1981 POST-FIRM V1-V30, VE ZONE RATES<sup>1,2</sup>

# Elevated Buildings With Obstruction<sup>3</sup> Below the Beam Supporting the Building's Lowest Floor

Elevation of the bottom of the floor beam of the lowest floor above or below Base Flood Elevation adjusted for wave height at building site <sup>4</sup>	Building Rate	Contents Rate
+4 or more	.91	.52
+3	1.01	.53
+2	1.20	.67
+1	1.52	1.02
0	1.85	1.47
-1 <sup>5</sup>	2.29	2.00
-2 <sup>5</sup>	2.91	2.68
-3 <sup>5</sup>	3.66	3.60
-4 or lower <sup>5</sup>	***	***

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Policies for 1975 through 1981 Post-FIRM and Pre-FIRM buildings in Zones VE and V1-V30 will be allowed to use the Post-'81 V Zone rate table if the rates are more favorable to the insured. See instructions on page RATE 23 for V Zone Optional Rating.

# TABLE 5C. RCBAP HIGH-RISE AND LOW-RISE BUILDING RATES (Including Townhouse/Rowhouse) ANNUAL RATES PER \$100 OF COVERAGE

#### 1981 POST-FIRM V ZONE RATES

#### SUBMIT FOR RATING

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Rates provided are only for elevated buildings, except those elevated on solid perimeter foundation walls. For buildings elevated on solid perimeter foundation walls, and for non-elevated buildings, use the *Specific Rating Guidelines* document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>With Obstruction—The space below has an area of less than 300 square feet with breakaway solid walls or contains equipment below the BFE. If the space below has an area of 300 square feet or more, or if any portion of the space below the elevated floor is enclosed with non-breakaway walls, submit for rating. If the enclosure is at or above the BFE, use the "Free of Obstruction" rate table on the preceding page. The elevation of the bottom enclosure floor is the lowest floor for rating (LFE).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Wave height adjustment is not required in those cases where the Flood Insurance Rate Map indicates that the map includes wave height.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>For buildings with obstruction, use Submit-for-Rate guidelines if the enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building, which is used for rating, is 1 or more feet below BFE.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SUBMIT FOR RATING. Include a copy of the variance, a recent photograph and blueprints (including a site grading plan if ocean front) with the Application, and a post-construction (or pre-construction if builder's risk) Elevation Certificate. Do **not** submit any premium with the application. No applicant for insurance on Post-FIRM construction or substantial improvement for which asterisks are shown (there is no risk premium rate) in the *Flood Insurance Manual* can obtain flood coverage until FEMA has approved the Application and established the risk premium for the building.

## TABLE 6. RCBAP HIGH-RISE AND LOW-RISE CONDOMINIUM RATES (Including Townhouse/Rowhouse) INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE (ICC) COVERAGE

# All Except Submit for Rate Policies<sup>1</sup>

## Premiums for \$30,000 ICC Coverage

FIRM <sup>2</sup>	ZONE	PREMIUM
Post-FIRM	A, AE, A1-A30, AO, AH	\$ 6
	AR, AR DUAL ZONES	\$ 6
	Post-'81 V1-V30, VE	\$20
	'75-'81 V1-V30, VE	\$35
	A99, B, C, X, D	\$ 6
Pre-FIRM	A, AE, A1-A30, AO, AH	\$75
	AR, AR DUAL ZONES	\$ 6
	V, VE, V1-V30	\$75
	A99, B, C, X, D	\$ 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use the ICC premium table contained in the *Specific Rating Guidelines*. <sup>2</sup>Elevation-rated Pre-FIRM buildings should use Post-FIRM ICC premiums.

## TABLE 7. RCBAP DEDUCTIBLE FACTORS – ALL ZONES

#### **Category One – Low-Rise Condominium Building-and-Contents Policies**

DEDUCTIBLE	DEDUCTIB	LE FACTOR				
OPTIONS	Single	Family	2-4 (	Units	5 or Mo	re Units
Building/Contents	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.
\$500/ \$500	1.000	1.125	1.000	1.025	1.000	1.015
\$1,000/\$1,000	.950	1.000	.965	1.000	.980	1.000
\$2,000/\$1,000	.900	.950	.930	.965	.960	.980
\$3,000/\$1,000	.850	.900	.900	.935	.940	.960
\$4,000/\$2,000	.800	.825	.850	.885	.910	.930
\$5,000/\$2,000	.760	.775	.810	.845	.890	.920
\$10,000/\$10,000	.625	.635	.650	.660	.825	.840
\$25,000/\$25,000	.525	.535	.550	.560	.725	.740

## Category Two – Low-Rise Condominium Building-Only Policies

DEDUCTIBLE	DEDUCTIBLE FACTOR						
DEDUCTIBLE	Single	Single Family		2-4 Units		re Units	
OPTIONS	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.	\$500 Ded.	\$1,000 Ded.	
\$500	1.000	1.125	1.000	1.025	1.000	1.015	
\$1,000	.950	1.000	.965	1.000	.980	1.000	
\$2,000	.885	.925	.925	.950	.950	.970	
\$3,000	.825	.865	.875	.910	.920	.940	
\$4,000	.775	.825	.825	.870	.900	.920	
\$5,000	.725	.765	.800	.835	.880	.900	
\$10,000	.620	.630	.640	.650	.815	.830	
\$25,000	.520	.530	.540	.550	.715	.730	

# Category Three – High-Rise Condominium Policies, Building-and-Contents and Building-Only

The deductible factors are multipliers, and total deductible amounts are subject to a maximum dollar discount per annual premium.

#### **BUILDING/CONTENTS**

	DEDUC FAC		
DEDUCTIBLE	\$500	\$1,000	MAXIMUM
OPTIONS	Deductible	Deductible	DISCOUNT
\$500/ \$500	1.000	1.050	N/A
\$1,000/\$1,000	.980	1.000	\$ 56
\$2,000/\$2,000	.960	.980	\$ 111
\$3,000/\$3,000	.940	.960	\$ 166
\$4,000/\$4,000	.910	.930	\$ 221
\$5,000/\$5,000	.890	.920	\$ 276
\$10,000/\$10,000	.825	.840	\$ 501
\$25,000/\$25,000	.725	.740	\$1,001

#### **BUILDING-ONLY**

	DEDU FAC		
DEDUCTIBLE	\$500	\$1,000	MAXIMUM
OPTIONS	Deductible	Deductible	DISCOUNT
\$500	1.000	1.100	N/A
\$1,000	.980	1.000	\$ 55
\$2,000	.950	.970	\$ 110
\$3,000	.920	.940	\$ 165
\$4,000	.900	.920	\$ 220
\$5,000	.880	.900	\$ 275
\$10,000	.815	.830	\$ 500
\$25,000	.715	.730	\$1,000

## X. CONDOMINIUM RATING EXAMPLES

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

EXAMPLE	<b>E</b>		<u>PAGE</u>
Example	1	Pre-FIRM, Low-rise, with Enclosure, Coinsurance Penalty, Zone A	CONDO 24
Example	2	Pre-FIRM, Low-rise, No Basement/Enclosure, Zone AE	CONDO 25
Example	3	Post-FIRM, Low-rise, Coinsurance Penalty, Zone AE	CONDO 26
Example	4	Post-FIRM, Low-rise, Standard Deductible, Zone AE	CONDO 27
Example	5	Pre-FIRM, High-rise, Standard Deductible, Coinsurance Penalty, Zone A	CONDO 28
Example	6	Pre-FIRM, High-rise, Basement, Maximum Discount, Zone AE	CONDO 29
Example	7	Post-FIRM, High-rise, Standard Deductible, Zone AE	CONDO 30
Example	8	Pre-FIRM, High-rise, Enclosure, Maximum Discount, Coinsurance Penalty, Zone AE	CONDO 31

#### **CONDOMINIUM RATING EXAMPLE 1**

#### PRE-FIRM, LOW-RISE, WITH ENCLOSURE, COINSURANCE PENALTY, ZONE A

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$140,000
 Contents Coverage: \$100,000
 Condominium Type: Low-rise

• Flood Zone: A

Occupancy: Other Residential

• # of Units: 6

Date of Construction:
 Pre-FIRM

Building Type:
 3 Floors Including Enclosure

• Deductible: \$2,000/\$1,000

Deductible Factor: .980
Replacement Cost: \$600,000
Elevation Difference: N/A
80% Coinsurance Amount: \$480,000

• ICC Premium: \$75 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: N/ACRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .75/.55 Contents: .96/.62

COVERAGE	BASIC LIMITS			ADDITIONAL LIMITS (REGULAR PROGRAM ONLY)			DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUN		TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	140,000	.75	1,050	0	.55	0	-21	140,000	1,029
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	80,000	.62	496	-14	100,000	674
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)  PAYMENT  ANNUAL SUBTOTAL								1,703	
☐ MANUAL ☐ SUBMIT FOR RATING							ICC PREMIUM		75
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM						CARD	SUBTOTAL		1,778
☐ MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PROTECTION PROGRAM						:	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUR	NT%	_
☐ PROVISIONAL RATING SUBTOTAL									1,778
THE ABOVE STATEMENTS ARE CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHARGE									_
ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.								150	
SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER  DATE(MM/DD/YY)  TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT									1,928

#### **Premium Calculation:**

Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$1,050 / Contents: \$688

Apply Deductible Factor:
 Building: .980 x \$1,050 = \$1,029 / Contents: .980 x \$688 = \$674
 Premium Reduction:
 Building: \$1,050 - \$1,029 = \$21 / Contents: \$688 - \$674 = \$14

4. Subtotal: \$1,703 Add ICC Premium: \$75 5. 6. Subtract CRS Discount: N/A 7. Subtotal: \$1,778 8. Probation Surcharge: N/A 9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$150 10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$1,928

#### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Claim Payment is determined as follows:

 $\frac{\text{(Insurance Carried)}}{\text{(Insurance Required)}} \quad \frac{140,000}{480,000} \text{ x} \quad \text{(Amount of Loss) } 100,000 = \text{(Limit of Recovery) } 29,167 \text{ - Less Deductible}$ 

(Coinsurance Penalty applies because minimum insurance amount of \$480,000 was not met.)

### PRE-FIRM, LOW-RISE, NO BASEMENT/ENCLOSURE, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$480,000
Contents Coverage: \$50,000
Condominium Type: Low-rise
Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

# of Units:

Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Building Type:
 1 Floor, No Basement

Deductible: \$500/\$500
Deductible Factor: 1.015
Replacement Cost: \$600,000
Elevation Difference: N/A
80% Coinsurance Amount: \$480,000

ICC Premium: \$75 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: N/ACRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .70/.38 Contents: .96/.72

	BASI	C LIMITS		ADDITIONAL LIMITS (REGULAR PROGRAM ONLY)				DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	RATE PREMIU		PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	300,000	.70	2,100	180,000	.38	6	84	+42	480,000	2,826
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	30,000	.72 216		216	+6	50,000	414
RATE TYPE: (C	ONE BUILDING PER PC	LICY—BLA	NKET COVERA	GE NOT PERMITTED)	PAYMENT	•	ANN	UAL SUBTOTAL		3,240
☐ MANUAL ☐ SUBMIT FOR RATING					OPTION:			PREMIUM		75
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM				FORM	☐ CREDIT CARD			TOTAL		3,315
☐ MORTGAGE	E PORTFOLIO PROTEC	CTION PRO	GRAM		OTHER: CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT%			Г%	_	
PROVISION		SUBTOTAL				3,315				
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO TI	HE BEST OF MY	KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	DERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHARGE				_	
	ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNIFEDERAL LAW.						FED	ERAL POLICY FEE		150
SIGNATURE OF	INSURANCE AGENT/	BROKER		DATE (MM/	DD/YY)		тот	AL PREPAID AMOUN	Γ	3,465

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$2,784 / Contents: \$408

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $1.015 \times \$2,784 = \$2,826$  / Contents:  $1.015 \times \$408 = \$414$ 

3. Premium Increase: Building: \$2,826 - \$2,784 = \$42 / Contents: \$414 - \$408 = \$6

4. Subtotal: \$3,240
5. Add ICC Premium: \$75
6. Subtract CRS Discount: N/A
7. Subtotal: \$3,315
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$150
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$3,465

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Coinsurance Penalty does not apply since minimum insurance amount of 80% was met.

### POST-FIRM, LOW-RISE, COINSURANCE PENALTY, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$750,000
 Contents Coverage: \$100,000
 Condominium Type: Low-rise
 Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

• # of Units: 14

Date of Construction: Post-FIRM

Building Type:
 2 Floors, No Basement/Enclosure

Deductible: \$500/\$500
Deductible Factor: 1.000
Replacement Cost: \$1,120,000

Elevation Difference: +1

• 80% Coinsurance Amount: \$896,000

• ICC Premium: \$6 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: N/ACRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .25/.08 Contents: .38/.12

	BAS	IC LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR F	ONAL LIMIT PROGRAM		.Y)	DEDUC	TIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RAT	E	ANNUAL PREMIUN		TION/	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	700,000	.25	1,750	50,000	.08		40	0	)	750,000	1,790
CONTENTS	20,000	.38	76	80,000	.12	.12 96		0	)	100,000	172
RATE TYPE: (O	NE BUILDING PER PO	DLICY—BLA	NKET COVERA	GE NOT PERMITTED)	PAYMEN	т		ANNUAL SUBT	OTAL		1,962
☐ MANUAL		OPTION:			ICC PREMIUM			6			
☐ ALTERNATI	☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM					CREDIT CARD SUBTOTAL				1,968	
☐ MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTE	CTION PRO	GRAM		CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT%				IT%	<del>-</del>	
PROVISION		SUBTOTAL				1,968					
THE ABOVE STA	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO TH	HE BEST OF M	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	ERSTAND T	HAT	г	PROBATION S	URCHARG	E	_
ANY FALSE STA FEDERAL LAW.	MPRISONMENT UNDER	R APPLICABLE			FEDERAL POLICY FEE			330			
SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (I						WDD/YY) TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT			Т	2,298	

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$1,790 / Contents: \$172

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $1.000 \times \$1,790 = \$1,790 / \text{Contents}$ :  $1.000 \times \$172 = \$172$ 

3. Premium Reduction/Increase: Building: \$0 / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$1,962 5. Add ICC Premium: \$6 Subtract CRS Discount: N/A 6. 7. Subtotal: \$1,968 Probation Surcharge: 8. N/A Add Federal Policy Fee: \$330 10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$2,298

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Claim Payment is determined as follows:

(Insurance Carried) 750,000 x (Amount of Loss) 300,000 = (Limit of Recovery) 251,116 - Less Deductible (Insurance Required) 896,000

(Coinsurance Penalty applies because minimum insurance amount of \$896,000 was not met.)

### POST-FIRM, LOW-RISE, STANDARD DEDUCTIBLE, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$600,000
Contents Coverage: \$15,000
Condominium Type: Low-rise
Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

• # of Units: 6

• Date of Construction: Post-FIRM

Building Type: 3 Floors, Townhouse, No Basement/Enclosure

Deductible: \$500/\$500
Deductible Factor: 1.000
Replacement Cost: \$600,000
Elevation Difference: +2
80% Coinsurance Amount: \$480,000

• ICC Premium: \$6 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: N/ACRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .18/.08 Contents: .38/.12

	BASI	CLIMITS		ADDITI (REGULAR		LIMITS BRAM ONL	.Y)		DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE		RATE	ANNU PREMI		PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	300,000	.18	540	300,000		.08	240	0	0	600,000	780
CONTENTS	15,000	.38	57	0	.12		0	15,000	57		
RATE TYPE: (C	GE NOT PERMITTED)	PA	YMENT		ANN	NUAL SUBTOTAL		837			
☐ MANUAL	MANUAL SUBMIT FOR RATING					OPTION:			PREMIUM	6	
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM					☐ CREDIT CARD SUBTOTAL				843		
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTEC	TION PROC	GRAM		OTHER: CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT%			Г%	_		
PROVISIONAL RATING						SUBTOTAL				843	
THE ABOVE ST	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	ERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHA			BATION SURCHARGE		1				
ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UND FEDERAL LAW.						ICABLE		FEC	ERAL POLICY FEE		150
SIGNATURE OF	FINSURANCE AGENT/	BROKER		DATE (MM/	M/DD/YY) TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT			-	993		

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$780 / Contents: \$57

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $1.000 \times \$780 = \$780$  / Contents:  $1.000 \times \$57 = \$57$ 

3. Premium Reduction/Increase: Building: \$0 / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$837
5. Add ICC Premium: \$6
6. Subtract CRS Discount: N/A
7. Subtotal: \$843
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$150
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$993

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Coinsurance Penalty does not apply since the minimum insurance amount of 80% was met.

### PRE-FIRM, HIGH-RISE, STANDARD DEDUCTIBLE, COINSURANCE PENALTY, ZONE A

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$1,110,000
 Contents Coverage: \$100,000
 Condominium Type: High-rise

Flood Zone:

Occupancy: Other Residential

# of Units: 50Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Building Type:
 3 or More Floors, No Basement/Enclosure

• Deductible: \$1,000/\$1,000

Deductible Factor: 1.000
Replacement Cost: \$1,500,000
Elevation Difference: N/A

• 80% Coinsurance Amount: \$1,200,000

• ICC Premium: \$75 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: 5CRS Discount: 25%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .85/.15 Contents: .96/.49

	BAS	IC LIMITS			NAL LIMITS ROGRAM ONI	Y)		DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUA PREMI M		PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	150,000	.85	1,275	960,000	.15	1,44	0	0	1,110,000	2,715
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	80,000	.49 392		2	0	100,000	584
RATE TYPE: (ONE BUILDING PER POLICY—BLANKET COVERAGE NOT PERMITTED)  PAYMENT  ANNUAL SUBTOTAL										3,299
MANUAL							ICC	ICC PREMIUM		75
ALTERNATIN	ALTERNATIVE V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM CREDIT CARD					3,374				
MORTGAGE	PORTFOLIO PROTE	CTION PRO	GRAM		CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT			OUNT <u>25</u> %	-844	
PROVISIONA						BTOTAL	2,530			
THE ABOVE STA	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO TH	HE BEST OF M	KNOWLEDGE. I UNDER	RSTAND THAT			BATION SURCH	IARGE	_
ANY FALSE STA FEDERAL LAW.	TEMENTS MAY BE P	BY FINE OR IM	IPRISONMENT UNDER A	PPLICABLE		FED	ERAL POLICY F	EE	630	
SIGNATURE OF	INSURANCE AGENTA	/BROKER		DATE (MM/D	DD/YY)		тот	AL PREPAID AM	OUNT	3.160

### **Premium Calculation:**

Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$2,715 / Contents: \$584

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building: 1.000 x \$2,715 = \$1,225 / Contents: 1.000 x \$584 = \$584

3. Premium Reduction/Increase: Building: \$0 / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$3,2995. Add ICC Premium: \$75

6. Subtract CRS Discount: - \$844 (25%)
7. Subtotal: \$2,530
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$630
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$3,160

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Claim Payment is determined as follows:

(Insurance Carried) 1,110,000 x (Amount of Loss) 200,000 = (Limit of Recovery) 185,000 - Less Deductible (Insurance Required) 1,200,000

(Coinsurance Penalty applies because minimum insurance amount of \$1,200,000 was not met.)

### PRE-FIRM, HIGH-RISE, BASEMENT, MAXIMUM DISCOUNT, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$3,000,000
Contents Coverage: \$100,000
Condominium Type: High-rise
Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

# of Units: 50Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Building Type:
 3 or More Floors, including Basement

• Deductible: \$5,000/\$5,000

Deductible Factor: .920 (Maximum Total Discount of \$276 applies)

• Replacement Cost: \$3,750,000

Elevation Difference: N/A

• 80% Coinsurance Amount: \$3,000,000

• ICC Premium: \$75 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: 8CRS Discount: 10%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .90/.23 Contents: .96/.60

	BASI	C LIMITS		ADDITION (REGULAR I		LIMITS GRAM ON	LY)	DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE		RATE	ANNUA PREMIU		TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	150,000	.90	1,350	2,850,000		.23	6,555	-276	3,000,000	7,629
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	80,000		.60 480		0	100,000	672
RATE TYPE: (C	ONE BUILDING PER PC	LICY—BLA	NKET COVERA	GE NOT PERMITTED)	P/	YMENT		ANNUAL SUBTOTAL	1	8,301
☐ MANUAL ☐ SUBMIT FOR RATING					OPTION:			ICC PREMIUM		75
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM						CREDIT CARD SUBTOTAL				8,376
MORTGAGE	E PORTFOLIO PROTEC	CTION PRO	GRAM		OTHER: CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT 10%			NT <u>10%</u>	-838	
PROVISIONAL RATING						SUBTOTAL				7,538
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE CORI	RECT TO TH	HE BEST OF M	/ KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	DERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHARGE				GE	
ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UND FEDERAL LAW.						LICABLE		FEDERAL POLICY FEE		630
SIGNATURE OF	FINSURANCE AGENT/	BROKER		DATE (MM	/DD/\			TOTAL PREPAID AMOUNT		

### Premium Calculation:

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$7,905 / Contents: \$672

Apply Deductible Factor:
 Building: .920 x \$7,905 = \$7,273 / Contents: .920 x \$672 = \$618
 Premium Reduction:
 Building: \$276 (maximum discount since \$7,905 - \$7,273 = \$632

exceeds the maximum) / Contents: \$0

Subtotal: \$8,301
 Add ICC Premium: \$75
 Subtract CRS Discount: -\$838 (10%)
 Subtotal: \$7,538
 Probation Surcharge: N/A
 Add Federal Policy Fee: \$630
 Total Prepaid Amount: \$8,168

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Coinsurance Penalty does not apply since the minimum insurance amount of 80% was met.

NOTE: The NFIP accepts premium only in whole dollars. If the discount for an optional deductible does not result in a whole dollar premium, round up if 50¢ or more; round down if less. Always submit gross premium.

### POST-FIRM, HIGH-RISE, STANDARD DEDUCTIBLE, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$12,000,000
Contents Coverage: \$15,000
Condominium Type: High-rise
Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

• # of Units: 100

Date of Construction:
 Post-FIRM

Building Type:
 3 or More Floors, No Basement/Enclosure

Deductible: \$500/\$500
 Deductible Factor: 1.000
 Replacement Cost: \$15,000,000

Elevation Difference: 0

• 80% Coinsurance Amount: \$12,000,000

• ICC Premium: \$6 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: 9CRS Discount: 5%

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: 1.43/.04 Contents: .65/.12

COVERAGE	BASI	IC LIMITS			NAL LIMITS ROGRAM ONL	_Y)	DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	150,000	1.43	2,145	11,850,000	.04	4,740	0	12,000,000	6,885
CONTENTS	15,000	.65	98	0	.12	0	0	15,000	98
RATE TYPE: (OI	NE BUILDING PER PC	DLICY—BLA	NKET COVERA	GE NOT PERMITTED)	PAYMENT		ANNUAL SUBTOTAL	-	6,983
MANUAL		SUBMI	T FOR RATING		OPTION: ICC PREMIUM				
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM ☐ CREDIT CARD							6,989		
MORTGAGE	GRAM		CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT <u>5</u> %			COUNT <u>5</u> %	-349		
PROVISIONAL RATING							SUBTOTAL		6,640
THE ABOVE STA	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO TH	HE BEST OF M	Y KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	ERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHARGE			HARGE	_
ANY FALSE STA FEDERAL LAW.	BY FINE OR IN	MPRISONMENT UNDER A	APPLICABLE FEDERAL POLICY FEE		EE	630			
SIGNATURE OF	INSURANCE AGENT/	BROKER		DATE (MM/E	DD/YY)		TOTAL PREPAID AN	TNUON	7,270

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$6,885 / Contents: \$98

2. Apply Deductible Factor: Building:  $1.000 \times \$6,885 = \$6,885$  / Contents:  $1.000 \times \$98 = \$98$ 

3. Premium Increase: Building: \$0 / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$6,983 5. Add ICC Premium: \$6 Subtract CRS Discount: - \$349 (5%) 6. 7. Subtotal: \$6,640 8. Probation Surcharge: N/A Add Federal Policy Fee: \$630 10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$7,270

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Coinsurance Penalty does not apply since the minimum insurance amount of 80% was met.

NOTE: The NFIP accepts premium only in whole dollars. If the discount for an optional deductible does not result in a whole dollar premium, round up if 50¢ or more; round down if less. Always submit gross premium.

### PRE-FIRM, HIGH-RISE, ENCLOSURE, MAXIMUM DISCOUNT, COINSURANCE PENALTY, ZONE AE

Regular Program

Building Coverage: \$4,000,000
Contents Coverage: \$100,000
Condominium Type: High-rise
Flood Zone: AE

Occupancy: Other Residential

# of Units: 200Date of Construction: Pre-FIRM

Building Type:
 3 or More Floors, Including Enclosure

• Deductible: \$2,000/\$2,000

Deductible Factor: .980 (Maximum Total Discount of \$111 applies)

Replacement Cost: \$18,000,000

Elevation Difference: N/A

• 80% Coinsurance Amount: \$14,400,000

• ICC Premium: \$75 (\$30,000 Coverage)

CRS Rating: N/ACRS Discount: N/A

**Determined Rates:** 

Building: .90/.15 Contents: .96/.72

	BAS	ASIC LIMITS  (REGULAR PROGRAM ONLY)  AMOUNTS  AM						DEDUCTIBLE	BASIC AND ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	
COVERAGE	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	RATE	ANNUAL PREMIUM	AMOUNT OF INSURANCE		RATE	ANNU. PREMI		PREM. REDUCTION/ INCREASE	TOTAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	PREMIUM
BUILDING	150,000	.90	1,350	3,850,000		.15	5,775		-111	4,000,000	7,014
CONTENTS	20,000	.96	192	80,000		.72 576		6	0	100,000	768
RATE TYPE: (C	ONE BUILDING PER PO	DLICY—BLA	NKET COVERA		ANN	IUAL SUBTOTAL	7,782				
☐ MANUAL ☐ SUBMIT FOR RATING						OPTION:			PREMIUM	75	
☐ ALTERNATIVE ☐ V-ZONE RISK RATING FORM						☐ CREDIT CARD			BTOTAL		7,857
☐ MORTGAGE	E PORTFOLIO PROTE	CTION PRO	GRAM		OTHER:			CRS	CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNT%		_
PROVISION					SUBTOTAL			7,857			
THE ABOVE ST	ATEMENTS ARE COR	RECT TO TH	HE BEST OF MY	/ KNOWLEDGE. I UNDE	ERSTAND THAT PROBATION SURCHARGE			SE .	_		
ANY FALSE STA	IPRISONMENT UNDER	APPI	LICABLE		FED	ERAL POLICY FEE		630			
SIGNATURE OF	INSURANCE AGENT/	BROKER		DATE (MM/	/DD/Y	(Y)		тот	AL PREPAID AMOUN	NT	8,487

### **Premium Calculation:**

1. Multiply Rate x \$100 of Coverage: Building: \$7,125 / Contents: \$768

Apply Deductible Factor:
 Building: .980 x \$7,125 = \$6,983 / Contents: .980 x \$768 = \$753
 Premium Reduction:
 Building: \$111 (maximum discount since \$7,125 - \$6,983 = \$142

exceeds the maximum) / Contents: \$0

4. Subtotal: \$7,782
5. Add ICC Premium: \$75
6. Subtract CRS Discount: N/A
7. Subtotal: \$7,857
8. Probation Surcharge: N/A
9. Add Federal Policy Fee: \$630
10. Total Prepaid Amount: \$8,487

### CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT WITH COINSURANCE PROVISION

Claim Payment is determined as follows:

 $\frac{\text{(Insurance Carried)}}{\text{(Insurance Required)}} \quad \frac{4,000,000}{14,400,000} \quad \text{x (Amount of Loss)} \quad 1,000,000 = \text{(Limit of Recovery)} \quad 277,778 \text{ - Less Deductible}$ 

(Coinsurance Penalty applies because minimum insurance amount of \$14,400,000 was not met.)

CONDO 31 May 1, 2006

### **LOWEST FLOOR GUIDE**

This section is to be used as a guide for identifying the lowest floor for rating buildings being considered for coverage under the National Flood Insurance Program.

### I. LOWEST FLOOR DETERMINATION

The following guidance, along with the comments accompanying each building drawing provided in this section (pages LFG 8-59), will help insurance agents determine the lowest floor so that the appropriate rate can be applied.

### A. Non-Elevated Buildings

In a non-elevated building, the lowest floor used for rating is the building's lowest floor including a basement, if any.

If a building located in an A zone (any flood zone beginning with the letter A) has an attached garage, and the floor level of the garage is below the level of the building, and there is machinery/equipment on the floor of the garage that is below the BFE, the lowest floor is the garage floor unless the garage has proper openings (flood vents). See "Proper Openings" in the Definitions section.

### B. Elevated Buildings in A Zones

In an elevated building located in an A zone (any flood zone beginning with the letter A), the lowest floor used for rating is the lowest elevated floor, with the exceptions described below.

If a building located in an A zone has an enclosure below the elevated floor, **including** an attached garage, the enclosure or garage floor becomes the lowest floor for rating if any of the following conditions exists:

- The enclosed space is finished (having more than 20 linear feet of finished wall-paneling, etc.); or
- The enclosed space is used for other than building access (stairwells, elevators, etc.), parking, or storage; or
- The enclosed space has no proper openings (flood vents).

### 1. Enclosures with Openings

An elevated building with an enclosure below the elevated floor with proper

openings (flood vents) in the enclosure can be rated using the elevated floor as the lowest floor. (For elevated buildings with proper openings in the enclosure, the application should indicate "No" for enclosure.) This rule applies to buildings in Zones A, A1-A30, AE, AO, AH, AR, and AR Dual.

All enclosures (including an elevator shaft or a crawl space) below the lowest elevated floor must be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. A minimum of two openings, with positioning on at least two walls, having a total net area of not less than 1 square inch for every square foot of enclosed area must be provided. The bottom of all openings must be no higher than 1 foot above the grade underneath the openings.

# 2. Alternative to the Openings Requirement Above

In situations where it is not feasible to meet the openings requirement above, it is acceptable to use the following certification/letter in order for the enclosure floor elevation to be excluded for rating:

 A registered professional engineer or architect certification that the flood openings are designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. This certification is required to assure community officials that the openings are designed in accordance with accepted standards of practice. For acceptable certifications, refer to FEMA Technical Bulletin 1-93, "Openings in Foundation Walls for Buildings Located in Special Flood Hazard Areas" at

http://www.fema.gov/pdf/fima/job2.pdf.

or

A letter or other written evidence from the community building official that the flood openings have been accepted by the community as an alternative to the openings requirement in the International Building Code or the local ordinance based on the issuance of an Evaluation Report on openings by the International Code Council Evaluation Service, Inc.

### 3. Crawl Spaces

If a building elevated on a crawl space is located in an A zone and has an attached garage, use the following guidelines to determine the lowest floor for rating:

- Use the top of the crawl space (underfloor space) floor or the garage floor, whichever is lower, if neither the crawl space nor the garage has proper openings (flood vents); or
- Use the top of the crawl space floor, if the only area that has proper openings (flood vents) is the garage; or
- Use the top of the garage floor, if the only area that has proper openings (flood vents) is the crawl space; or
- Use the top of the finished floor (habitable floor), if both the crawl space and the garage have proper openings (flood vents).

### C. Elevated Buildings in V Zones

In Zones V, VE, and V1-V30, the floor of an enclosed area below the lowest elevated floor is the building's lowest floor if one or more of the following conditions are met:

- The enclosed space is finished (having more than 20 linear feet of finished wall-paneling, etc.); or
- The enclosed space is used for other than building access (stairwells, elevators, etc.), parking, or storage; or
- The enclosed space is of any size, and there is machinery or equipment below the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) located inside or outside the enclosed space. (Machinery or equipment is defined as building items permanently affixed to the building and that provide utility services for the building—i.e., furnaces, hot water heaters, heat pumps, air conditioners, and elevators and their associated equipment. Washers, dryers, and food freezers are contents items and are not considered machinery or equipment.); or
- The enclosed space is constructed with nonbreakaway walls (A non-breakaway wall is defined as a wall that is attached to the structural support of the building and is not designed or constructed to collapse under specific lateral loading forces. This type of construction endangers the foundation system of the building.); or

- The enclosed space is 300 square feet or more and has breakaway walls; *or*
- The enclosed space has load-bearing (supporting) walls.

If the enclosed space (enclosure) is at or above the BFE, use the "Free of Obstruction" rate table on page RATE 7 or page CONDO 19, as appropriate. The elevation of the bottom enclosure floor is the lowest floor for rating (LFE).

Also see "D. Post-'81 V Zone Optional Rating" on page RATE 23.

### II. USE OF ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is used to properly rate buildings located in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs). Use the criteria below in determining whether use of the Elevation Certificate is mandatory or optional. (See the Special Certifications section, pages CERT 1-2, for more information on using the Elevation Certificate.)

### A. Mandatory Use of Elevation Certificate

An Elevation Certificate is required for a Post-FIRM building located in Zones AE, A1-A30, VE, V1-V30, or a Pre-FIRM building opting for Post-FIRM rates (see "B." below).

An Elevation Certificate is also required for a Post-FIRM building located in unnumbered A Zones (With or Without Estimated BFE), Zone AH, and Zone AO, if the building has a basement or enclosure without proper openings (flood vents).

If the building is Post-FIRM construction located in unnumbered A Zones, check with the community official to determine if there is an estimated Base Flood Elevation. If available, an Elevation Certificate that certifies the lowest floor elevation must be submitted.

# B. Optional Rating Using the Elevation Certificate

Buildings located in AR and AR Dual zones, or constructed prior to publication of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (Pre-FIRM), can, at the option of the insured, be elevation-rated using Post-FIRM rates. The insured may select the more advantageous rate.

In addition, the Elevation Certificate is optional in unnumbered A Zones (With or Without Estimated BFE), Zone AH, and Zone AO if the building has no basement or enclosure.

### SPECIAL CERTIFICATIONS

This section presents detailed instructions for the completion of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Elevation Certificate and the NFIP Floodproofing Certificates.

NOTE: When determining the lowest floor for rating, refer to the Lowest Floor Guide section of this manual.

### NFIP ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The NFIP Elevation Certificate (EC) form and instructions were revised effective February 13, 2006. The surveyor, engineer, architect, property owner, or owner's representative is required to provide the square footage of the enclosed area below the lowest elevated floor (including an attached garage) and at least two photographs of the building when completing the EC to obtain flood insurance through the NFIP. This additional information will significantly enhance the agent's and company underwriter's ability to properly rate elevation-rated risks.

The new EC form and instructions (shown on pages CERT 9-24) will be phased in on a voluntary basis until December 31, 2006. Elevations certified on or after January 1, 2007, must be submitted on the new form and must include at least two photographs.

An exception is made to this requirement when the community official completes the old EC with elevation data received by the community before January 1, 2007. It must be noted in the

- Comments area of Section G that the community had the data on file before January
- 1, 2007.

Non-NFIP elevation certification forms certified on or after October 1, 2000, do not satisfy NFIP requirements and cannot be used for rating policies under any circumstances.

The EC is required on Post-FIRM construction, but is optional on Pre-FIRM construction. The EC is required by the NFIP to certify the lowest floor of a building so the policy can be properly rated, as follows (also see pages LFG 1-2):

### All Post-FIRM structures

The EC is to be completed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by state or local law to certify elevation information when it is required for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with Base Flood Elevations [BFEs]), V1-V30, VE, and V (with Community officials who BFEs). authorized by local law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information

CERT 1

may also complete this form. For Zones AO and A (without BFEs), a building official, a property owner, or an owner's representative may also provide the information on this certification. Building elevation information may be available through the community official if the community is a CRS participating community.

The lowest adjacent grade and diagram number are required for all new business applications effective on or after October 1, 1997, if the elevation certification date is on or after October 1, 1997.

Pre-FIRM structures rated under Post-FIRM rates

Pre-FIRM construction can be elevation rated using the Post-FIRM EC rates, which are more favorable rates if the lowest floor of the building is at or above the BFE for the community. In most cases, the lowest floor level of a Pre-FIRM building is below the BFE, and it would not benefit the insured to pay the cost for an EC in an attempt to secure a lower rate. The decision to obtain an EC and to request Post-FIRM rating of a Pre-FIRM building is an option of the insured.

### AR and AR Dual Zones

The EC is optional on all Post- and Pre-FIRM construction located in AR and AR dual zones. The decision to obtain an EC and to request Post-FIRM rating is at the discretion of the insured. The EC includes the AR and AR dual zone elevation requirements.

Detailed instructions for completion are provided with the EC.

The producer is to attach the original of the completed EC to the Application. A photocopy is to be forwarded to the policyholder and a copy is retained by the producer.

### **USING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:** SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Section A – Property [Owner] Information

Section A of the EC includes the building use. This information is helpful in validating the data collected by the insurance agent, and the Flood Insurance Application information.

- On the new EC, latitude, longitude, and related information are optional only if the document is being certified by other than a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect.
- If the new EC is being used to obtain flood insurance, and the certification date is on or after January 1, 2007, the EC must be accompanied by at least two current photographs of the building.
- For any crawl space, enclosure(s), or attached garage, the new EC collects square footage, number of flood openings within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade, and total area of flood openings in square inches. (A parking area located beneath an elevated floor is not considered an attached garage.)

The information found in Section A of the EC is critical, as it relates to the insured property. Should information be missing from Section A (except latitude, longitude, and related information), the certificate must be returned to the surveyor, engineer, architect, or community official who executed the form. These individuals should be encouraged to fully complete Section A to avoid any delay in the issuance of the flood insurance policy.

# Section B – Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Information

The Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) information includes the following:

- FIRM panel effective date and revised date;
- · Source of the BFE or base flood depth;

NOTE: The same elevation datum should be used in determining all certification elevations as was used in determining the BFE (i.e., NGVD 1929 or NAVD 1988).

 Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA).

NOTE: Refer to the Coastal Barrier
Resources System section of this
manual for flood insurance
coverage eligibility.

# Section C – Building Elevation Information (Survey Required)

Responsibilities for building elevation information are as follows.

 The surveyor, engineer, or architect is required to provide a number of elevations based on the building type selected.  From the elevations gathered, the insurance agent is required to determine the lowest floor for rating flood insurance.

As it relates to Section C, information found not to be applicable to the property being certified should be marked NA (not applicable) by the surveyor, engineer, or architect. If any part of Section C is left blank, critically review it and contact the surveyor, engineer, or architect who completed the form and your company underwriter with any questions.

Elevation(s) of machinery and equipment servicing the building (e.g., water heater, furnace, a/c compressor, heat pump, water pump) must be provided, regardless of its location, whether inside or outside of the building, elevated on a platform or non-elevated.

The surveyor, engineer, or architect may not be able to gain access to some crawl spaces to shoot the elevation of the crawl space floor. In this instance, Item C2.a on the new EC (C3.a on the old EC) may be left blank and the estimated measurements entered in the Comments area of Section D.

Elevations in Section C are based on feet, except in Puerto Rico, where the metric system is used. The agent must convert any metric elevation readings into feet before calculating the flood insurance premium.

## Section D – Surveyor, Engineer, or Architect Certification

Section D is the surveyor's, engineer's, or architect's certification that the information provided in Sections A, B, and C is representative of the certifier's best efforts to interpret the data available. The surveyor's, engineer's, or architect's signature and identification number are required fields. Some States also may require a seal.

# Section E – Building Elevation Information (Survey Not Required) for Zone AO and Zone A (Without BFE)

Building Diagram Number (old EC) and the elevation difference between the lowest floor and the lowest adjacent grade (new EC) and highest adjacent grade are required.

For Zone A (without a FEMA-issued or community-issued BFE) and Zone AO, a property owner or owner's authorized representative may complete Sections A, B, and E.

CERT 2 May 1, 2006

# Section F - Property Owner (or Owner's Representative) Certification

Address and other contact information about the property owner are requested in Section F. The party completing Sections A, B, C (on the old EC, Items C3.h and C3.i only), and E must execute Section F as well.

### Section G – Community Information (Optional)

The local official who is authorized by law or ordinance to administer the community's floodplain management ordinance may transfer elevation information found on existing documentation (i.e.. an older elevation certification form, or surveyor letterhead) to Section C of the EC. The local official must then certify this information by fully completing Section G. A statement advising FEMA of this transfer of information must be made in the comment section of the newer EC. Section G may also be used to certify Item E4.

### III. FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE

### A. Purpose and Eligibility

- In certain circumstances, floodproofing may be permitted as an alternative to elevating to or above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE); however, a floodproofing design certification is required. Certified floodproofing may result in lower rates.
- Non-residential buildings in any community, in all locations except in V-Zones, may be floodproofed in lieu of elevating.
- Residential buildings may be floodproofed only if they have basements, are located in Zones A1-A30, AE, AR, AR Dual, AO, and AH, and only if they are located in communities specifically approved and authorized by FEMA. A current list of approved communities appears on page CERT 4.
- The allowable methods of floodproofing for non-residential buildings differ from those allowed for residential buildings. The specific requirements should be available from the local government.

### **B.** Specifications

The specifications for floodproofing ensure that the building is watertight without human intervention, its floodproofed walls will not collapse, and the floor at the base of the floodproofed walls will resist flotation during flooding conditions.

### C. Rating

In order to be eligible for lower rates, the insured must have a registered professional engineer or architect certify that the floodproofing conforms with the minimum floodproofing specifications of FEMA. This means that the building must be floodproofed to at least 1 foot above the BFE. If floodproofed to 1 foot above the BFE, flood depth, or comparable community approved floodplain management standards, it can then be treated for rating purposes as having a "0" elevation difference from the BFE. This certification must be submitted with the Flood Insurance Application.

To further illustrate, if the building is certified to be floodproofed to 2 feet above the BFE, flood depth, or comparable community approved floodplain management standards, whichever is highest, then it is credited for floodproofing and is to be treated for rating purposes as having a "+1" foot elevation.

See the Rating Section for special rating rules for Zones AO and AH.

### D. Certification

Residential Buildings (With Basements)

The Residential Basement Floodproofing Certificate is available for residential buildings with basements located in Zones A1-A30, AE, AR, AR Dual, AO, AH, and A with estimated BFE *and* located in a FEMA-approved community that is listed on the next page. To receive credit for floodproofing, the completed certificate must be submitted.

### Non-residential Buildings

A completed Floodproofing Certificate for Non-residential Structures is required for all such buildings in Regular Program communities, located in Zones A1-A30, AE, AR, AR Dual, AO, AH, and A with estimated BFE, in order to receive credit for floodproofing in lieu of elevation.

### APPROVED COMMUNITIES FOR RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING RATING CREDIT

COMMUNITY NUMBER	STATE/COMMUNITY NAME	EFFECTIVE DATE <sup>1</sup>	COMMUNITY NUMBER	STATE/COMMUNITY NAME	EFFECTIVE DATE <sup>1</sup>
	Alaska			New York	
025009	Fairbanks N. Star Borough	2/28/73	360226 360232	Amherst, Town of Clarence, Town of	11/20/78 8/01/00
	Idaho			North Dakota	
160028	Ammon, City of	6/8/90		NOTHI DAKOLA	
	Iowa		380256 380020	Barnes, Township of Casselton, City of	1/22/82 6/18/81
190488	Clive, City of	4/24/81	385364 380137	Fargo, City of Grafton, City of	3/26/75 <sup>2</sup> 5/21/81
190031	Independence, City of	9/7/89	380338	Harwood, City of	12/19/85
190309	La Porte City, City of	6/12/89	380259	Harwood, Township of	1/22/82
	Kansas		380022 380023	Horace, City of Mapleton, City of	1/22/82 1/22/82 <sup>2</sup>
	ranoao		380681	Oxbow, City of	6/1/92 <sup>2</sup>
200484	Colwich, City of	1/17/86 2/15/83 <sup>2</sup>	380263	Pleasant, Township of	5/5/83
200323 200019	Derby, City of Great Bend, City of	2/15/83 8/10/83	380257 380324	Reed, Township of Reiles Acres, City of	1/22/82 8/23/82
200131	Halstead, City of	7/8/83	380258	Stanley, Township of	2/8/82
200215	Lindsborg, City of	11/7/94	380024	West Fargo, City of	6/5/78
200334 200319	Rossville, City of Salina, City of	2/18/92 3/6/86		South Dakota	
200316	Saline County	1/14/86			
200134	Sedgwick, City of	5/19/86 <sup>2</sup>	460044	Madison, City of	8/30/83
	Minnesota			Wisconsin	
270267	Alvarado, City of	2/28/85	550612	Allouez, Village of	1/11/93 <sup>2</sup>
275235	Clay County	3/28/75	550600	Ashwaubenon, Village of	10/27/78
270080 275236	Dilworth, City of East Grand Forks, City of	8/29/83 5/15/86 <sup>2</sup>	550020 550021	Brown County Depere, City of	2/21/79 <sup>2</sup> 10/27/78
275244	Moorhead, City of	2/12/76	550022	Green Bay, City of	10/27/78
270414	Roseau, City of	7/14/92	550023	Howard, Village of	10/27/78
270273 270274	Stephen, City of Warren, City of	5/10/83 9/24/82	550309	Shiocton, Village of	8/1/98
	Nebraska				
040000		4/05/70			
310069 310103	Fremont, City of Grand Island, City of	1/25/79 7/29/80			
310100	Hall County	2/10/80			
310001	Hastings, City of	7/8/83			
310239 310046	North Bend, City of Schuyler, City of	10/15/98 9/17/91			
310039	Sidney, City of	12/4/84			
310104	Wood River, City of	1/12/82			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective date corresponds to the date of the letter from FEMA that granted the community's exception request.

The date the community adopted floodproofing ordinances.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

# RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE

Paperwork Burden Disclosure O.M.B. No. 1660-0033 Expires April 30, 2007

National Flood Insura	National Flood Insurance Program							
For use ON floodproofe	LY in commu d residential l	nities w basemen	hich have t ts in Specia	oeen gra al Flood	nted an exception by F Hazard Areas.	EMA to al	low the const	ruction of
BUILDING OWN	ER'S NAME						FOR INSURANCE C	OMPANY USE
						POLICY NUM	IBER	
BUILDING STREE	T ADDRESS (Includ	ding Apt., U	Init, Number)			COMPANYN	AIC NUMBER	
OTHER DESCRIP	TION (Lot and Bloc	k Numbers	, etc.)					
CITY						STATE		ZIP CODE
			SECTION I-FL	OOD INSI	JRANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INF	ORMATION		
		Provide			RM and flood profile (from Flo		Study)	
COMMUNITY NUMBER	PANEL NUMBER	SUFFIX	DATE OF FIRM	FIRM ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (IN AO ZONES, USE D			DODING SOURCE(S) ING BUILDING
	SECTI	ON II-FLO	ODPROOFING	INFORMA	TION (By a Registered Profess	ional Enginee	er or Architect)	
Elevati	Floodproofing Design Elevation Information:  Building is floodproofed to an elevation of (Elevation datum used must be the same as that on the FIRM.)  Elevation of the top of the basement floor is							
SECTION III-CERTIFICATION (By a Registered Professional Engineer or Architect)								
Residential Floodproofed Basement Construction Certification:								
consideration methods of co	of the depth,	velocity, i he floodp	and duration	n of floor	structural design specifica ding and the type and per be used are in accordance	meability o	of soils at the si	te, the design and
• Base tion	ment, togethe with walls th	r with at at are im	tendant uti permeable	lities an to the p	d sanitary facilities, is w assage of water without	atertight to human into	o the floodproervention; and	ofing design eleva-
<ul> <li>Basement walls and floor are capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effects of buoyancy resulting from flooding to the floodproofing design elevation; and have been designed so that minimal damage will occur from floods that exceed the floodproofing design elevation; and</li> <li>Building design, including the floodproofing design elevation, complies with community requirements.</li> </ul>								
I certify that the information on this certificate represents my best efforts to interpret the data available. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code Section 1001.								
CERTIFIER'S NAM	ИЕ					LICENSE NUM	1BER (or affix Seal)	
TITLE					COMPANY NAME			
ADDRESS					CITY	STATE		ZIP
SIGNATURE						PHONE NO.		DATE
	Copies of this certificate must be given to: 1) the community official; 2) the insurance agent; and 3) the building owner.							

FEMA Form 81-78, May 04 F-200 (05/04)

### PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE

FEMA Form 81-78

Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 3.35 hours per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to: Information Collections Management, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Emergency Preparedness and Response Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW, Washington, DC 20472, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0033). **NOTE: Do not send your completed form to this address.** 

### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

National Flood Insurance Program

FEMA Form 81-65, Feb 06

O.M.B. NO. 1660-0008 Expires February 28, 2009

# FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES

The floodproofing of non-residential buildings may be permitted as an alternative to elevating to or above the Base Flood Elevation; however, a floodproofing design certification is required. This form is to be used for that certification. Floodproofing of a residential building does not alter a community's floodplain management elevation requirements or affect the insurance rating unless the community has been issued an exception by FEMA to allow floodproofed residential basements. The permitting of a floodproofed residential basement requires a separate certification specifying that the design complies with the local floodplain management ordinance.

				F	OR INSURANCE COMPANY USE
BUILDING OWNER'S NAME				P	POLICY NUMBER
STREET ADDRESS (Including Apt., U	Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. Nu	umber) OR P.O. ROU	TE AND BOX NUMBER		COMPANY NAIC NUMBER
OTHER DESCRIPTION (Lot and Bloo	ck Numbers, etc.)			ľ	OWPANT NAIC NOMBER
	or Numbers, etc.,			L	
CITY				STA	ATE ZIP CODE
	SECTION I	I FLOOD INSUF	RANCE RATE MAP (FIR	M) INFORMATIO	N
Provide the following from the	e proper FIRM:				
COMMUNITY NUMBER	PANEL NUMBER	SUFFIX	DATE OF FIRM INDEX	FIRM ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (In AO Zones, Use Depth)
SECT	ION II FLOODPROG	OFING INFORM	ATION (By a Registered	Professional Engir	neer or Architect)
Floodproofing Design Elev	vation Information:				
			feet NGVD (Flevation	an datum used mus	st be the same as that on the FIRM.)
			acent grade is		x be the same as that on the r ham.
(NOTE: for insurance	rating purposes, the	building's floodpr	oofed design elevation m	ust be at least one	foot above the Base Flood Elevation to insurance rating will result in a higher
	SECTION III CE	ERTIFICATION (I	By Registered Profession	nal Engineer or Arc	chitect)
Non-Residential Floodpro	ofed Construction	Certification:			,
י ו certify that, based עו	oon development and	d/or review of stru	ctural design, specification practice for meeting the fo		onstruction, the design and methods of s:
	ogether with attendan ubstantially impermea			t to the floodproofe	ed design elevation indicated above, with
	mponents are capable is impact forces.	e of resisting hyd	rostatic and hydrodynami	c flood forces, inclu	uding the effects of buoyancy, and
I certify that the inform may be punishable by				ne data available. I	understand that any false statement
CERTIFIER'S NAME			LICENSE NUMBER (	or Affix Seal)	
TITLE			COMPANY NAME		
ADDRESS			CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
SIGNATURE			DATE	PHONE	
Copies should	d be made of this Cer	rtificate for: 1) cor	nmunity official, 2) Insura	nce agent/compan	y, and 3) building owner.
•		,	• , ,	•	

Replaces all previous editions

F-056 (2/06)

### FLOOD INSURANCE FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE FEMA FORM 81-65

**GENERAL**—This information is provided pursuant to Public Law 96-511 (the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, as amended), dated December 11, 1980, to allow the public to participate more fully and meaningfully in the Federal paperwork review process.

**AUTHORITY**—Public Law 96-511, amended; 44 U.S.C. 3507; and 5 CFR 1320

PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE—The public reporting burden for this form is estimated to be 3.25 hours per response. The burden estimates includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number appears in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW, Washington, DC 20472, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0008).

NOTE: Please do not send your completed form to the above address.



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

# **ELEVATION CERTIFICATE**

### **AND**

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

## **NEW EDITION**

Voluntary-Use Date: February 13, 2006 Mandatory-Use Date: January 1, 2007

# NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE

Public reporting burden for the Elevation Certificate is estimated to average 3.5 hours per response. Burden means the time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose, or provide information to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). You are not required to respond to the collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed in the upper right corner of the form. You may send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing the burden to: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Mitigation Division, 500 C Street SW, Washington DC 20472, Paperwork Reduction Project (1660-0008). NOTE: Do not send your completed form to this address. To obtain or retain benefits under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), you must respond to this collection of information.

### PURPOSE OF THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is an important administrative tool of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). It is to be used to provide elevation information necessary to ensure compliance with community floodplain management ordinances, to determine the proper insurance premium rate, and to support a request for a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) or Letter of Map Revision based on fill (LOMR-F).

The Elevation Certificate is required in order to properly rate post-FIRM buildings, which are buildings constructed after publication of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), located in flood insurance Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO. The Elevation Certificate is not required for pre-FIRM buildings unless the building is being rated under the optional post-FIRM flood insurance rules.

As part of the agreement for making flood insurance available in a community, the NFIP requires the community to adopt a floodplain management ordinance that specifies minimum requirements for reducing flood losses. One such requirement is for the community to obtain the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new and substantially improved buildings, and maintain a record of such information. The Elevation Certificate provides a way for a community to document compliance with the community's floodplain management ordinance.

Use of this certificate does not provide a waiver of the flood insurance purchase requirement. Only a LOMA or LOMR-F from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) can amend the FIRM and remove the Federal mandate for a lending institution to require the purchase of flood insurance. However, the lending institution has the option of requiring flood insurance even if a LOMA/LOMR-F has been issued by FEMA. The Elevation Certificate may be used to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request. Lowest floor and lowest adjacent grade elevations certified by a surveyor or engineer will be required if the certificate is used to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request. A LOMA or LOMR-F request must be submitted with either a completed FEMA MT-EZ or MT-1 package, whichever is appropriate.

This certificate is used only to certify building elevations. A separate certificate is required for floodproofing. Under the NFIP, non-residential buildings can be floodproofed up to or above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). A floodproofed building is a building that has been designed and constructed to be watertight (substantially impermeable to floodwaters) below the BFE. Floodproofing of residential buildings is not permitted under the NFIP unless FEMA has granted the community an exception for residential floodproofed basements. The community must adopt standards for design and construction of floodproofed basements before FEMA will grant a basement exception. For both floodproofed non-residential buildings and residential floodproofed basements in communities that have been granted an exception by FEMA, a floodproofing certificate is required.

Additional guidance can be found in the FEMA Floodplain Management Bulletin about using the Elevation Certificate, available on FEMA's website at <a href="www.fema.gov/fima/fpmbul.shtm">www.fema.gov/fima/fpmbul.shtm</a>. Click on "FEMA 467-1 Elevation Certificate Cover and Bulletin."

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Federal Emergency Management Agency National Flood Insurance Program

### **ELEVATION CERTIFICATE**

OMB No. 1660-0008 Expires February 28, 2009

Program Important: Read the instructions on pages 1-8.

SECTION A - PROPERTY INFORMATION	For Insurance Company Use:								
A1. Building Owner's Name	Policy Number								
A2. Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No.	Company NAIC Number								
City State	ZIP Code								
A3. Property Description (Lot and Block Numbers, Tax Parcel Number, Legal Description, etc.)									
A6. Attach at least 2 photographs of the building if the Certificate is being used to obtain flood insurance.  A7. Building Diagram Number  A8. For a building with a crawl space or enclosure(s), provide:  a) Square footage of crawl space or enclosure(s)  b) No. of permanent flood openings in the crawl space or enclosure(s)  b) No. of permanent flood openings in the crawl space or enclosure(s) walls within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade  walls within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade	tached garage sq ft od openings in the attached garage above adjacent grade d openings in A9.b sq in								
B1. NFIP Community Name & Community Number B2. County Name	B3. State								
B4. Map/Panel Number B5. Suffix B6. FIRM Index Date B7. FIRM Panel B8. Flood Zone(s)	B9. Base Flood Elevation(s) (Zone AO, use base flood depth)								
B10. Indicate the source of the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) data or base flood depth entered in Item B9.  FIS Profile FIRM Community Determined Other (Describe)  B11. Indicate elevation datum used for BFE in Item B9: NGVD 1929 NAVD 1988 Other (Describe)  B12. Is the building located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)?  Designation Date OPA	11. Indicate elevation datum used for BFE in Item B9: NGVD 1929 NAVD 1988 Other (Describe)  12. Is the building located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)? Yes No								
SECTION C - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY REQUI	IRED)								
C1. Building elevations are based on: Construction Drawings* Building Under Construction*  *A new Elevation Certificate will be required when construction of the building is complete.  C2. Elevations – Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/A below according to the building diagram specified in Item A7.  Benchmark Utilized	Finished Construction  AH, AR/AO. Complete Items C2.a-g								
Check the measur	ement used.								
b) Top of the next higher floor c) Bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member (V Zones only) d) Attached garage (top of slab) e) Lowest elevation of machinery or equipment servicing the building (Describe type of equipment in Comments) f) Lowest adjacent (finished) grade (LAG)	eters (Puerto Rico only)								
SECTION D - SURVEYOR, ENGINEER, OR ARCHITECT CERTIFICAT	ION								
This certification is to be signed and sealed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect authorized by law to certify enformation. I certify that the information on this Certificate represents my best efforts to interpret the data available. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section 1001.  Check here if comments are provided on back of form.	PLACE								
Certifier's Name License Number	SEAL HERE								
Title Company Name									
Address City State ZIP Code									
Signature Date Telephone									

IMPORTANT: In these	spaces, copy the correspondin	g information from Section A		For Insurance Company Use:
	luding Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. N			Policy Number
City		State	ZIP Code	Company NAIC Number
- City		Olulo .	ZII Code	Company NAIC Number
93	SECTION D - SURVEYOR, ENGI	NEER, OR ARCHITECT CER	TIFICATION (CON	TINUED)
11111-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	ration Certificate for (1) community offi	cial, (2) insurance agent/company,	and (3) building own	er.
Comments				
Signature		Date		Check here if attachments
SECTION E - BUILD	ING ELEVATION INFORMATION	(SURVEY NOT REQUIRED)	FOR ZONE AO A	
	ut BFE), complete Items E1-E5. If the se natural grade, if available. Check t			
	rmation for the following and check th	e appropriate boxes to show wheth	er the elevation is at	ove or below the highest adjacent
a) Top of bottom floor	lowest adjacent grade (LAG). (including basement, crawl space, or			ove or Delow the HAG.
	(including basement, crawl space, or		et 🗌 meters 🗌 ab	
	s 6-8 with permanent flood openings p diagrams) of the building is			
E3. Attached garage (top	of slab) is feet [	meters above or below	w the HAG.	
	chinery and/or equipment servicing th			_
	lood depth number is available, is the No Unknown. The local offi			community's floodplain management
Granance: 103	THE CHARLES HIS THE LOCAL OIL	olar must dertify this information in	occion o.	
	SECTION F - PROPERTY OWNE	R (OR OWNER'S REPRESEN	NTATIVE) CERTIF	ICATION
	er's authorized representative who cor			A-issued or community-issued BFE)
	The statements in Sections A, B, and s Authorized Representative's Name	d E are correct to the best of my kr.	lowleage.	
rioperty Gamer 3 or Gamer	5 Fautionized Representative 5 Harrie			
Address		City	State	ZIP Code
Signature		Date	Telephon	е
Comments				
	05051011.0	MANUAL TY INCORMATION (	DTIONIAL Y	Check here if attachmen
he local official who is autho	rized by law or ordinance to administe	OMMUNITY INFORMATION (O		an complete Sections A. B. C. (or F.)
	cate. Complete the applicable item(s)			
	Section C was taken from other docum			
	v to certify elevation information. (Indi al completed Section E for a building le			1
	nation (Items G4G9.) is provided for			-issued BFE) of Zolle AO.
G4. Permit Number	G5. Date Permit Issued			iance/Occupancy Issued
7. This permit has been iss	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON	Substantial Improvement		
	st floor (including basement) of the bu		feet  meters (PI	1
9. BFE or (in Zone AO) dep	th of flooding at the building site:		feet  meters (PI	R) Datum
Local Official's Name		Title		
Community Name		Telephone		
Signature		Date		
Comments				
				Check here if attachmen
EMA Form 81-31, Febru	ary 2006			Replaces all previous edition

# Building Photographs See Instructions for Item A6.

			For Insurance Company Use:
uilding Street Address (inclu	iding Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P	P.O. Route and Box No.	Policy Number
ity	State	ZIP Code	Company NAIC Number
e instructions for Item A6.	ricate to obtain NFIP flood insurance, aff . Identify all photographs with: date taken View." If submitting more photographs	n; "Front View" and "Rear Vie	ew"; and, if required, "Righ

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# Building Photographs Continuation Page

Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No. 1)  Dity State  f submitting more photographs than will fit on the precede the photographs with: date taken; "Front View" and "Rear View";	ZIP Code	Policy Number  Company NAIC Number
		Company NAIC Number
f submitting more photographs than will fit on the precedence on the precedence of t	ing page, affix the additional photo	
	and, if required, "Right Side View" a	ographs below. Identify all and "Left Side View."

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### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is to be completed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information when elevation information is required for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO. Community officials who are authorized by law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information may also complete this form. For Zones AO and A (without BFE), a community official, a property owner, or an owner's representative may provide information on this certificate, unless the elevations are intended for use in supporting a request for a LOMA or LOMR-F. Certified elevations must be included if the purpose of completing the Elevation Certificate is to obtain a LOMA or LOMR-F.

The property owner, the owner's representative, or local official who is authorized by law to administer the community floodplain ordinance can complete Section A and Section B. The partially completed form can then be given to the land surveyor, engineer, or architect to complete Section C. The land surveyor, engineer, or architect should verify the information provided by the property owner or owner's representative to ensure that this certificate is complete.

In Puerto Rico only, elevations for building information and flood hazard information may be entered in meters.

### SECTION A - PROPERTY INFORMATION

Items A1.-A4. This section identifies the building, its location, and its owner. Enter the name(s) of the building owner(s), the building's complete street address, and the lot and block numbers. If the building's address is different from the owner's address, enter the address of the building being certified. If the address is a rural route or a Post Office box number, enter the lot and block numbers, the tax parcel number, the legal description, or an abbreviated location description based on distance and direction from a fixed point of reference. For the purposes of this certificate, "building" means both a building and a manufactured (mobile) home.

A map may be attached to this certificate to show the location of the building on the property. A tax map, FIRM, or detailed community map is appropriate. If no map is available, provide a sketch of the property location, and the location of the building on the property. Include appropriate landmarks such as nearby roads, intersections, and bodies of water. For building use, indicate whether the building is residential, non-residential, an addition to an existing residential or non-residential building, an accessory building (e.g., garage), or other type of structure. Use the Comments area of the appropriate section if needed, or attach additional comments.

Item A5. Provide latitude and longitude coordinates for the center of the front of the building. Use either decimal degrees (e.g., 39.5043°, -110.7585°) or degrees, minutes, seconds (e.g., 39° 30′ 15.5°, -110° 45′ 30.7°) format. If decimal degrees are used, provide coordinates to at least 4 decimal places or better. When using degrees, minutes, seconds, provide seconds to at least 1 decimal place or better. The latitude and longitude coordinates must be accurate within 66 feet. If the Elevation Certificate is being certified by other than a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect, this information is not required. Provide the type of datum used to obtain the latitude and longitude. FEMA prefers the use of NAD 1983.

Item A6. If the Elevation Certificate is being used to obtain flood insurance through the NFIP, the certifier must provide at least two photographs showing the front and rear of the building taken within 90 days from the date of certification. The photographs must be taken with views confirming the building description and diagram number provided in Section A. If the building has split-level or multi-level areas, provide at least two additional photographs showing side views of the building. All photographs must be in color and measure at least 3"x3". Digital photographs are acceptable.

Item A7. Select the diagram on pages 7-8 that best represents the building. Then enter the diagram number and use the diagram to identify and determine the appropriate elevations requested in Items C2.a-g. If you are unsure of the correct diagram, select the diagram that most closely resembles the building being certified.

Item A8.a Provide the square footage of the crawl space or enclosure(s) below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building with or without permanent flood openings. Take the measurement from the outside of the crawl space or enclosure(s). Examples of elevated buildings constructed with crawl space and enclosure(s) are shown in Diagrams 6-8 on page 8. Diagram 2 or 4 should be used for a building constructed with a crawl space floor that is below the exterior grade on all sides.

Items A8.b-c Enter in Item A8.b the number of permanent flood openings in the crawl space or enclosure(s) walls that are no higher than 1.0 foot above the adjacent grade. Estimate the total net area of all such permanent flood openings in square inches, excluding any bars, louvers, or other covers of the permanent flood openings, and enter the total in Item A8.c. If the net

area cannot be reasonably estimated, provide the size of the flood openings without consideration of any covers and indicate in the Comments area the type of cover that exists in the flood openings. If the crawl space or enclosure(s) walls have no permanent openings within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade, enter "0" (zero) in Items A8.b-c.

Item A9.a Provide the square footage of the attached garage with or without permanent flood openings. Take the measurement from the outside of the garage.

Items A9.b-c Enter in Item A9.b the number of permanent flood openings in the attached garage that are no higher than 1.0 foot above the adjacent grade. This includes any openings that are in the garage door that are no higher than 1.0 foot above the adjacent grade. Estimate the total <u>net</u> area of all such permanent flood openings in square inches and enter the total in Item A9.c. If the garage has no permanent flood openings within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade, enter "0" (zero) in Items A9.b-c.

### SECTION B - FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION

Complete the Elevation Certificate on the basis of the FIRM in effect at the time of the certification.

The information for Section B is obtained by reviewing the FIRM panel that includes the building's location. Information about the current FIRM is available from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) by calling 1-800-358-9616. If a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) or Letter of Map Revision (LOMR-F) has been issued by FEMA, please provide the letter date and case number in the Comments area of Section D or Section G, as appropriate.

For a building in an area that has been annexed by one community but is shown on another community's FIRM, enter the community name and 6-digit number of the annexing community in Item B1, the name of the new county in Item B2, and the FIRM index date for the annexing community in Item B6. Enter information from the actual FIRM panel that shows the building location, even if it is the FIRM for the previous jurisdiction, in Items B4, B5, B7, B8, and B9.

Item B1. NFIP Community Name & Community Number. Enter the complete name of the community in which the building is located and the associated 6-digit community number. For a newly incorporated community, use the name and 6-digit number of the new community. Under the NFIP, a "community" is any State or area or political subdivision thereof, or any Indian tribe or authorized native organization, that has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for the areas within its jurisdiction. To determine the current community number, see the NFIP Community Status Book, available on FEMA's web site at <a href="http://www.fema.gov/fema/csb.shtm">http://www.fema.gov/fema/csb.shtm</a>, or call 1-800-358-9616.

Item B2. County Name. Enter the name of the county or counties in which the community is located. For an unincorporated area of a county, enter "unincorporated area." For an independent city, enter "independent city."

Item B3. State. Enter the 2-letter state abbreviation (for example, VA, TX, CA).

Items B4.-B5. Map/Panel Number and Suffix. Enter the 10-character "Map Number" or "Community Panel Number" shown on the FIRM where the building or manufactured (mobile) home is located. For maps in a county-wide format, the sixth character of the "Map Number" is the letter "C" followed by a four-digit map number. For maps not in a county-wide format, enter the "Community Panel Number" shown on the FIRM.

Item B6. FIRM Index Date. Enter the effective date or the map revised date shown on the FIRM Index.

Item B7. FIRM Panel Effective/Revised Date. Enter the map effective date or the map revised date shown on the FIRM panel. This will be the latest of all dates shown on the map. The current FIRM panel effective date can be determined by calling 1-800-358-9616.

Item B8. Flood Zone(s). Enter the flood zone, or flood zones, in which the building is located. All flood zones containing the letter "A" or "V" are considered Special Flood Hazard Areas. The flood zones are A, AE, A1-A30, V, VE, V1-V30, AH, AO, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO. Each flood zone is defined in the legend of the FIRM panel on which it appears.

Item B9. Base Flood Elevation(s). Using the appropriate Flood Insurance Study (FIS) Profile, Floodway Data Table, or FIRM panel, locate the property and enter the BFE (or base flood depth) of the building site. If the building is located in more than one flood zone in Item B8, list all appropriate BFEs in Item B9. BFEs are shown on a FIRM or FIS Profile for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, V1-V30, VE, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO; flood depth numbers are shown for Zone AO. Use the AR BFE if the building is located in any of Zones AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO. In A or V zones where BFEs are not provided on the FIRM, BFEs may be available from another source. For example, the community may have established BFEs or obtained BFE data from other sources for the building site. For subdivisions and other developments of more than 50 lots or 5 acres, establishment of BFEs is required by the community's floodplain management ordinance. If a BFE is obtained from another source, enter the BFE in Item B9. In an A Zone where BFEs are not available, complete Section E and enter N/A for Section B, Item B9. Enter the BFE to the nearest tenth of a foot (nearest tenth of a meter, in Puerto Rico).

Item B10. Indicate the source of the BFE that you entered in Item B9. If the BFE is from a source other than FIS Profile, FIRM, or community, describe the source of the BFE.

Item B11. Indicate the elevation datum to which the elevations on the applicable FIRM are referenced as shown on the map legend. The vertical datum is shown in the Map Legend and/or the Notes to Users on the FIRM.

Item B12. Indicate whether the building is located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). (OPAs are portions of coastal barriers that are owned by Federal, State, or local governments or by certain non-profit organizations and used primarily for natural resources protection.) Federal flood insurance is prohibited in designated CBRS areas or OPAs for buildings or manufactured (mobile) homes built or substantially improved after the date of the CBRS or OPA designation. For the first CBRS designations, that date is October 1, 1983. An information sheet explaining CBRS areas and OPAs may be obtained on FEMA's web site at <a href="http://www.fema.gov/fhm/fmc\_cbrs.shtm">http://www.fema.gov/fhm/fmc\_cbrs.shtm</a>.

### SECTION C - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY REQUIRED)

Complete Section C if the building is located in any of Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO, or if this certificate is being used to support a request for a LOMA or LOMR-F. If the building is located in Zone AO or Zone A (without BFE), complete Section E instead. To ensure that all required elevations are obtained, it may be necessary to enter the building (for instance, if the building has a basement or sunken living room, split-level construction, or machinery and equipment).

Surveyors may not be able to gain access to some crawl spaces to shoot the elevation of the crawl space floor. If access to the crawl space is limited or cannot be gained, follow one of these procedures.

- Use a yardstick or tape measure to measure the height from the floor of the crawl space to the "next higher floor," and then subtract the crawl space height from the elevation of the "next higher floor." If there is no access to the crawl space, use the exterior grade next to the structure to measure the height of the crawl space to the "next higher floor."
- Contact the local floodplain administrator of the community in which the building is located. The community may have documentation of the elevation of the crawl space floor as part of the permit issued for the building.
- If the property owner has documentation or knows the height of the crawl space floor to the next higher floor, try to verify this by looking inside the crawl space through any openings or vents.

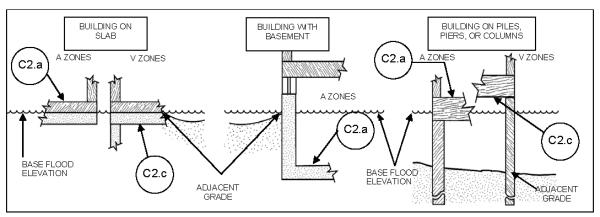
In all three cases, provide the elevation in the Comments area of Section D on the back of the form and a brief description of how the elevation was obtained.

Item C1. Indicate whether the elevations to be entered in this section are based on construction drawings, a building under construction, or finished construction. For either of the first two choices, a post-construction Elevation Certificate will be required when construction is complete. If the building is under construction, include only those elevations that can be surveyed in Items C2.a-g. Use the Comments area of Section D to provide elevations obtained from the construction plans or drawings. Select "Finished Construction" only when all machinery and/or equipment such as furnaces, hot water heaters, heat pumps, air conditioners, and elevators and their associated equipment have been installed and the grading around the building is completed.

Item C2. A field survey is required for Items C2.a-g. Provide the benchmark utilized, the vertical datum for that benchmark, and any datum conversion necessary. Most control networks will assign a unique identifier for each benchmark. For example, the National Geodetic Survey uses the Permanent Identifier (PID). For the benchmark utilized, provide the PID or other

unique identifier assigned by the maintainer of the benchmark. Also provide the vertical datum for the benchmark elevation. Show the conversion from the field survey datum used if it differs from the datum used for the BFE entered in Item B9 and indicate the conversion software used. All elevations for the certificate, including the elevations for Items C2.a-g, must be referenced to the datum on which the BFE is based. Show the datum conversion, if applicable, in this section or in the Comments area of Section D. For property experiencing ground subsidence, the most recent reference mark elevations must be used for determining building elevations. However, when subsidence is involved, the BFE should not be adjusted. Enter elevations in Items C2.a-g to the nearest tenth of a foot (nearest tenth of a meter, in Puerto Rico).

Items C2.a-d Enter the building elevations (excluding the attached garage) indicated by the selected building diagram (Item A7.) in Items C2.a-c. If there is an attached garage, enter the elevation for top of attached garage slab in Item C2.d. (Because elevation for top of attached garage slab is self-explanatory, attached garages are not illustrated in the diagrams.) If the building is located in a V zone on the FIRM, complete Item C2.c. If the flood zone cannot be determined, enter elevations for all of Items C2.a-g. For buildings in A zones, elevations a, b, d, and e should be measured at the top of the floor. For buildings in V zones, elevation c must be measured at the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the floor (see drawing below). For buildings elevated on a crawl space, Diagram 8, enter the elevation of the top of the crawl space floor in Item C2.a, whether or not the crawl space has permanent flood openings (flood vents). If any item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.



Item C2.e Enter the lowest platform elevation of at least one of the following machinery and equipment items: elevators and their associated equipment, furnaces, hot water heaters, heat pumps, and air conditioners in an attached garage or enclosure or on an open utility platform that provides utility services for the building. Note that elevations for these specific machinery and equipment items are required in order to rate the building for flood insurance. Local floodplain management officials are required to ensure that all machinery and equipment servicing the building are protected from flooding. Thus, local officials may require that elevation information for all machinery and equipment, including ductwork, be documented on the Elevation Certificate. If the machinery and/or equipment is mounted to a wall, pile, etc., enter the platform elevation of the machinery and/or equipment. Indicate machinery/equipment type in the Comments area of Section D or Section G, as appropriate. If this item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.

Items C2.f-g Adjacent grade is defined as the elevation of the ground, sidewalk, patio slab, or deck support immediately next to the building. If the certificate is to be used to support a request for a LOMA or LOMR-F, provide in the Comments area the lowest adjacent grade elevation measured at the deck support or stairs if that elevation is lower than the building's lowest adjacent grade. For Zone AO, use the natural grade elevation, if available. This measurement must be to the nearest tenth of a foot (nearest tenth of a meter, in Puerto Rico) if this certificate is being used to support a request for a LOMA or LOMR-F.

### SECTION D - SURVEYOR, ENGINEER, OR ARCHITECT CERTIFICATION

Complete as indicated. This section of the Elevation Certificate may be signed by only a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. Place your license number, your seal (as allowed by the State licensing board), your signature, and the date in the box in Section D. You are certifying that the information on this certificate represents your best efforts to interpret the data available and that you understand that any false statement may be punishable

by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section 1001. Use the Comments area of Section D, on the back of the certificate, to provide datum, elevation, or other relevant information not specified on the front.

# SECTION E - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY NOT REQUIRED) FOR ZONE AO & ZONE A (WITHOUT BFE)

Complete Section E if the building is located in Zone AO or Zone A (without BFE). Otherwise, complete Section C instead. Explain in the Section F Comments area if the measurement provided under Items E1.- E4. is based on the "natural grade."

Items E1.a and b Enter in Item E1.a the height to the nearest tenth of a foot (tenth of a meter in Puerto Rico) of the top of the bottom floor (as indicated in the applicable diagram) above or below the highest adjacent grade (HAG). Enter in Item E1.b the height to the nearest tenth of a foot (tenth of a meter in Puerto Rico) of the top of the bottom floor (as indicated in the applicable diagram) above or below the lowest adjacent grade (LAG). For buildings in Zone AO, the community's floodplain management ordinance requires the lowest floor of the building be elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number on the FIRM. Buildings in Zone A (without BFE) may qualify for a lower insurance rate if an engineered BFE is developed at the site.

Item E2. For Building Diagrams 6-8 with permanent flood openings (see page 8), enter the height to the nearest tenth of a foot (tenth of a meter in Puerto Rico) of the next higher floor or elevated floor (as indicated in the applicable diagram) above or below the highest adjacent grade (HAG).

Item E3. Enter the height to the nearest tenth of a foot (tenth of a meter in Puerto Rico), in relation to the highest adjacent grade next to the building, for the top of attached garage slab. (Because elevation for top of attached garage slab is self-explanatory, attached garages are not illustrated in the diagrams.) If this item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.

Item E4. Enter the height to the nearest tenth of a foot (tenth of a meter in Puerto Rico), in relation to the highest adjacent grade next to the building, of the platform elevation that supports the machinery and/or equipment servicing the building. Indicate machinery/equipment type in the Comments area of Section F. If this item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.

Item E5. For those communities where this base flood depth is not available, the community will need to determine whether the top of the bottom floor is elevated in accordance with the community's floodplain management ordinance.

### SECTION F - PROPERTY OWNER (OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE) CERTIFICATION

Complete as indicated. This section is provided for certification of measurements taken by a property owner or property owner's representative when responding to Sections A, B, and E. The address entered in this section must be the actual mailing address of the property owner or property owner's representative who provided the information on the certificate.

### SECTION G - COMMUNITY INFORMATION (OPTIONAL)

Complete as indicated. The community official who is authorized by law or ordinance to administer the community's floodplain management ordinance can complete Sections A, B, C (or E), and G of this Elevation Certificate. Section C may be filled in by the local official as provided in the instructions below for Item G1. If the authorized community official completes Sections C, E, or G, complete the appropriate item(s) and sign this section.

Check Item G1. if Section C is completed with elevation data from other documentation, including elevations obtained from the Community Rating System Elevation Software, that has been signed and sealed by a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. Indicate the source of the elevation data and the date obtained in the Comments area of Section G. If you are both a community official and a licensed land surveyor, engineer, or architect authorized by law to certify elevation information, and you performed the actual survey for a building in Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/A1-A30, AR/AE, AR/AH, or AR/AO, you must also complete Section D.

Check Item G2. if information is entered in Section E by the community for a building in Zone A (without a FEMA-issued or community-issued BFE) or Zone AO.

Check Item G3. if the information in Items G4.-G9. has been completed for community floodplain management purposes to document the as-built lowest floor elevation of the building. Section C of the Elevation Certificate records the elevation of various building components but does not determine the lowest floor of the building or whether the building, as constructed, complies with the community's floodplain management ordinance. This must be done by the community. Items G4.-G9. provide a way to document these determinations.

Item G4. Permit Number. Enter the permit number or other identifier to key the Elevation Certificate to the permit issued for the building.

Item G5. Date Permit Issued. Enter the date the permit was issued for the building.

Item G6. Date Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy Issued. Enter the date that the Certificate of Compliance or Occupancy or similar written official documentation of as-built lowest floor elevation was issued by the community as evidence that all work authorized by the floodplain development permit has been completed in accordance with the community's floodplain management laws or ordinances.

Item G7. New Construction or Substantial Improvement. Check the applicable box. "Substantial Improvement" means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a building, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the building before the start of construction of the improvement. The term includes buildings that have incurred substantial damage, regardless of the actual repair work performed.

Item G8. As-built lowest floor elevation. Enter the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) when the construction of the building is completed and a final inspection has been made to confirm that the building is built in accordance with the permit, the approved plans, and the community's floodplain management laws or ordinances. Indicate the elevation datum used

Item G9. BFE. Using the appropriate FIRM panel, FIS Profile, or other data source, locate the property and enter the BFE (or base flood depth) of the building site. Indicate the elevation datum used.

Enter your name, title, and telephone number, and the name of the community. Sign and enter the date in the appropriate blanks.

### **BUILDING DIAGRAMS**

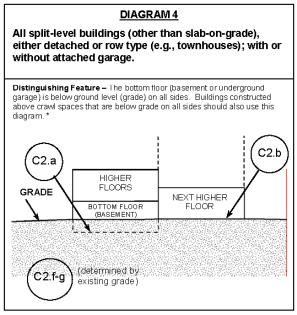
The following eight diagrams illustrate various types of buildings. Compare the features of the building being certified with the features shown in the diagrams and select the diagram most applicable. Enter the diagram number in Item A7., the square footage of crawl space or enclosure(s) and the area of flood openings in square inches in Items A8.a-c, the square footage of attached garage and the area of flood openings in square inches in Items A9.a-c, and the elevations in Items C2.a-g.

In A zones, the floor elevation is taken at the top finished surface of the floor indicated; in V zones, the floor elevation is taken at the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member (see drawing in instructions for Section C).

# DIAGRAM 1 All slab-on-grade single- and multiple-floor buildings (other than split-level) and high-rise buildings, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature – The bottom floor is at or above ground level (grade) on at least one side. \* C2.a NEXT HIGHER FLOOR BOTTOM FLOOR C2.fg (determined by existing grade)

### DIAGRAM 2 All single- and multiple-floor buildings with basement (other than split-level) and high-rise buildings with basement, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature - The bottom floor (basement or underground garage) is below ground level (grade) on all sides. Buildings constructed above crawl spaces that are below grade on all sides should also use this diagram.\* C2.a C2.b NEXT HIGHER **FLOOR** GRADE BOTTOM FLOOR (BASEMENT) determined by

# All split-level buildings that are slab-on-grade, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature – The bottom floor (excluding garage) is at or above ground level (grade) on at least one side.\* C2.a HIGHER FLOORS REXT HIGHER FLOOR GRADE BOTTOM FLOOR Idetermined.by existing grade)



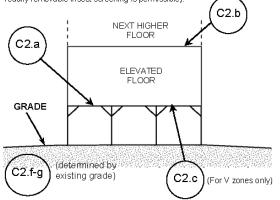
\* A floor that is below ground level (grade) on all sides is considered a basement even if the floor is used for living purposes, or as an office, garage, workshop, etc.

 ${\bf Instructions-Page}~7$ 

### DIAGRAM 5

All buildings elevated on piers, posts, piles, columns, or parallel shear walls. No obstructions below the elevated floor.

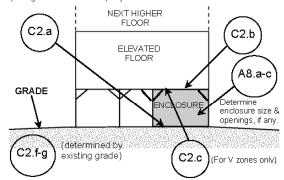
**Distinguishing Feature** – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is open, with no obstruction to flow of flood waters (open lattice work and/or readily removable insect screening is permissible).



### DIAGRAM 6

All buildings elevated on piers, posts, piles, columns, or parallel shear walls with full or partial enclosure below the elevated floor.

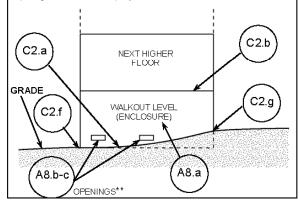
Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully. In A Zones, the partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor is with or without openings<sup>44</sup> present in the walls of the enclosure. Indicate information about enclosure size and openings in Section A – Property Information.



### **DIAGRAM 7**

All buildings elevated on full-story foundation walls with a partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor. This includes walkout levels, where at least one side is at or above grade. The principal use of this building is located in the elevated floors of the building.

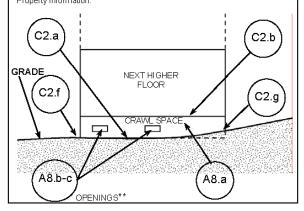
Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully. In A Zones, the partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor is with or without openings<sup>\*†</sup> present in the walls of the enclosure. Indicate information about enclosure size and openings in Section A – Property Information.



### **DIAGRAM 8**

All buildings elevated on a crawl space with the floor of the crawl space at or above grade on at least one side, with or without an attached garage.

Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the first floor is enclosed by solid or partial perimeter walls. In all A zones, the crawl space is with or without openings<sup>47</sup> present in the walls of the crawl space. Indicate information about crawl space size and openings in Section A − Property Information.



\*\* An "opening" is defined as a permanent opening in a wall that allows for the free passage of water automatically in both directions without human intervention. Under the NFIP, a minimum of two openings is required for enclosures or crawl spaces with a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of area enclosed. Each opening must be on different sides of the enclosed area. If a building has more than one enclosed area, each area must have openings on exterior walls to allow floodwater to directly enter. The bottom of the openings must be no higher than one foot above the grade underneath the flood vents. Alternatively, you may submit a certification by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design will allow for the automatic equalization of hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls. A window, a door, or a garage door is not considered an opening.



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

# **ELEVATION CERTIFICATE**

**AND** 

**INSTRUCTIONS** 

**OLD EDITION** 

# NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

### PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE NOTICE

FEMA Form 81-31

The public reporting burden for this form is estimated to be 3.0 hours per response. The burden estimate includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the needed data, and completing, reviewing, and submitting the form. You are not required to respond to this collection of information unless a valid OMB control number appears in the upper right corner of this form. Send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden to: Information Collections Management, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street, SW, Washington, DC 20472, Paperwork Reduction Project (3067-0077). NOTE: Please do not send your completed form to the above address.

### PURPOSE OF THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is an important administrative tool of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). It is to be used to provide elevation information necessary to ensure compliance with community floodplain management ordinances, to determine the proper insurance premium rate, and to support a request for a Letter of Map Amendment or Revision (LOMA or LOMR-F).

The Elevation Certificate is required in order to properly rate post-FIRM buildings, which are buildings constructed after publication of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), for flood insurance Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO. The Elevation Certificate is not required for pre-FIRM buildings unless the building is being rated under the optional post-FIRM flood insurance rules.

As part of the agreement for making flood insurance available in a community, the NFIP requires the community to adopt a floodplain management ordinance that specifies minimum requirements for reducing flood losses. One such requirement is for the community to obtain the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new and substantially improved buildings and maintain a record of such information. The Elevation Certificate provides a way for a community to comply with this requirement.

Use of this certificate does not provide a waiver of the flood insurance purchase requirement. Only a LOMA or LOMR-F from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) can amend the FIRM and remove the Federal mandate for a lending institution to require the purchase of flood insurance. However, the lending institution has the option of requiring flood insurance even if a LOMA/LOMR-F has been issued by FEMA. The Elevation Certificate may be used to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request. Lowest floor and lowest adjacent grade elevations certified by a surveyor or engineer will be required if the certificate is used to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request.

This certificate is used only to certify building elevations. A separate certificate is required for floodproofing. Under the NFIP, non-residential buildings can be floodproofed up to or above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE). A floodproofed building is a building that has been designed and constructed to be watertight (substantially impermeable to floodwaters) below the BFE. Floodproofing of residential buildings is not permitted under the NFIP unless FEMA has granted the community an exception for residential floodproofed basements. The community must adopt standards for design and construction of floodproofed basements before FEMA will grant a basement exception. For both floodproofed non-residential buildings and residential floodproofed basements in communities that have been granted an exception by FEMA, a floodproofing certificate is required.

CERT 26

#### FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

O.M.B. No. 3067-0077 Expires December 31, 2005

#### **ELEVATION CERTIFICATE**

Important: Read the instructions on pages 1 - 7.

	SECTION A - PR	ROPERTY OWNER INFORMA	TION	For Insurance Company Use:
BUILDING OWNER'S NAME				Policy Number
BUILDING STREET ADDRESS (Including	Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or	Bldg. No.) OR P.O. ROUTE AND	BOX NO.	Company NAIC Number
CITY		STATE		ZIP CODE
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION (Lot and Block	k Numbers, Tax Parcel	Number, Legal Description, etc.)		
BUILDING USE (e.g., Residential, Non-res	sidential, Addition, Acces	ssory, etc. Use a Comments area,	if necessary.)	
LATITUDE/LONGITUDE (OPTIONAL)	HORIZONTAL		GPS (Type):	
( ##° - ##' - ##.##" or ##.####")	NAD 1927  _	_  NAD 1983	USGS Quad Map	Other
SEC	CTION B - FLOOD IN	SURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM	I) INFORMATION	
B1. NFIP COMMUNITY NAME & COMMU	NITY NUMBER B	2. COUNTY NAME	E	33. STATE
B4. MAP AND PANEL B5. SUFFIX NUMBER	B6. FIRM INDEX DATE	B7. FIRM PANEL EFFECTIVE/REVISED DATE	B8. FLOOD ZONE(S)	B9. BASE FLOOD ELEVATION(S) (Zone AO, use depth of flooding)
B10. Indicate the source of the Base Flo		· ·		
		Determined    Other (De		cariba):
B11. Indicate the elevation datum used B12. Is the building located in a Coasta				
Designation Date:	- Daniel Nesoulces C	Joseph (Obito) alea of Otherw	noo i lotocted Alec	α (οι Δ):  _ 169  _ 140
SECTION	ON C - BUILDING EL	EVATION INFORMATION (S	URVEY REQUIRE	ED)
C1. Building elevations are based on:				Finished Construction
*A new Elevation Certificate will be	•			- Afficate to be because of the
C2. Building Diagram Number (S		•		ertificate is being completed - see
pages 6 and 7. If no diagram accur C3. Elevations – Zones A1-A30, AE, AF				A30 AB/AH AB/AO
Complete Items C3.a-i below accor		. ,		
the datum used for the BFE in Sect				
calculation. Use the space provide	ed or the Comments a	rea of Section D or Section G,	as appropriate, to	document the datum conversion.
Datum Conversion	/Comments			
Elevation reference mark used		Does the elevation reference		r on the FIRM?  _  Yes  _  No
a) Top of bottom floor (including	basement or enclosu		A ( ) 0	
<ul> <li>□ b) Top of next higher floor</li> <li>□ c) Bottom of lowest horizontal st</li> </ul>	tructural member /\/ s	rones only)	ft.(m) 💯	
☐ d) Attached garage (top of slab)		cones only)		
e) Lowest elevation of machiner				
servicing the building (Descri		rea.)	ft.(m) ਵੇ ਜ਼ੋ	
f) Lowest adjacent (finished) gra			ft.(m) \[ \frac{1}{2} \fra	
g) Highest adjacent (finished) gr			ft.(m)	
h) No. of permanent openings (f				
i) Total area of all permanent op	enings (flood vents) i	ın C3.h sq. in. (sq. c	m)	
		, ENGINEER, OR ARCHITEC		
This certification is to be signed and so	-		-	
I certify that the information in Sections I understand that any false statement		, ,		
CERTIFIER'S NAME	may be pullishable b	, ,	NSE NUMBER	2017 1001.
TITLE		COMPANY NAME		
ADDRESS		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
SIGNATURE		DATE	TELEPHO	NE
FEMA Form 81-31, January 2003	See	reverse side for continuation.		Replaces all previous editions

See reverse side for continuation.

Replaces all previous editions

	copy the corresponding information from		For Insurance Company Use:
BUILDING STREET ADDRESS (Includ	ding Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) OR P.O. Ro	OUTE AND BOX NO.	Policy Number
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	Company NAIC Number
SECTION	D - SURVEYOR, ENGINEER, OR ARCHITE	CT CERTIFICATION (CON	ITINUED)
	Certificate for (1) community official, (2) insura	ance agent/company, and (3	) building owner.
COMMENTS			
			Check here if attachments
SECTION E - BUILDING ELEV	VATION INFORMATION (SURVEY NOT RE	QUIRED) FOR ZONE AO A	
For Zone AO and Zone A (without B	BFE), complete Items E1. through E5. If the I		
information for a LOMA or LOMR-F, E1 Building Diagram Number	, Section C must be completed. (Select the building diagram most similar to	the building for which this	pertificate is being completed
	_ (Select the building diagram most similar to am accurately represents the building, provide		certificate is being completed –
E2. The top of the bottom floor (incli	uding basement or enclosure) of the building	,	(cm)    above or    below
	nt grade. (Use natural grade, if available.) openings (see page 7), the next higher floor	or elevated floor (algustics t	)) of the building is
	openings (see page 7), the next higher floor oove the highest adjacent grade. Complete It		
E4. The top of the platform of machi	inery and/or equipment servicing the building		
	nt grade. (Use natural grade, if available.) lepth number is available, is the top of the bo	ttom floor elevated in accord	fance with the community's
floodplain management ordinan	nce?   Yes   No   Unknown. The	local official must certify this	s information in Section G.
	F - PROPERTY OWNER (OR OWNER'S R		
	horized representative who completes Section inity-issued BFE) or Zone AO must sign here		
	AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE'S NAME		
ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
SIGNATURE	DATE	TELEPH	ONE
COMMENTS			
			Check here if attachments
The local official who is settled to	SECTION G - COMMUNITY INFORM		it ordinance con committee
	by law or ordinance to administer the communions Elevation Certificate. Complete the application		it ordinance can complete
G1.    The information in Section (	C was taken from other documentation that h	nas been signed and emboss	
	is authorized by state or local law to certify el	levation information. (Indica	te the source and date of the
elevation data in the Comm G2.   A community official comple	nents area below.) eted Section E for a building located in Zone :	A (without a FEMA-issued o	r community-issued BFE) or
Zone AO.	•	,	
	tems G4-G9) is provided for community flood		
G4. PERMIT NUMBER	G5. DATE PERMIT ISSUED	ISSUED	COMPLIANCE/OCCUPANCY
G7. This permit has been issued for:		Improvement	ft (m) Datum:
G8. Elevation of as-built lowest floor G9. BFE or (in Zone AO) depth of flo	r (including basement) of the building is: ooding at the building site is:	:_	0 ( ) D (
, , ,			
LOCAL OFFICIAL'S NAME	TITL		
COMMUNITY NAME	TEL	EPHONE	
SIGNATURE	DAT	E	
COMMENTS			
			Check here if attachments
			Check here if attachments

FEMA Form 81-31, January 2003

Replaces all previous editions

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Elevation Certificate is to be completed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information when elevation information is required for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO. Community officials who are authorized by law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information may also complete this form. For Zones AO and A (without BFE), a community official, a property owner, or an owner's representative may provide information on this certificate, unless the elevations are intended for use in supporting a LOMA or LOMR-F. Certified elevations must be included if the purpose of completing the Elevation Certificate is to obtain a LOMA or LOMR-F.

In Puerto Rico only, elevations for building information and flood hazard information may be entered in meters.

#### SECTION A - PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION

This section identifies the building, its location, and its owner. Enter the name(s) of the building owner(s), the building's complete street address, and the lot and block number. If the building's address is different from the owner's address, enter the address of the building being certified. If the address is a rural route or a Post Office box number, enter the lot and block numbers, the tax parcel number, the legal description, or an abbreviated location description based on distance and direction from a fixed point of reference. For the purposes of this certificate, "building" means both a building and a manufactured (mobile) home

A map may be attached to this certificate to show the location of the building on the property. A tax map, FIRM, or detailed community map is appropriate. If no map is available, provide a sketch of the property location, and the location of the building on the property. Include appropriate landmarks such as nearby roads, intersections, and bodies of water. For building use, indicate whether the building is residential, non-residential, an addition to an existing residential or non-residential building, an accessory building (e.g., garage), or other type of structure. Use the Comments area of Section F if needed.

If latitude and longitude data are available, enter them in degrees, minutes, and seconds, or in decimal degrees, taken at the center of the front of the building. Enter arc seconds to two decimal places. Indicate the horizontal datum and the source of the measurement data (for example, taken with GPS, scaled from a USGS Quad Map, etc.).

#### SECTION B - FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION

Complete the Elevation Certificate on the basis of the FIRM in effect at the time of the certification.

The information for Section B is obtained by reviewing the FIRM panel that includes the building's location. Information about the current FIRM and a pamphlet titled "Guide to Flood Maps" are available from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) website at http://www.fema.gov or by calling 1-800-427-4661. If a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) or Letter of Map Revision (LOMR-F) has been issued by FEMA, please provide the letter date and case number in the Comments area of Section D or Section G, as appropriate.

**Item B1.** NFIP Community Name & Community Number. Enter the complete name of the community in which the building is located and the associated 6-digit community number. For a building that is in an area that has been annexed by one community but is shown on another community's FIRM, enter the community name and 6-digit number of the annexing community. For a newly incorporated community, use the name and 6-digit number of the new community. Under the NFIP, a "community" is any State or area or political subdivision thereof, or any Indian tribe or authorized native organization, that has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for the areas within its jurisdiction. To determine the current community number, see the NFIP *Community Status Book*, available on FEMA's website at http://www.fema.gov or by calling 1-800-427-4661.

**Item B2.** County Name. Enter the name of the county or counties in which the community is located. For an unincorporated area of a county, enter "unincorporated area." For an independent city, enter "independent city."

**Item B3**. State. Enter the 2-letter state abbreviation (for example, VA, TX, CA).

Instructions - Page 1

- **Item B4.** Map and Panel Number. Enter the 10-digit number shown on the FIRM panel where the building or manufactured (mobile) home is located. The first six digits will not match the NFIP community number: 1) when the sixth digit is a "C," in which case the FIRM panel is in a countywide format; or 2) when one community has annexed land from another community but the FIRM panel has not been updated to reflect this annexation. If the sixth digit is a "C," it is followed by a four-digit map number. For maps not in countywide format, enter the "community panel number" shown on the FIRM.
- Item B5. Suffix. Enter the suffix letter shown on the FIRM panel that includes the building's location.
- **Item B6.** FIRM Index Date. Enter the effective date or map revised date shown on the FIRM Index.
- **Item B7.** FIRM Panel Effective/Revised Date. Enter the map effective date or the map revised date shown on the FIRM panel. This will be the latest of all dates shown on the map. The current FIRM panel effective date can be determined by calling 1-800-427-4661.
- **Item B8.** Flood Zone(s). Enter the flood zone, or flood zones, in which the building is located. All flood zones containing the letter "A" or "V" are considered Special Flood Hazard Areas. The flood zones are A, AE, A1-A30, V, VE, V1-V30, AH, AO, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO. Each flood zone is defined in the legend of the FIRM panel on which it appears.
- Item B9. Base Flood Elevation(s). Using the appropriate Flood Insurance Study (FIS) Profile, Flood Elevation Table, or FIRM panel, locate the property and enter the BFE (or base flood depth) of the building site. If the building is located in more than one flood zone in Item B8., list all appropriate BFEs in Item B9. BFEs are shown on a FIRM or FIS Profile for Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, V1-V30, VE, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO; flood depth numbers are shown for Zone AO. Use the AR BFE if the building is located in any of Zones AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO. In A or V zones where BFEs are not provided on the FIRM, the community may have established BFEs or obtained BFE data from other sources. For subdivisions and other developments of more than 50 lots or 5 acres, establishment of BFEs is required by the community's floodplain management ordinance. If the BFE is obtained from another source, enter the BFE in Item B9.
- Item B10. Indicate the source of the BFE that you entered in Item B9.
- Item B11. Indicate the elevation datum to which the elevations on the applicable FIRM are referenced.
- **Item B12**. Indicate whether the building is located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). Federal flood insurance is prohibited in designated CBRS areas for buildings or manufactured (mobile) homes built or substantially improved after the date of the CBRS designation. An information sheet explaining CBRS areas may be obtained on FEMA's website at http://www.fema.gov or by calling 1-800-427-4661.

#### SECTION C - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY REQUIRED)

Complete Section C if the building is located in any of Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, or AR/AO, or if this certificate is being used to support a LOMA or LOMR-F. If the building is located in Zone AO or Zone A (without BFE), complete Section E instead. To ensure that all required elevations are obtained, it may be necessary to enter the building (for instance, if the building has a basement or sunken living room, split-level construction, or machinery and equipment).

Surveyors may not be able to gain access to some crawl spaces to shoot the elevation of the crawl space floor. If access to the crawl space cannot be gained, use the following guidance:

- Use a yardstick or tape measure to measure the floor height to the "next higher floor," and then subtract the crawl space height from the elevation of the "next higher floor."
- Contact the local floodplain administrator of the community that the building is located in. The community may have documentation of the elevation of the crawl space floor as part of the permit issued for the building.
- If the property owner has documentation or knows the height of the crawl space floor to the next higher floor, try to verify this by looking inside the crawl space through any openings or vents.

In all three cases, provide the elevation in the Comments area and a brief description of how the elevation was obtained.

Item C1. Indicate whether the elevations to be entered in this section are based on construction drawings, a building under construction, or finished construction. For either of the first two choices, a post-construction Elevation Certificate will be

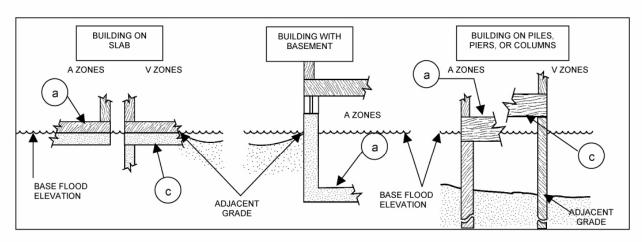
Instructions - Page 2

required when construction is complete. If the building is under construction, include only those elevations that can be surveyed in Items C3.a-g. Use the Comments area to provide elevations obtained from the construction plans or drawings. Select "finished construction" only when all machinery and/or equipment—furnaces, hot water heaters, heat pumps, air conditioners, and elevators and their associated equipment—have been installed and the grading around the building is completed.

**Item C2.** Select the diagram on pages 6 and 7 that best represents the building. Then enter the diagram number and use the diagram to identify and determine the appropriate elevations requested in Items C3.a-g. If you are unsure of the correct diagram, select the diagram that most closely resembles the building being certified, or provide a sketch or photograph of the building and enter all elevations in Items C3.a-g.

Item C3. Indicate whether the elevation reference mark (benchmark) used during the field survey is an elevation mark on the FIRM. If it is not, indicate the source and datum for the elevation. Vertical control benchmarks other than those shown on the FIRM are acceptable for elevation determinations. Show the conversion from the field survey datum used to the datum used for the BFE(s) entered in Item B9. All elevations for the certificate must be referenced to the datum on which the BFE is based. Show the datum conversion, if applicable, in this section or in the Comments area of Section D. For property experiencing ground subsidence, the most recently adjusted reference mark elevations must be used for determining building elevations. However, when subsidence is involved, the BFE should not be adjusted. Enter elevations in Items C3.a-g to the nearest tenth of a foot (nearest tenth of a meter, in Puerto Rico).

**Items C3.a-d.** Enter the building elevations (excluding the attached garage) indicated by the selected building diagram (Item C2.) in Items C3.a-c. If there is an attached garage, enter the elevation for top of attached garage slab in Item C3.d. (Because elevation for top of attached garage slab is self-explanatory, attached garages are not illustrated in the diagrams.) If the building is located in a V zone on the FIRM, complete Item C3.c. If the flood zone cannot be determined, enter elevations for all of Items C3.a-g. For buildings in A zones, elevations a, b, d, and e should be measured at the top of the floor. For buildings in V zones, elevation c must be measured at the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the floor (see drawing below). For buildings elevated on a crawl space, Diagram 8, enter the elevation of the top of the crawl space floor in Item C3.a, whether or not the crawl space has openings (flood vents). *If any item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable*.



**Item C3.e.** Enter the lowest elevation of machinery and/or equipment—furnaces, hot water heaters, heat pumps, air conditioners, and elevators and their associated equipment—in an attached garage or enclosure or on an open utility platform that provides utility services for the building. If the machinery and/or equipment is mounted to a wall, pile, etc., enter the platform elevation of the machinery and/or equipment. Indicate machinery/equipment type in the Comments area of Section D or Section G, as appropriate. *If this item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.* 

**Items C3.f-g.** Adjacent grade is defined as the elevation of the ground, sidewalk, patio slab, or deck support immediately next to the building. If the certificate is to be used for a LOMA or LOMR-F, provide in the Comments area the lowest adjacent grade elevation measured at the deck support or stairs if that elevation is lower than the building's lowest adjacent grade. For

Zone AO, use the natural grade elevation, if available. This measurement must be to the nearest tenth of a foot (nearest tenth of a meter, in Puerto Rico) if this certificate is being used to support a request for a LOMA or LOMR-F.

**Items C3.h-i.** Enter the number of permanent openings (flood vents) in the walls supporting the building, including the attached garage, that are no higher than 1.0 foot above the adjacent grade. Determine the total area of all such openings in square inches (square cm, in Puerto Rico), and enter the total in Item C3.i. If the building has no permanent openings (flood vents) within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade, enter "0" (zero) for each of Items C3.h and C3.i. Enter in the Comments area whether the openings are on the foundation walls of the building and/or on the walls of the garage.

#### SECTION D - SURVEYOR, ENGINEER, OR ARCHITECT CERTIFICATION

Complete as indicated. This section of the Elevation Certificate may be signed by only a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. Place embossed seal and signature in the box next to elevations in Section C. A flat stamp is acceptable only in states that do not authorize use of an embossed seal over the signature of a professional. You are certifying that the information in Sections A, B, and C on this certificate represents your best efforts to interpret the data available and that you understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section 1001. Use the Comments area of Section D, on the back of the certificate, to provide datum, elevation, or other relevant information not specified on the front.

## SECTION E - BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY NOT REQUIRED) FOR ZONE AO & ZONE A (WITHOUT BFE)

Complete Section E if the building is located in Zone AO or Zone A (without BFE). Otherwise, complete Section C instead.

- **Item E1.** Select the diagram on pages 6 and 7 that best represents the building; then enter the diagram number. If you are unsure of the correct diagram, select the diagram that most closely resembles the building, or provide a sketch or photograph. Explain in the Comments area if the measurement provided under Item E.2, E.3, or E.4 is based on the "natural grade."
- Item E2. Enter the height in feet and inches (meters and centimeters, in Puerto Rico) of the top of the bottom floor (as indicated in the applicable diagram) above or below the highest adjacent grade (HAG). For post-FIRM buildings in Zone AO, the community's floodplain management ordinance requires that this value equal or exceed the base flood depth on the FIRM. Buildings in Zone A (without BFE) may qualify for a lower insurance rate if an engineered BFE is developed at the site.
- **Item E3.** For Building Diagrams 6-8 with proper openings (see page 7), enter the height in feet and inches (meters and centimeters, in Puerto Rico) of the next higher floor or elevated floor (as indicated in the applicable diagram) above the highest adjacent grade (HAG). Be sure that you have completed Items C3.h and C3.i on the front of the form to show the number of permanent openings (flood vents) within 1 foot above adjacent grade and the total area of the openings.
- **Item E4**. Enter the height in feet and inches, in relation to the highest adjacent grade next to the building, of the platform that supports the machinery and/or equipment servicing the building. Indicate machinery/equipment type in the Comments area of Section E. *If this item does not apply to the building, enter "N/A" for not applicable.*
- **Item E5.** For those communities where this base flood depth is not available, the community will need to determine whether the top of the bottom floor is elevated in accordance with the community's floodplain management ordinance.

#### SECTION F - PROPERTY OWNER (OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE) CERTIFICATION

Complete as indicated. This section is provided for certification of measurements taken by a property owner or property owner's representative when responding to Sections A, B, C (Items C3.h and C3.i only), and E. The address entered in this section must be the actual mailing address of the property owner or property owner's representative who provided the information on the certificate.

Instructions - Page 4

#### SECTION G - COMMUNITY INFORMATION (OPTIONAL)

Complete as indicated. The community official who is authorized by law or ordinance to administer the community's floodplain management ordinance can complete Sections A, B, C (or E), and G of this Elevation Certificate. If the authorized community official completes Sections C, E, or G, complete the appropriate item(s) and sign this section.

Check **Item G1.** if Section C is completed with elevation data from other documentation, including elevations obtained from the Community Rating System Elevation Software, that has been signed and embossed by a licensed surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by law to certify elevation information. Indicate the source of the elevation data and the date obtained in the Comments area of Section G. If you are both a community official and a licensed land surveyor, engineer, or architect authorized by law to certify elevation information, and you performed the actual survey for a building in Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A (with BFE), VE, V1-V30, V (with BFE), AR, AR/A, AR/A1-A30, AR/AE, AR/AH, or AR/AO, you must also complete Section D.

Check **Item G2.** if information is entered in Section E by the community for a building in Zone A (without a FEMA-issued or community-issued BFE) or Zone AO.

Check **Item G3.** if the information in Items G4-G9 has been completed for community floodplain management purposes to document the as-built lowest floor elevation of the building. Section C of the Elevation Certificate records the elevation of various building components but does not determine the lowest floor of the building or whether the building, as constructed, complies with the community's floodplain management ordinance. This must be done by the community. Items G4-G9 provide a way to document these determinations.

**Item G4.** Permit Number. Enter the permit number or other identifier to key the Elevation Certificate to the permit issued for the building.

**Item G5.** Date Permit Issued. Enter the date the permit was issued for the building.

**Item G6.** Date Certificate of Compliance Issued. Enter the date that the Certificate of Compliance or Occupancy or similar written official documentation of as-built lowest floor elevation was issued by the community as evidence that all work authorized by the floodplain development permit has been completed in accordance with the community's floodplain management laws or ordinances.

**Item G7.** New Construction or Substantial Improvement. Check the applicable box. "Substantial Improvement" means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a building, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the building before the start of construction of the improvement. The term includes buildings that have incurred substantial damage, regardless of the actual repair work performed.

**Item G8.** As-built lowest floor elevation. Enter the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) when the construction of the building is completed and a final inspection has been made to confirm that the building is built in accordance with the permit, the approved plans, and the community's floodplain management laws or ordinances. Indicate the elevation datum used.

**Item G9.** BFE. Using the appropriate FIRM panel, FIS, or other data source, locate the property and enter the BFE (or base flood depth) of the building site. Indicate the elevation datum used.

Enter your name, title, and telephone number, and the name of the community. Sign and enter the date in the appropriate blanks.

Instructions - Page 5

#### BUILDING DIAGRAMS

The following eight diagrams illustrate various types of buildings. Compare the features of the building being certified with the features shown in the diagrams and select the diagram most applicable. Enter the diagram number in Item C2. and the elevations in Items C3.a-C3.g.

In A zones, the floor elevation is taken at the top finished surface of the floor indicated; in V zones, the floor elevation is taken at the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member (see drawing in instructions for Section C).

### DIAGRAM 1 All slab-on-grade single- and multiple-floor buildings (other than split-level) and high-rise buildings, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature - The bottom floor is at or above ground level (grade) on at least one side. NEXT HIGHER FLOOR BOTTOM FLOOR GRADE (determined by existing grade)

### DIAGRAM 3 All split-level buildings that are slab-on-grade, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature - The bottom floor (excluding garage) is at or above ground level (grade) on at least one side .\* а b HIGHER **FLOORS** NEXT HIGHER FLOOR GRADE воттом LOOR

(determined by existing grade)

### **DIAGRAM 2** All single- and multiple-floor buildings with basement (other than split-level) and high-rise buildings with basement, either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature – The bottom floor (basement or underground garage) is below ground level (grade) on all sides. Buildings constructed above crawl spaces that are below grade on all sides should also use this NEXT HIGHER FLOOR GRADE BOTTOM FLOOR (BASEMENT)

### DIAGRAM 4 All split-level buildings (other than slab-on-grade), either detached or row type (e.g., townhouses); with or without attached garage. Distinguishing Feature - The bottom floor (basement or underground garage) is below ground level (grade) on all sides. Buildings constructed above crawl spaces that are below grade on all sides should also use this diagram. b HIGHER GRADE **FLOORS** NEXT HIGHER BOTTOM FLOOR FLOOR (determined by existing grade)

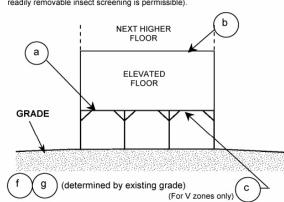
(determined by existing grade)

\* A floor that is below ground level (grade) on all sides is considered a basement even if the floor is used for living purposes, or as an office, garage, workshop, etc. Instructions - Page 6

#### DIAGRAM 5

All buildings elevated on piers, posts, piles, columns, or parallel shear walls. No obstructions below the elevated floor.

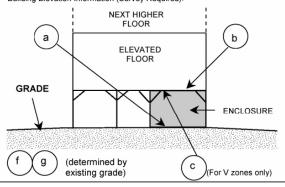
**Distinguishing Feature** – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is open, with no obstruction to flow of flood waters (open lattice work and/or readily removable insect screening is permissible).



#### **DIAGRAM 6**

All buildings elevated on piers, posts, piles, columns, or parallel shear walls with full or partial enclosure below the elevated floor.

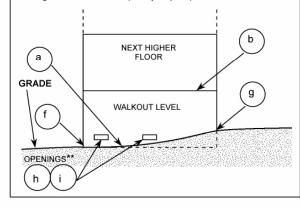
Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully. In A Zones, the partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor is with or without openings\*\* present in the walls of the enclosure. Indicate information about openings in Section C, Building Elevation Information (Survey Required).



#### **DIAGRAM 7**

All buildings elevated on full-story foundation walls with a partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor. This includes walkout levels, where at least one side is at or above grade. The principal use of this building is located in the elevated floors of the building.

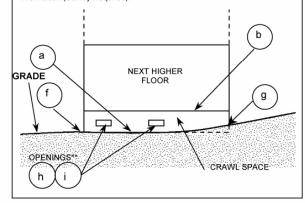
Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the elevated floor is enclosed, either partially or fully. In A Zones, the partially or fully enclosed area below the elevated floor is with or without openings\*\* present in the walls of the enclosure. Indicate information about openings in Section C, Building Elevation Information (Survey Required).



#### **DIAGRAM 8**

All buildings elevated on a crawl space with the floor of the crawl space at or above grade on at least one side, with or without an attached garage.

Distinguishing Feature – For all zones, the area below the first floor is enclosed by solid or partial perimeter walls. In all A zones, the crawl space is with or without openings\*\* present in the walls of the crawl space. Indicate information about the openings in Section C, Building Elevation Information (Survey Required).



\*\* An "opening" (flood vent) is defined as a permanent opening in a wall that allows for the free passage of water automatically in both directions without human intervention. Under the NFIP, a minimum of two openings is required for enclosures or crawl spaces with a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of area enclosed. Each opening must be on different sides of the enclosed area. If a building has more than one enclosed area, each area must have openings on exterior walls to allow floodwater to directly enter. The bottom of the openings must be no higher than one foot above the grade underneath the flood vents. Alternatively, you may submit a certification by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design will allow for the automatic equalization of hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls. A window, a door, or a garage door is not considered an opening.

Instructions - Page 7

#### I. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Preferred Risk Policy (PRP) offers low-cost coverage to owners and tenants of eligible buildings located in the moderate-risk B, C, and X Zones in NFIP Regular Program communities.

The maximum one- to four-family residential coverage combination is \$250,000 building and \$100,000 contents. Up to \$100,000 contents-only coverage is available for other residential properties. The maximum non-residential coverage combination is \$500,000 building and \$500,000 contents.

Only one building can be insured per policy, and only one policy can be written on each building.

#### II. ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Flood Zone

To be eligible for building/contents coverage or contents-only coverage under the PRP, the building must be in a B, C, or X Zone on the effective date of the policy. The flood map available at the time of the renewal offer determines a building's continued eligibility for the PRP. NFIP map grandfathering rules do not apply to the PRP. For the purpose of determining the flood zone, the agent may use the FIRM in effect at the time of application and presentment of premium.

#### B. Occupancy

Combined building/contents amounts of insurance are available for owners of single-family, two- to four-family, and non-residential properties. Combined building and contents coverage is not available for other residential.

Contents-only coverage is available for tenants and owners of all eligible occupancies, except when contents are located entirely in a basement.

#### C. Loss History

A building's eligibility for the PRP is based on the preceding requirements and on the building's flood loss history. If one of the following conditions exists, regardless of any change(s) in ownership of the building, then the building is **not eligible** for the PRP:

- 2 flood insurance claim payments, each more than \$1,000; or
- 3 or more flood insurance claim payments, regardless of amount; or
- 2 Federal flood disaster relief payments (including loans and grants), each more than \$1,000; or
- 3 Federal flood disaster relief payments (including loans and grants), regardless of amount; or
- 1 flood insurance claim payment and 1 Federal flood disaster relief payment (including loans and grants), each more than \$1,000.

#### D. Exclusions

- The PRP is not available in Special Flood Hazard Areas or in Emergency Program communities.
- Other residential properties are not eligible for building coverage.
- Contents located entirely in a basement are not eligible for contents-only coverage.
   However, contents located entirely in an enclosure are eligible.

#### THE PRP AT A GLANCE

	OCCUPANCY/MAXIMUM LIMITS							
POLICY TYPE	1-4 Family	Other Residential	Non-Residential					
Combined Building/ Contents	\$250,000/ \$100,000	No Coverage	\$500,000/ \$500,000					
Contents Only	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$500,000					

NOTES: Condominium associations are not eligible for the Preferred Risk Policy. Individual condominium units are not eligible unless they qualify under one of the exceptions on page PRP 2.

PRP 1 May 1, 2006

- Condominium associations, unit owners, and their tenants are **not eligible** for the PRP, **except** for:
  - A townhouse/rowhouse building insured under the unit owner's name;
  - A detached, single-family dwelling insured under the unit owner's name.
  - Contents-only coverage for tenants occupying townhouse/rowhouse buildings or detached, single-family dwellings.
- Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) coverage is **not available** for condominium units. (See footnote 3 on page PRP 3.)

#### III. DOCUMENTATION

All Preferred Risk Policy new business applications must include documentation of eligibility for the PRP. Such applications must be accompanied by one of the following:

- A Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA)
- A Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)
- A Letter of Determination Review (LODR)
- A copy of the most recent flood map marked to show the exact location and flood zone of the building
- A letter indicating the exact location and flood zone of the building, and signed and dated by a local community official
- An elevation certificate indicating the exact location and flood zone of the building, and signed and dated by a surveyor, engineer, architect, or local community official
- A flood zone determination certification that guarantees the accuracy of the information.

An agent writing through a Write Your Own (WYO) company should contact that company for guidance.

#### IV. RENEWAL

An eligible risk renews automatically without submission of a new application. If, during a policy term, the risk fails to meet the eligibility requirements, it will be ineligible for renewal as a PRP. Such a risk must be nonrenewed or rewritten as a conventional Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP).

#### V. COVERAGE LIMITS

The elevated building coverage limitation provisions do not apply to a policy written as a PRP.

#### VI. REPLACEMENT COST COVERAGE

Replacement cost coverage applies **only** if the building is the principal residence of the insured and the building coverage chosen is at least 80 percent of the replacement cost of the building at the time of the loss, or the maximum coverage available under the NFIP.

#### VII. DISCOUNTS/FEES/ICC PREMIUM

- No Community Rating System discount is associated with the PRP.
- Probation fees will be charged.
- The Federal Policy Fee of \$11.00 is included in the premium and is not subject to commission.
- The ICC premium is included.

#### **VIII. DEDUCTIBLES**

The standard deductible for PRPs is \$500. Optional deductibles are not available for PRPs.

#### IX. ENDORSEMENTS

The PRP may be endorsed to:

- Increase coverage mid-term, subject to the coverage limits in effect when the policy was issued or renewed. See page END 5 for an example.
- Correct misratings, such as incorrect building description or community number.

### X. CONVERSION OF STANDARD RATED POLICY TO PRP DUE TO MISRATING

A policy written as a Standard B, C, or X Zone policy and later found to be eligible for a PRP may be endorsed or rewritten as a PRP for only the current policy term.

When the risk has been rated with other than B, C, or X Zone rates, but is later found to be in a B, C, or X Zone and eligible for a PRP, the writing company will be allowed to endorse or cancel/rewrite up to 6 years.

The policy may be canceled/rewritten using Cancellation Reason Code 22 if both of the following conditions are met:

- The request to endorse or cancel/rewrite the policy is received during the current policy term
- The policy has no open claim or closed paid claim on the policy term being canceled.

#### PRP COVERAGES AVAILABLE EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 2004

#### **ONE- TO FOUR-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL**

#### BUILDING AND CONTENTS COVERAGE COMBINATIONS<sup>1</sup>

With	Basement or Encl		Withou	t Basement or En	
Building	Contents	Premium <sup>2,3</sup>	Building	Contents	Premium <sup>2,3</sup>
\$ 20,000	\$ 8,000	\$137	\$ 20,000	\$ 8,000	\$112
\$ 30,000	\$ 12,000	\$163	\$ 30,000	\$ 12,000	\$138
\$ 50,000	\$ 20,000	\$205	\$ 50,000	\$ 20,000	\$180
\$ 75,000	\$ 30,000	\$232	\$ 75,000	\$ 30,000	\$207
\$100,000	\$ 40,000	\$263	\$100,000	\$ 40,000	\$233
\$125,000	\$ 50,000	\$279	\$125,000	\$ 50,000	\$249
\$150,000	\$ 60,000	\$294	\$150,000	\$ 60,000	\$264
\$200,000	\$ 80,000	\$331	\$200,000	\$ 80,000	\$296
\$250,000	\$100,000	\$352	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$317

#### ALL RESIDENTIAL CONTENTS-ONLY COVERAGE<sup>1, 4</sup>

	nd Level More Than One	All Other Locations (Bas	ement-Only Not Eligible)
F	loor		
Contents	Premium <sup>2</sup>	Contents	Premium <sup>2</sup>
\$ 8,000	\$ 39	\$ 8,000	\$ 61
\$ 12,000	\$ 53	\$ 12,000	\$ 86
\$ 20,000	\$ 81	\$ 20,000	\$116
\$ 30,000	\$ 93	\$ 30,000	\$131
\$ 40,000	\$105	\$ 40,000	\$146
\$ 50,000	\$117	\$ 50,000	\$156
\$ 60,000	\$129	\$ 60,000	\$166
\$ 80,000	\$153	\$ 80,000	\$181
\$100,000	\$177	\$100,000	\$196

#### NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING AND CONTENTS COVERAGE COMBINATIONS<sup>1</sup>

With	Basement or Encl		Withou	t Basement or En	closure
Building	Contents	Premium <sup>2,3</sup>	Building	Contents	Premium <sup>2,3</sup>
\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 800	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 500
\$100,000	\$100,000	\$1,375	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$ 800
\$150,000	\$150,000	\$1,850	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$1,050
\$200,000	\$200,000	\$2,200	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$1,300
\$250,000	\$250,000	\$2,500	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$1,500
\$300,000	\$300,000	\$2,800	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$1,700
\$350,000	\$350,000	\$3,100	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$1,850
\$400,000	\$400,000	\$3,350	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$2,000
\$500,000	\$500,000	\$3,850	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$2,300

#### NON-RESIDENTIAL CONTENTS-ONLY COVERAGE<sup>1, 4</sup>

	NON-RESIDENTIAL CONT	EN13-UNLT COVERAGE	
Contents Above Groun	nd Level More Than One	All Other Locations (Base	ment-Only Not Eligible)
FI	oor		
Contents	Premium <sup>2</sup>	Contents	Premium <sup>2</sup>
\$ 50,000	\$121	\$ 50,000	\$ 275
\$100,000	\$231	\$100,000	\$ 500
\$150,000	\$150,000 \$321		\$ 675
\$200,000	\$381	\$200,000	\$ 850
\$250,000	\$441	\$250,000	\$1,000
\$300,000	\$501	\$300,000	\$1,150
\$350,000	\$561	\$350,000	\$1,300
\$400,000	\$621	\$400,000	\$1,450
\$500,000	\$741	\$500,000	\$1,700

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Add the \$50.00 Probation Surcharge, if applicable.

PRP 3 May 1, 2005

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Premium includes Federal Policy Fee of \$11.00.

<sup>3</sup>Premium includes ICC premium of \$1.00. Deduct this amount if the risk is a townhouse/rowhouse condominium unit or a contents-only policy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Contents-only policies are not available for contents located in basement only.

NOTES: Condominium associations are not eligible for the Preferred Risk Policy. Individual condominium units are not eligible unless they qualify under one of the exceptions on page PRP 2.

The deductibles apply separately to building and contents. Building deductible, \$500. Contents deductible, \$500.

The new PRP building and/or contents coverage will be equal either to the building limit issued under the Standard B, C, or X Zone policy or the next higher limit available under the PRP if there is no PRP option equal to the Standard B, C, or X Zone building limit. For a standard contents-only policy, the contents coverage will be equal to the limit issued under the standard policy or the next higher limit. If building coverage is desired, the policy should be endorsed for building and contents coverage with a 30-day waiting period applied.

# XI. CONVERSION OF STANDARD RATED POLICY TO PRP DUE TO MAP REVISION, LOMA, OR LOMR

A standard rated policy may be canceled and rewritten as a PRP as a result of a map revision, LOMA, or LOMR if the effective date of the map change was on or after February 1, 2005.

The policy may be canceled/rewritten using Cancellation Reason Code 24 under the following conditions:

- The request to cancel/rewrite the standard policy must be received during the policy term or within 6 months of the policy expiration date.
- The standard policy has no open claim or closed paid claim on the policy terms being canceled.
- The property meets all other PRP eligibility requirements.

The building and/or contents coverage on the new PRP must be equal either to the building limit and/or contents limit issued under the standard policy, or to the next higher limit available under the PRP if there is no PRP option equal to the standard policy building and/or contents limit.

### XII. CONVERSION OF PRP TO STANDARD RATED POLICY

A Preferred Risk Policy must be canceled and rewritten to a standard rated policy if the risk no longer meets the eligibility requirements for a PRP.

The building and/or contents coverage on the new standard policy must be equal to the building limit and/or contents limit issued under the PRP.

### XIII. COMPLETING THE FLOOD INSURANCE PREFERRED RISK POLICY APPLICATION

#### A. Policy Status

In the upper right corner of the form, check the appropriate box to indicate if the application is for a NEW policy or a RENEWAL of an existing policy. If the application is for a renewal, enter the current NFIP policy number.

#### B. Policy Term

The PRP is available only for 1-year terms.

- Check the appropriate box to indicate who should receive the renewal bill. If BILL FIRST MORTGAGEE is checked, complete "First Mortgagee" section. If BILL SECOND MORTGAGEE, BILL LOSS PAYEE, or BILL OTHER is checked, provide mailing instructions in "Second Mortgagee or Other" section.
- 2. Enter the policy effective date and policy expiration date (month-day-year). The effective date of the policy is determined by adding the appropriate waiting period to the date of application in the "Signature" section. The standard waiting period is 30 days. Refer to the General Rules section, page GR 8, for the applicable waiting period.

#### C. Agent Information

Enter the agent's (producer's) name, agency name and number, address, city, state, ZIP Code, telephone number, fax number, and Tax I.D. Number or Social Security Number.

#### D. Insured's Mailing Address

- Enter the name, mailing address, city, state, ZIP Code, telephone number, and Social Security Number of the insured.
- If the insured's mailing address is a post office box or a rural route number, or if the address of the property to be insured is different from the mailing address, complete the "Property Location" section of the application.

#### E. Disaster Assistance

- Check YES if flood insurance is being required for disaster assistance. Enter the insured's case file number, Tax I.D. Number, or Social Security Number on the line for CASE FILE NUMBER.
- 2. In the "Second Mortgagee or Other" block, identify the government (disaster) agency, and enter the complete name and mailing address of the disaster agency.
- 3. If NO is checked, no other information is required.

#### F. First Mortgagee

Enter the name, mailing address, city, state, ZIP Code, telephone number, and fax number of the first mortgagee. Enter the loan number.

#### G. Second Mortgagee or Other

 Identify additional mortgagees by checking the appropriate box and entering the loan number, mortgagee's name, mailing address, telephone number, and fax number.

#### MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PROTECTION PROGRAM

#### I. BACKGROUND

The Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program (MPPP) was introduced on January 1, 1991, as an additional tool to assist the mortgage lending and servicing industries in bringing their mortgage portfolios into compliance with the flood insurance requirements of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973.

The MPPP is not intended to act as a substitute for the need for mortgagees to review all mortgage loan applications at the time of loan origination and comply with flood insurance requirements as appropriate.

Proper implementation of the various requirements of the MPPP usually results in mortgagors, after their notification of the need for flood insurance, either showing evidence of such a policy, or contacting their local insurance agent or appropriate Write Your Own (WYO) company to purchase the necessary coverage. It is intended that flood insurance policies be written under the MPPP only as a last resort, and only on mortgages whose mortgagors have failed to respond to the various notifications required by the MPPP.

## MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PROTECTION PROGRAM RATE AND INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE (ICC) TABLE

ZONE	MPPP Rates per \$100 of Building Coverage	MPPP Rates per \$100 of Contents Coverage	ICC Premium for \$30,000 Coverage
<b>Emergency Program Community</b>	2.52 / 1.26	2.65 / 1.26	N/A
A Zones - All building & occupancy types, except A99, AR, AR Dual Zones	2.52 / 1.26	2.65 / 1.26	75.00
V Zones - All building & occupancy types	3.92 / 3.92	3.68 / 3.68	75.00
A99 Zone, AR, AR Dual Zones	.67 / .40	.89 / .35	6.00

#### NOTES:

- ICC coverage does not apply to contents-only policies or to individually owned condominium units insured under the Dwelling Form or General Property Form.
- (2) The ICC premium is not eligible for the deductible discount. First calculate the deductible discount, then add in the ICC premium.
- (3) Add Federal Policy Fee and Probation Surcharge, if applicable, when computing the premium.
- (4) MPPP policies are not eligible for Community Rating System premium discounts.

### II. REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE MPPP

The following paragraphs represent the criteria and requirements that must be followed by all parties engaged in the sale of flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program's Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program.

#### A. General

- All mortgagors notified, in conjunction with this Program, of their need to purchase flood insurance must be encouraged to obtain a Standard Flood Insurance Policy (SFIP) from their local agent.
- 2. When a mortgagee or a mortgage servicing company discovers, at any time following loan origination, that one or more of the loans in its portfolio is determined to be located in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), and that there is no evidence of flood insurance on such property(ies), then the MPPP may be used by such lender/servicer to obtain (force place) the required flood insurance coverage. The MPPP process can be accomplished limited underwriting with information and with special flat flood insurance rates.
- 3. In the event of a loss, the policy will have to be reformed if the wrong rate has been applied for the zone in which the property is located. Also, the amount of coverage may have to be changed if the building occupancy does not support that amount.
- It will be the WYO company's responsibility to notify the mortgagor of all coverage limitations at the inception of coverage and to impose those

limitations that are applicable at the time of loss adjustment.

## B. WYO Arrangement Article III—Fees

With the implementation of the MPPP, there is no change in the method of WYO company allowance from that which is provided in the Financial Assistance/Subsidy Arrangement for all flood insurance written.

#### C. Use of WYO Company Fees for Lenders/Servicers or Others

- No portion of the allowance that a WYO company retains under the WYO Financial Assistance/ Subsidy Arrangement for the MPPP may be used to pay, reimburse or otherwise remunerate a lending institution, mortgage servicing company, or other similar type of company that the WYO company may work with to assist in its flood insurance compliance efforts.
- 2. The only exception to this is a situation where the lender/servicer may be actually due a commission on any flood insurance policies written on any portion of the institution's portfolio because it was written through a licensed property insurance agent on their staff or through a licensed insurance agency owned by the institution or servicing company.

#### D. Notification

 WYO Company/Mortgagee— Any WYO company participating in the MPPP must notify the lender or servicer, for which it is providing the MPPP capability, of the requirements of the MPPP. The WYO company must obtain signed evidence from each such lender or servicer indicating their receipt

#### GENERAL CHANGE ENDORSEMENT

The NFIP General Change Endorsement form cannot be used to renew, extend, or change a policy term. However, the General Change Endorsement form, or a similar form for WYO companies, can be used to make certain types of coverage and rating changes or corrections to existing policy data.

#### I. ENDORSEMENT RULES

#### A. Coverage Endorsements

 Additional Coverage or Increase in Amount of Insurance

Added coverage, or an increase in the amount of insurance, is permitted at any time during a policy term. The additional premium is calculated pro rata for the balance of the policy term, at either the rate in effect on the endorsement effective date or the rate in effect on the policy effective date, in accordance with each WYO company's standard business practice. (See Examples 1 through 4 at the end of this section.) Refer to the General Rules section, page GR 8, for the applicable waiting period.

#### 2. Reduction of Insurance

A reduction in the amount of building insurance cannot be made unless part of the building has been removed, which reduces the building's value to less than the amount of the building insurance, or a current appraisal or cost estimate is provided which shows that the building's current coverage amount is higher than the estimated replacement cost of the building. (See Example 6 at the end of this section.)

A reduction in the amount of *contents* insurance *cannot* be made unless some of the contents have been sold or removed, which reduces the contents' value to less than the amount of the contents insurance.

#### 3. Removal of a Coverage

There is no return premium for the removal of building or contents coverage unless the property is no longer at the described location or the property of the policyholder. (See Example 5 at the end of this section.)

#### B. Rating Endorsements

#### 1. Rate Reduction

It is not permissible to revise a policy's rating during a policy term, due to a rate decrease, unless the effective date of the rate change is prior to the policy's effective date.

#### 2. Rating Error

The NFIP rules require that the policy must be in effect in order to process refunds.

#### a. Current Term Refunds

Corrections will be allowed for only the current year for failure of the WYO company or NFIP Direct to:

- Use the map grandfather rule.
- Use the V-Zone Risk Factor Rating Form. The endorsement effective date is either the date the V-Zone Risk Factor Rating Form was certified or the effective date of the current policy year, whichever is later.
- Make a timely revision of alternative rates (rates used for Pre-FIRM rated risks where the zone is unknown).
- Use Post-FIRM rating for a Pre-FIRM structure. The refund will be processed if the insured provides an Elevation Certificate. The endorsement effective date is the effective date of the current policy year.
- Use an Elevation Certificate on Post-FIRM buildings rated using "Without Certification of Compliance or Elevation Certificate" for Zones AO and AH, or "No Elevation Certificate or No Estimated BFE" for Unnumbered A Zone. The endorsement effective date is the effective date of the current policy term.

#### b. Current and One Prior Term Refunds

Premium refunds will be allowed for the current and 1 prior policy year when an incorrect flood zone and/or Base Flood

Elevation was used at the time the policy was issued and the current FIRM shows a more hazardous zone or higher Base Flood Elevation.

#### Revision of an Alternative Rating

Alternative rating is used to compute the premium on a Renewal Notice following conversion of a community from the Emergency Program to the Regular Program. Alternative rates are also used by producers for the rating of Pre-FIRM construction. Alternative rating allows the producer and the policyholder 1 year to revise the rating, so a premium refund can be obtained from the renewal or inception date if it is determined that the insured property is located in a lower rated zone. During subsequent policy terms, such revisions may also be made effective with the start of the policy term.

#### 4. Map Revision

A map change (reprinting, Letter of Map Amendment [LOMA], Letter of Map Revision [LOMR], or Letter of Determination Review [LODR]) may change the flood zone in which a property is located to a lower rated zone, or it may change the Base Flood Elevation. In such cases, the policy rating may be revised for the current and prior policy years if the change occurred prior to the current policy year.

When a community has been converted from the Emergency Program to the Regular Program, the policy rating may be revised to reflect the correct flood zone. However, no premium refund is allowed on premium previously paid.

#### C. Misrated Policy

Premium refunds will be allowed with proper documentation (see III.B.2.a.) going back a maximum of 6 calendar years when there was a misrating such as an incorrect building description, lowest floor elevation, community number, flood zone, or Base Flood Elevation, so long as the insured can provide proof of the misrating.

The flood zone and Base Flood Elevation can only be corrected using the current FIRM.

Any lapse in coverage does not extend the number of years the premium refund is allowed.

#### D. Conversion of Standard Rated Policy to PRP Due to Misrating or Map Revision

A policy written as a Standard B, C, or X Zone policy and later found to be eligible for a PRP may be endorsed or rewritten as a PRP for only the current policy term.

When the risk has been rated with other than B, C, or X Zone rates, but is later found to be in a B, C, or X Zone and eligible for a PRP, the writing company will be allowed to endorse or cancel/rewrite up to 6 years.

The policy may be canceled/rewritten using Cancellation Reason Code 22 if both of the following conditions are met:

- The request to endorse or cancel/rewrite the policy is received during the current policy term
- The policy has no open claim or closed paid claim.

The new PRP building coverage will be equal either to the building limit issued under the Standard B, C, or X Zone policy or the next higher limit available under the PRP if there is no PRP option equal to the Standard B, C, or X Zone building limit.

#### E. Changing Deductibles

Increasing deductibles is permitted during the current policy term. (See Example 7 at the end of this section.) Deductibles cannot be reduced mid-term, unless required by the mortgagee and written authorization is provided by the mortgagee. A 30-day waiting period will apply unless the request to reduce the deductible is in connection with making, extending, or renewing a loan.

The ICC premium is not eligible for the deductible discount or surcharge. First calculate the deductible discount or surcharge, then add in the ICC premium, for each policy year.

#### F. Correcting Property Address

A policy cannot be endorsed to change the location. This includes relocation from one unit to another unit in the same building.

However, an erroneous address (e.g., through typographical error) can be corrected through endorsement. The agent must provide proof or a reasonable explanation for the error.

#### INCREASING COVERAGE, PROGRAM CONVERSION

- Policy term is January 15, 2006-2007
- · Single family dwelling, no basement, Pre-FIRM
- Present coverage: Building \$35,000/ Contents \$10,000
- Policy conversion date from Emergency to Regular Program: July 15, 2006
- Building located in an A99 Zone
- Premium rates are: Building .64/.17, Contents .99/.30.
- Endorsement effective date is August 14, 2006.
   (The Emergency Program premiums that already exist on this policy are earned for the remainder of the policy term; they are not refundable.)
- The coverages being added are \$50,000 on the building and \$15,000 on the contents for a total of \$85,000 on the building and \$25,000 on the contents; and \$30,000 coverage for ICC.
- To increase coverage, complete Sections A and B. Section A is for current coverage, Section B should show only the amounts of the increases.

 \$15,000 of the \$50,000 coverage to be added on the building must be calculated in the "Amount" column

- under Section B, "Increased-Decreased Coverage Only" (using the applicable rate) to amend the present coverage to the threshold for the Regular Program basic limits.
- \$10,000 of the \$15,000 coverage to be added on the contents must be calculated under the "Amount" column under Section B, "Increased-Decreased Coverage Only" (using the applicable rate) to amend the present coverage to the threshold for the Regular Program basic limits.
- Add Sections A and B premiums to obtain the New Premium Subtotals.
- Add the ICC premium, which was not paid in the Emergency Program.
- The Premium Previously Paid is \$362 (excluding ICC/Probation Surcharge/Federal Policy Fee).
- Subtract the Premium Previously Paid from the Premium Total to obtain the Difference (additional/return premium).
- · Prorate the Difference

Time period is August 14, 2006, to January 15, 2007 Number of days is 154 Pro rata factor is .422

	ilding must be		SECTION B		NEW					
_	JRANCE /ERAGE		CURRENT COVERAGE + INCREASED - DECREASED COVERAGE ONLY						PREMIUM TOTALS	
		AMOUN'	T RAT	E PR	EMIUM	AMOUNT	RATE	PREMIUM		
BUILDING BASIC  BUILDING ADDITIONAL		35,000	.76	6	266	15,000	.64	96	362	
						35,000	.17	60	60	
CONTEN	TS BASIC	10,000	.96	3	96	10,000	.99	99	195	
CONTENT ADDITION	-					5,000	.30	.30 15		
IF (	CHANGING AMOUN	T OF INSURANC	CE, ENTER NEW			PAYMENT OPTION:	SUBTOTAL		632	
BUI	LDING COVER	AGE	CON	TENTS COVER	AGE	☐ CREDIT CARD	DEDUCT. DISCOUNT/SU	RCHARGE	_	
BASIC	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	BASIC	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	☐ OTHER: SUBTOTAL			632	
50,000	35,000	85,000	20,000	5,000	25,000	ICC PREMIUM			6	
			•				SUBTOTAL		638	
IF RETURN	I PREMIUM, MAIL	REFUND TO	: INSURED	AGENT [	PAYOR. TH	E ABOVE	CRS PREMIUM	DISCOUNT%		
STATEMEN	NTS ARE CORRE	CT TO THE B	EST OF MY KN	IOWLEDGE. I UN	NDERSTAND T	HAT	SUBTOTAL		638	
_	E STATEMENTS N	_	SHABLE BY FI	NE OR IMPRISON	NMENT UNDE	R	PREMIUM PRE	VIOUSLY PAID		
APPLICAB	LE FEDERAL LAV	V.					(Excludes Proba Federal Policy F	ation Surcharge/ Fee)	362	
							DIFFERENCE	(+/-)	+276	
SIGNATURE	OF INSURED AND I	DATE SIGNA	ATURE OF INSUR	ANCE AGENT/BRO	KER DATE	(MMDDYY)	PRO RATA FAC		.422	
							TOTAL	(+/-)	+116	

#### **INCREASING COVERAGE**

- Policy term is December 12, 2005-2006
- Single family dwelling, no basement
- Pre-FIRM Building
- · Building located in Zone C
- Present coverage: Building \$35,000/ Contents \$10,000
- Endorsement is effective on May 1, 2006, to add additional coverage of \$65,000 on the building and \$15,000 on the contents for a total of \$100,000 building coverage and \$25,000 contents coverage.
- Premium rates are: Building .64/.17, Contents .99/.30.
- To increase coverage, complete Sections A and B. Section A is for current coverage. Section B should show the amount of the coverage increase only.
- \$15,000 of the \$50,000 coverage to be added on the building must be calculated in the "Amount" column under Section B, "Increased-Decreased Coverage Only" (using the applicable rate) to amend the present coverage to the threshold for the Regular Program basic limits.

- \$10,000 of the \$15,000 coverage to be added on the contents must be calculated under the "Amount" column under Section B, "Increased-Decreased Coverage Only" (using the applicable rate) to amend the present coverage to the threshold for the Regular Program basic limits.
- Add Section A and B premiums to obtain the New Premium Totals.
- Add the New Premium Totals to calculate the Premium Subtotal.
- Add in the ICC Premium.
- The Premium Previously Paid is \$329 (excluding Probation Surcharge/Federal Policy Fee) which is the total current annual premium including ICC premium.
- Subtract the Premium Previously Paid from the Premium Total to obtain the Difference (should be additional/return premium).
- Prorate the Difference

Time period is May 1, 2006, to December 12, 2006 Number of days is 225 Pro rata factor is .616

	URANCE VERAGE			TION A SECTION B COVERAGE + INCREASED - DECREASED COVERAGE ONLY			NEW PREMIUM TOTALS				
		AMOUNT	RAT	E P	REMIUM	AMOUNT	RATE	PREMIUM			
BUILDING BASIC		35,000	.64	1	224	15,000	.64	.64 96			
BUILDING ADDITION						50,000	.17	85	85		
CONTEN	TS BASIC	10,000	.99	9	99	10,000	.99	99	198		
CONTEN			5,000 .30 15		5,000 .30			.30 15			
IF	CHANGING AMOUN	T OF INSURANC	E, ENTER NEW	TOTAL AMOUNT E	BELOW	PAYMENT OPTION:	SUBTOTAL		618		
BU	ILDING COVER	AGE	CON	ITENTS COVE	RAGE	☐ CREDIT CARD	DEDUCT. DISCOUNT/SU	RCHARGE	_		
BASIC	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	BASIC	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	OTHER:	SUBTOTAL		618		
50,000	50,000	100,000	20,000	5,000	25,000		ICC PREMIUM		6		
,	,	,					SUBTOTAL		624		
IF RETURI	N PREMIUM. MAIL	REFUND TO:		AGENT	PAYOR. TH	E ABOVE	CRS PREMIUM	DISCOUNT%			
STATEME	NTS ARE CORRE	CT TO THE BE	ST OF MY KN	NOWLEDGE. I U	NDERSTAND 1	ГНАТ	SUBTOTAL		624		
_	E STATEMENTS I		HABLE BY FI	NE OR IMPRISO	NMENT UNDE	R	PREMIUM PRE	VIOUSLY PAID			
APPLICAB	LE FEDERAL LAV	V.					(Excludes Proba Federal Policy F	ation Surcharge/ Fee)	329		
							DIFFERENCE	(+/-)	+295		
SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE OF INSURED AND DATE SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (MMDDYY)  PRO RATA FACTOR										
							TOTAL	(+/-)	+182		

#### **INCREASING COVERAGE AFTER A RATE CHANGE**

- Policy term is July 15, 2005-2006
- Single family dwelling, Regular Program
- One floor, no basement
- Current policy limits: Building \$30,000 Contents \$8,000
- Building located in an AE Zone, Post-FIRM
- Premium rates are: Building 1.19, Contents 1.10
- Post-FIRM construction with a 0 elevation difference
- Endorsement effective date is May 15, 2006
- The coverages being added are \$15,000 on the building and \$7,000 on contents for a total of \$45,000 building coverage and \$15,000 contents coverage.
- A rate increase takes effect on May 1, 2006.
- Rates in effect on the effective date of the policy are to be used.
- In Section A, enter the basic limits and rates for building and contents in effect at the beginning of the policy term.

- In Section B, enter the \$15,000 basic building amount, and the applicable rate (1.19). (See page END 1, "Additional Coverage or Increase in Amount of Insurance." Companies are allowed to use either rates in effect at policy inception or rates in effect at endorsement effective date.)
- In Section B, enter the \$7,000 basic contents amount and the applicable rate (1.10).
- Add Sections A and B premiums to obtain the New Premium Totals.
- Add the New Premium Totals to calculate the Premium Subtotal.
- Add in the ICC Premium.
- The Premium Previously Paid is \$418 (excluding Probation Surcharge/Federal Policy Fee), which is the total current annual premium including ICC premium.
- Subtract the Premium Previously Paid from the Premium Total to obtain the Difference (should be additional/return premium).
- Prorate the Difference

Time period is May 15, 2006, to July 15, 2006 Number of days is 61 Pro rata factor is .167

INSURA	INSURANCE COVERAGE  SECTION A CURRENT COVERAGE + INCREASE								SECTION B - DECREASED ( ONLY	COVERAGE	NEW PREMIUM TOTALS	
	DING BASIC		AMOU	JNT	RA	ΤE	PR	REMIUM	AMOUNT	RATE	PREMIUM	
BUILDING			30,00	00	1.0	<b>)</b> 8		324	15,000	1.19	179	503
BUILDING ADDITION	-											
CONTENT	TS BASIC		8,00	00	1.1	10		88	7,000	1.10	77	165
CONTENT		$\Box$										
IF (	CHANGING AMOUNT	Γ OF II	NSURANC	JE, ENT	TER NEW TOTAL AMOUNT BELOW		PAYMENT OPTION:	SUBTOTAL	,	668		
BUI'	ILDING COVERA	AGE			CON	<b>FENTS</b>	S COVER	₹AGE	CREDIT CARD	DEDUCT. DISCOUNT/SUF	JRCHARGE	<del>-</del>
BASIC	ADDITIONAL	т	OTAL	B <i>F</i>	ASIC	ADDI	ITIONAL	TOTAL	OTHER:	SUBTOTAL		668
45,000	0	45	5,000		,000		0	15,000	1	ICC PREMIUM		6
,				i	ļ	1	J	1		SUBTOTAL		674
IF RETURN	N PREMIUM, MAIL	REF	UND TO	: 🗆 IN	1SURED	□ A	GENT [	PAYOR. THE	E ABOVE	CRS PREMIUM	M DISCOUNT%	<u> </u>
	NTS ARE CORREC						DGE. I UN	NDERSTAND T	HAT	SUBTOTAL		674
_	E STATEMENTS M		3E PUNIS	SHABL	_E BY FII	NE OR	IMPRISON	NMENT UNDER	R	PREMIUM PRE	EVIOUSLY PAID	1
APPLICABL	SLE FEDERAL LAW	/ <u>.</u>								(Excludes Proba Federal Policy F	pation Surcharge/ Fee)	418
i										DIFFERENCE	_+_ (+/-)	+256
SIGNATURE	OF INSURED AND D	DATE	SIGN	IATURE	OF INSU	RANCE	AGENT/BR/	OKER DATE	E (MMDDYY)	PRO RATA FAC	STOR	.167
SIGNATURE OF INSURED AND DATE SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (MMDDYY)  TOTAL (+/-)								TOTAL	(+/-)	+43		

#### **REMOVING CONTENTS**

- Policy term is May 20, 2005-2006
- Non-residential structure
- Emergency Program
- Policy limits: Building \$100,000/Contents \$100,000
- Insured purchased a new business location and moved the contents to the new location while still retaining the old location as rental property. (This explanation should be recorded in the Reason for Change section of the General Change Endorsement form.)
- Present rates for building and contents are .83/1.62.
- Removal date and effective date of change is January 14, 2006.
- Enter the current building and contents coverages in Section A and the current rates (.83/1.62).

- Enter the decrease in contents coverage in Section B.
- Add all New Premium Totals to obtain the Premium Subtotal.
- The Premium Previously Paid is \$2,450 (excluding Probation Surcharge/Federal Policy Fee), which is the total current premium from Section A.
- Subtract the Premium Previously Paid from the Premium Total to obtain the Difference (should be additional/return premium).
- Prorate the Difference

Time period is January 14, 2006, to May 20, 2006 Number of days is 126 Pro rata factor is .345

INSURANCE COVERAGE			SECTION A CURRENT COVERAGE				SECTION B + INCREASED — DECREASED COVERAGE ONLY		
		AMOUN	IT RAT	re pr	REMIUM	AMOUNT	RATE	PREMIUM	
BUILDING BASIC		100,00	.83	3	830	0			830
BUILDING ADDITIONAL									
CONTENTS BASIC		100,00	0 1.6	.62 1,620		-100,000	1.62	-1,620	0
CONTENTS ADDITIONAL									
IF CHANGING AMOUNT OF INSURANCE, ENTER NEW TOTAL AMOUNT BELOW PAYMENT OPTION: SUBT					SUBTOTAL		830		
В	JILDING COVE	RAGE	AGE CONTENTS COVERAGE			☐ CREDIT CARD	DEDUCT. DISCOUNT/SURCHARGE		_
BASIC	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	BASIC	ASIC ADDITIONAL TOTAL		OTHER:	SUBTOTAL		830
_	_			_	0		ICC PREMIUM		_
							SUBTOTAL		830
IF RETU	RN PREMIUM, MA	AIL REFUND T	O: INSURE	D AGENT	PAYOR. 1	THE ABOVE	CRS PREMIUM	I DISCOUNT%	_
STATEM	IENTS ARE CORF	RECT TO THE	BEST OF MY K	NOWLEDGE. I	UNDERSTANI	O THAT	SUBTOTAL		830
ANY FALSE STATEMENTS MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER						PREMIUM PREVIOUSLY PAID			
APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW.  (Excludes Probation Surcharge/ Federal Policy Fee)								2,450	
DIFFERENCE <u>-</u> (+/-)							-1,620		
SIGNATURE OF INSURED AND DATE SIGNATURE OF INSURANCE AGENT/BROKER DATE (MMDDYY) PRO RATA FACTOR							.345		
							TOTAL	(+/-)	-559

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Standard Flood Insurance Policy is not a continuous policy. Each policy contract expires at 12:01 a.m. on the last day of the policy term. Renewal of an expiring policy establishes a new policy term and new contractual agreement between the policyholder and the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The NFIP must issue a notice of expiration not less than 45 days before the expiration of the flood insurance policy by first class mail to the owner of the property, the servicer of any loan secured by the property, and (if known) the owner of the loan.

All policies, including Submit-for-Rate, must be renewed using the rates in effect on the renewal date.

Policy renewal documentation and premium should be submitted to the NFIP in advance of the policy expiration date to ensure there is no lapse in coverage. There are two ways to renew a policy written directly with the National Flood Insurance Program or WYO Company:

The producer should complete the *entire*Flood Insurance Application when
recertifying or changing policy
information, and mail it with the Total
Prepaid Amount to the NFIP.

The 30-day waiting period applies when an additional amount of insurance requested at renewal time is higher than the amount listed on the renewal bill provided by the insurer. The beginning of the waiting period is determined by the standard rules.

OR

 The payor should respond to a Renewal Notice by selecting an option shown on the direct mail notice and returning it with the Total Prepaid Amount to the NFIP.

#### II. RENEWAL NOTICE

All parties listed on the policy (insured, agent, mortgagees) are mailed a Renewal Notice 45 days prior to the policy expiration date. The party designated on the policy record as the payor receives the payor's copy of the bill; all other parties receive a copy that states "THIS IS NOT A BILL."

## A. Renewing for the Same Coverage – Option A

Option A of the Renewal Notice shows current amounts of insurance and deductibles at the time the Renewal Notice is printed

#### B. Inflation Factor - Option B

Option B shows premium for amounts of insurance increased by an inflation factor of 10 percent for building coverage and 5 percent for contents coverage. The current deductible is used. For Preferred Risk Policies, Option B is the next higher coverage package available. There is no waiting period if Option B is chosen. The inflation option will be no higher than the replacement cost on record for that policy. If coverage higher than the current replacement cost on record is desired, updated replacement cost documentation must be submitted.

#### C. No Renewal Notice Generated

Renewal Notices will not be generated for the following situations:

- 1. Building under construction
- 2. Tentatively rated policy
- 3. Suspended community
- 4. Provisional rating
- 5. Group Flood Insurance policy
- 6. PRP ineligibility
- 7. Section 1316 property

#### III. PREMIUM PAYMENT DUE

To ensure that the policy is renewed without a lapse in coverage, the premium must be received by the NFIP within 30 days after the expiration date. As an alternative, the premium can be mailed by certified mail within 30 days after the expiration date. The term "certified mail" has been broadened to include not only the U.S. Postal Service but also certain third-party delivery services. For details, see the paragraph following VIII.B.2. on page GR 8.

Renewal payments may also be paid by VISA, MasterCard, American Express, or Diners Club. Use the detachable payment stub at the bottom of the Renewal and Final Notices, or use the Credit Card Payment Form at the end of this section. The form is also available in the Forms Library on the NFIP Servicing Agent's web site at <a href="https://www.nfipservices.com">www.nfipservices.com</a>. If a charge is declined, you will be notified by mail.

#### IV. FINAL NOTICE

If the premium payment is not received by the NFIP by the date of expiration, a Final Notice is produced. This notice is mailed to the producer, insured, and mortgagee. The expired policy will be reissued with a new effective date if the premium payment is not received by the NFIP within 30 days following the policy expiration date.

Mortgagee protection under the policy shall continue in force after the expiration of the policy for 30 days from the mailing date.

### V. RENEWAL EFFECTIVE DATE DETERMINATION

Renewal dates are calculated as follows:

- If the Final Notice and the premium payment are received by the NFIP within 30 days following the expiration, the policy will be issued under the same policy number as the previous term, with no lapse in coverage. For example, if the policy expires on May 1, the Final Notice and premium payment must be received on or before May 30.
- If the Final Notice and the premium payment are received by the NFIP after the 30-day period, but within 90 days following the expiration, the policy will be placed in force 30 days following receipt by the NFIP.
- If the Final Notice and the premium payment are received after 90 days following the expiration date, the agent

must submit a new application with the full annual premium. The standard 30-day wait rules will apply.

### VI. INSUFFICIENT RENEWAL INFORMATION

To generate Renewal Notices and Final Notices, the NFIP must have received acceptable application data. A Renewal Notice will not be generated in cases where a policy application has not been corrected prior to the start of a renewal cycle. Therefore, it is important that producers respond immediately to the requests for additional information.

## VII. ENDORSEMENTS DURING RENEWAL CYCLE

Endorsements received at the NFIP within 75 days of the policy expiration date may not be reflected on the renewal bill. The producer should, therefore, ensure that the new policy is properly endorsed after renewal.

The producer should use a renewal application to ensure that all changes are reflected on the renewal.

### VIII. REPETITIVE LOSS TARGET GROUP PROPERTIES

These must be processed by the NFIP Special Direct Facility. See the Repetitive Loss section of this manual for information.

#### I. INSURED'S RESPONSIBILITIES

In the event of loss, the insured is required to:

- Give written notice of loss to the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) or the applicable WYO Company, as soon as practicable, using the NFIP Notice of Loss form or similar form;
- Exhibit all remains of the property, as required:
- If requested, submit to an examination under oath, as required;
- Provide evidence and documentation to substantiate the loss, as required; and
- File a Proof of Loss within 60 days of the loss, unless this requirement is waived by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

The NFIP has a standard Proof of Loss form which the adjuster assigned to the loss may provide and assist the insured in completing. However, independent adjusters do not have the authority either to approve or to deny claims. Adjusters' recommendations for payment or denial are not binding on the NFIP or the WYO Company and are subject to approval and correction by the NFIP or the WYO Company staff.

The Proof of Loss form may be waived on claims for less than \$7,500. In this case, the insured will be required to sign the NFIP Final Report form, which summarizes the loss and claim figures.

#### II. PRODUCER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Producers may assign any NFIP Direct claim to an NFIP-approved independent adjuster except:

- When, in major flooding disasters, the Flood Insurance Claims Office (FICO) makes all assignments.
- When an Adjuster Control Office is established.
- When a Claims Coordinating Office (CCO) is established.

Failure to indicate the assigned adjuster on the loss notice, or assignment of an adjuster who is not authorized by the NFIP, will delay the adjustment process and may result in duplicate adjuster assignments.

When it appears that a situation is serious enough that a FICO may be necessary, the NFIP will notify producers and producer trade associations in the affected area (using the broadcast media and press releases) as soon as possible to hold their loss notices unassigned until further instructions are received.

In the case of a WYO Company claim, the WYO Company's producer will follow the established procedures when assigning an adjuster.

### III. SINGLE ADJUSTER PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

#### A. Schedule and Notification

FEMA and various Coastal Plans will determine whether a catastrophe event will necessitate a Single Adjuster Program (SAP) response. The National Weather Service declaration of a tropical storm or hurricane event will begin the watch for possible single adjuster response. When the storm is 48 hours from landfall, this will initiate FEMA's approval of the SAP response.

During that time, the NFIP Bureau and Statistical Agent's General Adjusters will be deployed to strategic areas close to where the storm is predicted to strike. At landfall, they will be able to immediately assess the damage impact from the storm. No later than 24 hours after landfall, the WYO Companies will be advised by telephone, fax, or e-mail through their designated Single Adjuster Liaison, as to the areas and state(s) that will be activated. At that point, the WYO Companies will be asked to immediately notify their agents of the SAP procedures in reporting the claims.

The NFIP Bureau and Statistical Agent will notify the WYO Companies by telephone, fax, or e-mail to have their agency staff submit all flood losses that are reasonably believed to involve wind and flood damage to the State Coastal Plans (i.e., Windpool, Fairplan, Beachplan). The NFIP will notify all SAP Liaisons of the Claims Coordinating Office's (CCO) location, telephone number, fax number, and address, if the CCO does not co-locate with the State Coastal Plans.

When the CCO is operational, the WYO companies will be notified of all assigned claims. Notice of losses reflecting the assigned adjusting firms will be faxed each day. Once the assignment is made and communicated to each company, the WYO Company will manage its own loss adjustment. However, the Catastrophe CCO will ensure that the adjuster receives a copy of the loss assignments, the name of the WYO Company, and the SAP Liaison telephone number.

#### B. Training

The NFIP Bureau and Statistical Agent Claims Coordinator and FEMA will annually conduct coordination training sessions, both pre- and post-event, in conjunction with the State Coastal Plans, adjusters, state and local officials, and insurers to train all participants. These training sessions will include regional issues, the State Coastal Plans' procedures, confirmation of coverages for SAP losses, closed without payment (CWOP) procedures, adjuster resources, and duplicate assignments, etc.

The NFIP Bureau and Statistical Agent will continue to provide training for specific problems and situations that may arise during a catastrophe event. FEMA suggests that within the first 48 hours, or whenever applicable, an adjuster briefing should be conducted for all SAP adjusters and adjusting firms to ensure that they understand program procedures.

Guidelines contained in the NFIP Adjuster Claims Manual provide details to address particular claims issues. This document is available on the web at <a href="https://www.fema.gov/nfip">www.fema.gov/nfip</a> under "Information for Claims Adjusters."

#### C. Producer Responsibilities

 When directed by FEMA, the producer will have no authority to assign any losses involving a flood policy when there is a reasonable belief that there is flood and wind damage, and will report the losses on the *combined Wind/Flood* loss notice to the Stationary CCO, with wind coverage information.

- NFIP/WYO insurers insuring both the flood and the wind loss should not report the combined loss to the CCO, but will assign their own single adjuster.
- The producers will report their flood losses via fax to the established CCO, along with wind coverage information in every instance except those mentioned above. In all cases the producer should send a copy of the loss notice to the insurer.
- 4. All separate wind losses insured by a WYO company where a flood policy exists will be reported to the CCO for assignment to qualified adjusting firms at the CCO.
- Upon loss assignment, the insurer will be advised of the assigned adjusting firm by modem transfer, fax, or mail.
- 6. These procedures relate to assignment of claims only. Insurers may perform other procedures in accordance with their standard business practices.

### IV. INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE (ICC) CLAIMS

The producer should become familiar with the ICC aspects of the flood program. He/she can do this by attending an NFIP ICC workshop or reading the NFIP literature distributed by FEMA. Information concerning ICC claims may be obtained from your WYO company or NFIP Direct.

#### I. OVERVIEW

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides all participating communities with copies of their flood maps. The maps are generally kept in community planning or building permit departments where they should be available for review.

Additional information about flood maps can be obtained at the FEMA Map Service Center web site (http://msc.fema.gov).

#### A. Types of Flood Maps

FEMA produces two types of maps for rating flood insurance. For detailed information, refer to "Answers to Questions About the National Flood Insurance Program" (MitDiv-2) and "Guide to Flood Maps" (FEMA–258).

- Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM)--Initial flood hazard identification generally used for Emergency Program communities.
- Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)-Generally used for Regular Program communities. Some Regular Program communities may use a map originally published as an FHBM; however, a letter will accompany the map in conjunction with conversion to the Regular Program stating that the map is to be considered a FIRM.

Countywide FIRMs are official sources of flood risk data for several communities that supersede all previous versions of the FEMA flood hazard maps for the communities covered. Countywide FIRMs show flooding information for the entire geographic area of a county including the incorporated communities within the county.

#### B. Map Information

The date of the current effective map version for a community can be obtained by calling the appropriate community official or by calling the National Flood Insurance Program office on the toll-free number. Maps provide community name, community number, suffix, panel number, map type, and the map effective date.

 The maps may have one panel or multiple panels. Most Z-fold maps have multiple

- panels. Flat maps generally consist of only one panel.
- For multiple panel maps, individual panels are identified on a community map index.
- 3. Panel numbers are listed for that community's map in numerical sequence. FHBMs and FIRMs are drawn to show:
  - Community boundaries
  - Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs)
  - Area not included in a community's map. A community may be physically located within the overall geographical area, but actually stand on its own as a separate community. Therefore, this community would be shown on a separate map.
- 4. Each panel has a panel number and community number. When there is only one panel (i.e., a flat map), the community number will consist of only six digits.

**Example**: Monterey County, CA . . . . 060195-1025. The first two digits of the number identify the state, and the next four digits identify the community. The last four digits identify the map panel.

- Most FIRMs also show:
  - Rate Zones
  - Base Flood Elevations, and/or
  - · Base Flood Depths

#### C. Communities Without a Map

These are communities without formally identified SFHAs that chose to have flood insurance coverage available even though the local flooding problems are too small to map. For any such community in the Regular Program, all areas within that community are treated as Zone C or X.

#### II. MAP ZONES

#### A. Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs)

#### 1. Zone A

The lowest floor elevation is required and the Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) are not provided.

#### 2. Zones A1-A30

The lowest floor elevation is required and the BFEs are provided.

#### Zone AE

Used in place of A1-A30 on some maps.

#### 4. Zone AH

Shallow water depths (ponding) and/or unpredictable flow paths between 1 and 3 feet occur. BFEs are provided.

#### 5. Zone AO

Shallow water paths (sheet flow) and/or unpredictable flow paths between 1 and 3 feet occur. BFEs are not provided. Base flood depths may be provided.

#### Zone A99

Enough progress has been made on a protective system such as dikes, dams, and levees to consider it complete for insurance rating purposes. BFEs are not provided. For the purpose of determining Community Rating System premium discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.

#### 7. Zone AR

Area that results from the decertification of a previously accredited flood protection system that is determined to be in the process of being restored to provide base flood protection. For the purpose of determining Community Rating System premium discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.

### 8. Zones AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/A1-A30, AR/A

Dual flood zones that, because of flooding from other water sources that the flood protection system does not contain, will continue to be subject to flooding after the flood protection system is adequately restored. For the purpose of determining Community Rating System premium discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.

#### 9. Zone V

An area that is inundated by tidal floods with velocity (coastal high hazard area). BFEs are not provided.

#### 10. Zones V1-V30

Identical to V Zone, but BFEs are provided.

#### 11. Zone VE

Used in place of V1-V30 on some maps.

#### 12. Zone VO

An area having shallow water depths and/or unpredictable flow paths between 1 and 3 feet with velocity.

#### B. Moderate, Minimal Hazard Areas

#### 1. Zones B, C, X

Areas of moderate or minimal hazard subject to flooding from severe storm activity or local drainage problems. These zones may be lightly shaded or unshaded on the FIRM. Zone X is the designation for B and C Zones and is used in place of these zones on some maps.

#### 2. Zone D

An area where the flood hazard is undetermined and which usually is very sparsely populated. The designation of Zone D can also be used for rating when one community incorporates portions of another community's area where no map has been prepared.

### III. LOCATING A SPECIFIC PROPERTY ON A MAP

- Check the map index to identify the correct map panel.
- Directly locate the property by the address or other information. It may help to compare the FHBM or FIRM to a more detailed map, such as an assessor's map or community street map.
- Note the map color where the property is located. On FHBMs and FIRMs, areas darkly shaded are the SFHAs. On an FHBM, no other zone data may be given. On a FIRM, the zones are also given an

- alpha designation. All the area within the boundaries indicated for a zone carries that one zone designation.
- Base Flood Elevations in SFHA zones (A1-A30 [or AE], AH, V1-V30 [or VE]) are shown within wavy lines. In some SFHA zones, where the BFE does not vary within the entire zone, the BFE is indicated in parentheses. If required by terrain, a BFE for the property may be interpolated using the closest BFE indicators. In this case, it is important to document the finding.

### IV. CHANGING OR CORRECTING A FLOOD MAP

There are three procedures:

#### A. Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA)

If the applicant/insured believes that the requirement to purchase flood insurance was made in error and there is evidence that the building is not in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) on the effective Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), the applicant/insured may apply for a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA).

A LOMA is a determination made by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for property and/or building as to whether it is located within the SFHA. LOMA determinations are based on the following:

- Comparing the location of the property to the SFHA.
- Comparing the elevation of the property to the 1-percent-annual-chance flood elevation.

If, after plotting the location on the FIRM, the FEMA examiner finds that the property and/or building is not shown in the SFHA, then the Determination will be "Out As Shown," rather than "Removed." The FEMA Out-As-Shown Determination will state that the property or building is correctly shown outside the SFHA and, therefore, the mandatory flood insurance requirement does not apply.

An Out-As-Shown Determination does not require elevations. The minimum requirements to make an Out-As-Shown Determination are as follows:

 A photocopy of the FIRM panel (including the title block) that shows the area in which the property is located.

- Section A of the MT-EZ form, which is found in the MT-EZ application package and can be obtained from the FEMA web site at www.fema.gov/fhm/dl\_mt-ez.shtm, or by calling the toll-free number listed below.
- A copy of the subdivision Plat Map of the area, showing the recordation data (i.e., Book/Volume and Page numbers) and containing the recorder's seal.

OR

 A copy of the deed for the property, showing the recordation information (i.e., Book/ Volume and Page numbers) and containing the recorder's seal, accompanied by a tax assessor's or other suitable map showing the surveyed location of the property and at least two street intersections that are also shown on FEMA's FIRM.

In some cases, additional information may be required to make a determination.

Questions about LOMAs may be directed to the FEMA Map Assistance Center toll-free information line at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-336-2627).

#### B. Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)

A LOMR is an official revision to the currently effective FEMA map. It is used to change flood zones, floodplain and floodway delineations, flood elevations, and planimetric features. All requests for LOMRs must be made to FEMA through the chief executive officer of the community, since it is the community that must adopt any changes and revisions to the map. A LOMR is usually followed by a physical map revision.

#### C. Physical Map Revision

A physical map revision is an official republication of a map to effect changes to flood insurance zones, floodplain delineations, flood elevations, floodways, and planimetric features.

The community's chief executive officer can submit scientific and technical data to FEMA to support the request for a map revision. The data will be analyzed, and the map will be revised if warranted.

**NOTE:** To verify past rating determinations and to establish floodplain management compliance requirements, old maps should be retained.

#### V. ORDERING FLOOD MAPS

Flood maps and related products may be ordered by writing to the FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) at P.O. Box 1038, Jessup, MD 20794-1038. Orders also may be placed by calling the MSC's toll-free number, 1-800-358-9616, from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Information about flood maps and other products also is available at the Map Service Center web site (<a href="http://msc.fema.gov">http://msc.fema.gov</a>). Visitors to the site now can download and print free "FIRMettes"—user-selected portions of official FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps. Regular visitors may set up accounts to order and pay for fee-based products online.

The MSC distributes Flood Hazard Boundary Maps (FHBMs), Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), and Flood Insurance Studies (FIS) in hardcopy format. Digital flood data, known as Q3, are available on CD ROM for approximately 900 counties nationwide. The Q3 data require GIS software for use. Call the MSC at 1-800-358-9616 for Q3 information for specific areas.

#### A. Ordering Instructions

Z-fold maps may be ordered by community number and panel number. Flat map orders require a 6-digit community number. When ordering maps, be sure to identify specific map panels needed.

#### B. Prices

There is a \$3.00 charge for each map panel, including index maps, plus shipping. Q3 data are \$50 per CD-ROM. Federal, state, and local governments are exempt from the fees for hardcopy maps. However, government entities must pay for Q3 CD-ROMs.

A chart showing MSC products, services, and fees is provided on pages MAP 5-6. Orders must be prepaid, and all sales are final. Overpayments of less than \$3 are not refunded.

The MSC accepts VISA, MasterCard, and American Express credit card charges, deposit accounts (see C., following), and checks. Credit card and deposit account orders can be faxed to 1-800-358-9620. Checks should be made payable to "NFIP" and mailed to the address above.

#### C. Map Revisions

To automatically receive map revisions, an account must be set up by either check or credit card. Accounts are established with a check of \$100 minimum. The check should be sent to the MSC at the address above, along with a list of the required map areas. As the revised maps become available, they will be sent automatically, and appropriate fees will be deducted from the deposit account.

Revised map information also may be obtained from the Flood Map Status Information Service (FMSIS) or the Community Status Book. For more information, call MSC at 1-800-358-9616.

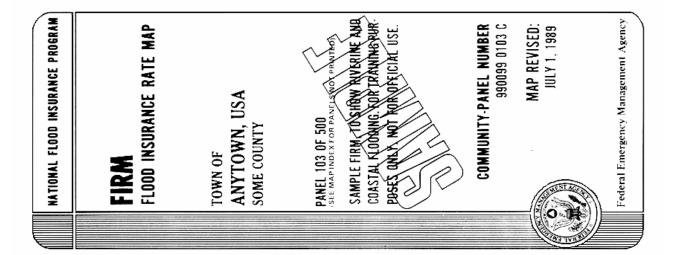
# MSC Products, Services, and Fees <a href="http://msc.fema.gov">http://msc.fema.gov</a>

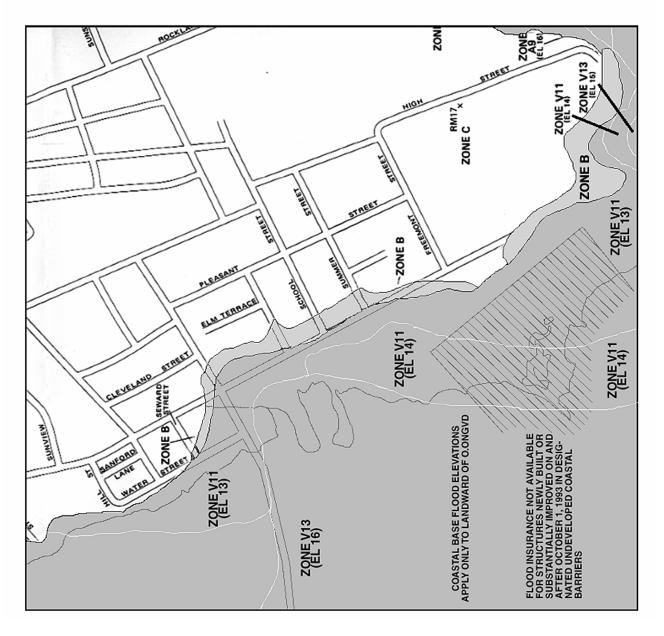
Product or Service	Fee	Shipping Charge
PAPER		
Letters	\$3.00 per letter	\$.037 per panel for first 10 plus \$0.04 for each additional panel
Maps	\$3.00 per panel	\$.037 per panel for first 10 plus \$0.04 for each additional panel
Floodways (as part of studies)	\$3.00 per panel	N/A
Studies	\$6.00 per study	\$4.50 per study plus \$.45 for each additional study
Hurry Charge (added to regular charge)	\$33.00	N/A
INTERNET PRODUCT	S	
FIRMettes	Free	N/A
Letters	\$2.50 per letter	N/A
Downloadable Maps	\$2.50 per panel	N/A
Downloadable Floodways	\$2.50 per panel	N/A
Downloadable Studies	\$5.00 per study	N/A
DFIRM Database (DB)	\$10.00 per DB	N/A
CD-ROM		
CD Maps	\$3.00 per panel	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
CD Floodways	\$3.00 per panel	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
CD Studies	\$6.00 per study	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
DFIRM DB	\$10.00 per database	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
DFIRM w/Orthos	\$10.00 per database	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
Q3 on CD	\$50.00 per CD- ROM	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
CBRA Q3 on CD	\$50.00 per CD- ROM or \$200 for all 5 Q3 CDs	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
FMSIS (Individual Orders)	\$13.00 per State or \$38.00 for entire USA	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
FMSIS (Annual Subscription)	\$148.00 per state or \$419.00 or entire USA	N/A
LOMC Subscription Service (Individual Orders)	\$85.00 per issue	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
LOMC Subscription Service (Annual Subscriptions)	\$2,000 per year	N/A
FEMA's Guidelines and Specifications for Flood Hazard Mapping Partners on CD	\$2.60	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
MHIP: Multi-Hazard Implementation Plan	\$2.60	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD
	•	MAD 5 May 1 2006

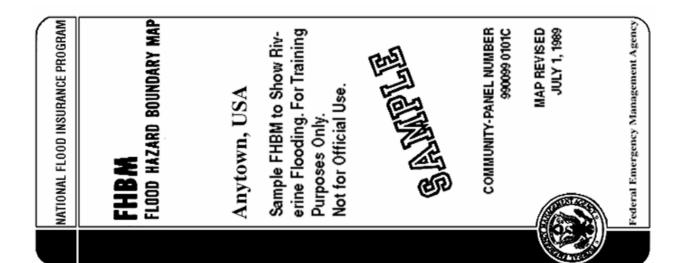
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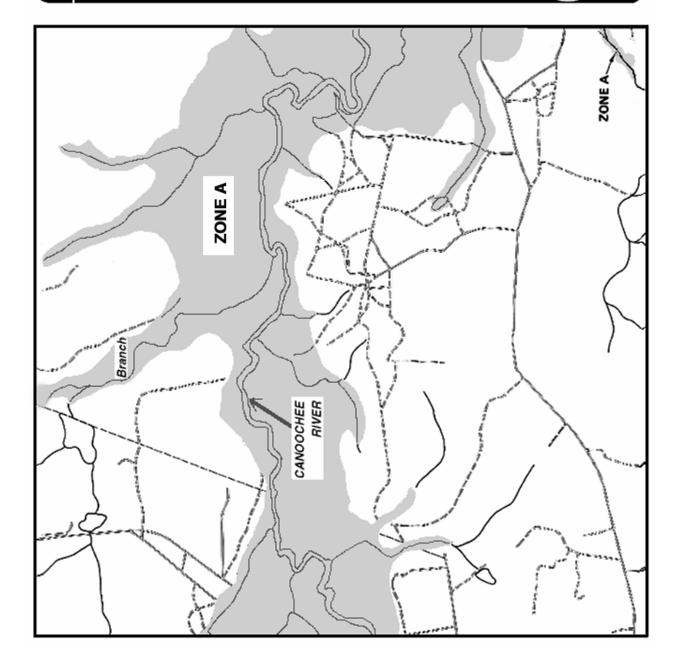
# MSC Products, Services, and Fees (Cont'd.) <a href="http://msc.fema.gov">http://msc.fema.gov</a>

Product or Service	Fee	Shipping Charge					
VIEW TOOL							
F-MIT Light on Web	Free	N/A					
F-MIT Light on CD	Free	N/A					
DFIRM CD Viewer (formerly F-MIT Pro)	\$30.00 per Viewer	\$1.50 for first 4 CDs and \$0.25 for each additional CD					
MANUALS							
NFIP Insurance Manual (Full Manual)	\$25.00 per subscription for 2 years	N/A					
NFIP Insurance Manual (Producer's Edition)	\$15.00 per subscription for 2 years	N/A					
NFIP Insurance Manual (Full Manual & Producer's Edition) on CD	\$25.00 per subscription for 2 years	N/A					
OTHER	OTHER						
Community Status Book (CSB) – Individual Orders	\$2.50 per State or \$20.50 for entire USA	\$1.10 per State or \$5.00 for the entire USA					
Community Status Book (CSB) – Annual Subscription	\$50.00 per State or \$250.00 for entire USA	N/A					
Community Map Action List (CMAL)	Free	N/A					









#### I. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Community Rating System (CRS) is a voluntary program for NFIP-participating communities. The goals of the CRS are to reduce flood losses, to facilitate accurate insurance rating, and to promote the awareness of flood insurance.

The CRS has been developed to provide incentives for communities to go beyond the minimum floodplain management requirements to develop extra measures to provide protection from flooding. The incentives are in the form of premium discounts.

#### II. ELIGIBILITY

For a community to be eligible, the community must be in full compliance with the NFIP and be in the Regular phase of the program. Communities in the Emergency phase of the program are not eligible.

#### **III. CLASSIFICATIONS AND DISCOUNTS**

All communities start out with a Class 10 rating (which provides no discount). There are 10 CRS classes: Class 1 requires the most credit points and gives the greatest premium discount; Class 10 identifies a community that does not apply for the CRS, or does not obtain a minimum number of credit points and receives no discount. There are 18 activities recognized as measures for eliminating exposure to floods. Credit points are assigned to each activity. The activities are organized under four main categories: Public Information, Mapping and Regulation, Flood Damage Reduction, and Flood Preparedness. Once a community applies to the appropriate FEMA region for the CRS program and its implementation is verified, FEMA sets the CRS classification based upon the credit points. This classification determines the premium discount for policyholders. Premium discounts ranging from 5 percent to a maximum of 45 percent will be applied to every policy written in a community as recognition of the floodplain management activities instituted.

The table below shows premium discounts for CRS Classes 1-10 within different flood zones.

### IV. CRS ACTIVITIES THAT CAN DIRECTLY BENEFIT INSURANCE AGENTS

Certain activities that are credited under the CRS provide direct benefit to agents writing flood insurance.

All CRS communities must maintain completed FEMA elevation and floodproofing certificates for all new and substantially improved construction in the Special Flood Hazard Area after the date of application for CRS classification. These certificates must be available upon request. Therefore, in writing a policy, an agent should be able to get these certificates from any CRS community. In addition, some CRS communities receive credit for having completed certificates for Post-FIRM buildings constructed prior to the CRS application date. If they do receive this credit, then these certificates should also be available to agents writing flood insurance. The community may charge a fee for copying certificates for inquirers.

Many CRS communities receive credit for providing inquirers with information from the community's FIRM. This includes a property's flood risk zone and the Base Flood Elevation. The service must be publicized once a year. If a community is receiving this credit, then agents should be able to use the service. A fee may be charged for the service.

#### **CRS PREMIUM DISCOUNTS**

Class	Discount	Class	Discount	
1	45%	6	20%	
2	40%	7	15%	
3	35%	8	10%	
4	30%	9	5%	
5	25%	10		

SFHA (Zones A, AE, A1-A30, V, V1-V30, AO, and AH): Discount varies depending on class.

SFHA (Zones A99, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1-A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO): 10% discount for Classes 1-6; 5% discount for Classes 7-9.\*

Non-SFHA (Zones B, C, X, D): 10% discount for Classes 1-6; 5% discount for Classes 7-9.

Preferred Risk Policies and Mortgage Portfolio Protection Program policies are not eligible for CRS Premium Discounts.

May 1, 2005

<sup>\*</sup>For the purpose of determining CRS Premium Discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.

### **COMMUNITY RATING SYSTEM**

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Alabama						
010146 010071	Athens, City of Atmore, City of	10/1/91 05/1/02	10/1/98 05/1/02	10 8	0 10	0 5	R C
015000	Baldwin County	10/1/95	05/1/06	8	10	5	С
010116	Birmingham, City of	10/1/94	10/1/05	6	20	10	C C
010418	Dauphin Island, Town of	04/1/01	04/1/01	8	10	5	С
010176	Decatur, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	10	0	0	R
015005	Gulf Shores, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C C
015006	Homewood, City of	10/1/01	10/1/01	9	5	5	C
010123	Hoover, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
010153	Huntsville, City of	10/1/91	05/1/03	7	15	5	С
015007	Mobile, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
015011	Orange Beach, City of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
010189 010002	Pell City, City of	10/1/92 10/1/91	10/1/92 10/1/91	9	5	5	C C
010002	Prattville, City of Wetumpka, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5 5	5 5	C
010070	Alaska	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C
				_		_	_
020005	Anchorage, Municipality of	10/1/95	10/1/04	7	15	5	C
020012	Kenai Peninsula, Borough of	04/1/00	04/1/00	8	10	5	C
020003	Ketchikan, Borough of	10/1/05	10/1/05	9	5	5	C
020069	Nome, City of	10/1/05	10/1/05	9	5	5	C
020113 020094	Seward, City of	10/1/05 10/1/92	10/1/05 10/1/92	9	5 5	5 5	00000
020094	Valdez, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
	Arizona						
040013	Benson, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	R
040014	Bisbee, City of	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	R
040131	Camp Verde, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
040080	Casa Grande, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	C
040040	Chandler, City of	10/1/91	05/1/04	7	15	5	C
040094 040095	Chino Valley, Town of Clarkdale, Town of	10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/93 10/1/96	8 8	10 10	5	C
040093	Cochise County	10/1/91	10/1/90	9	5	5 5	0000
040012	Coconino County	10/1/91	10/1/91	8	10	5	C
040019	Flagstaff, City of	10/1/91	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
040028	Gila County	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	
040044	Gilbert, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	R C
040045	Glendale, City of	10/1/91	10/1/99	8	10	5	Č
040067	Holbrook, City of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	Č
040037	Maricopa County	10/1/91	05/1/02	5	25	10	Ċ
040048	Mesa, City of	10/1/91	04/1/98	10	0	0	R
040058	Mohave County	10/1/95	10/1/05	8	10	5	С
040066	Navajo County	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
040051	Phoenix, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	С
040073	Pima County	10/1/91	04/1/01	6	20	10	CCRCCCC
040098	Prescott, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

CRS 2 May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Arizona (continued)						
040090 045012 040130 040069 040054 040076 040056 040031 040093	Santa Cruz County Scottsdale, City of Sedona, City of Show Low, City of Tempe, City of Tucson, City of Wickenburg, Town of Winkelman, Town of Yavapai County	10/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/03 10/1/95 10/1/91 10/1/91 05/1/02 10/1/02 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/92	7 7 9 9 8 7 9 10 8	15 15 5 5 10 15 5 0	5 5 5 5 5 5 0 5	00000000000
	Arkansas						
050029 050192 050419 050012 050140 050046 050308 050433 050168 050084 050180 050048 050181 050088 050109 050055	Arkadelphia, City of Benton, City of Benton County Bentonville, City of Blytheville, City of Bono, City of Bryant, City of Garland County Helena, City of Hot Springs, City of Jacksonville, City of Jonesboro, City of Little Rock, City of Malvern, City of Pine Bluff, City of West Memphis, City of	10/1/91 10/1/93 05/1/05 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/91 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94	10/1/05 10/1/93 05/1/05 10/1/02 10/1/95 05/1/02 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/99 10/1/93 10/1/04 10/1/92 10/1/01 10/1/96 10/1/95 10/1/02	8 9 8 9 8 9 9 10 9 8 9 8 10 10 8	10 5 10 10 5 10 5 0 5 10 0 0	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	California						
060001 060213 060714 060025 065023 060339 060370 060218 065028 065029 060048 065034 060222 060075 060090 060136 060341	Alameda County Anaheim, City of Clearlake, City of Contra Costa County Corte Madera, Town of Cupertino, City of Fairfield, City of Fountain Valley, City of Fremont, City of Fresno County Fresno, City of Huntington Beach, City of Irvine, City of Kern County Lake County Long Beach, City of Los Altos, City of	10/1/92 10/1/91 05/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/05 10/1/92 10/1/96 04/1/01 10/1/91 10/1/95 10/1/91 10/1/95 10/1/93 10/1/93	10/1/99 05/1/02 05/1/03 04/1/01 10/1/03 10/1/05 05/1/02 04/1/98 04/1/01 10/1/02 10/1/02 10/1/00 05/1/02 10/1/93 10/1/00 10/1/03 10/1/96	7 6 9 6 8 8 8 8 7 6 6 7 8 8 7 7 8	15 20 5 20 10 10 10 10 15 20 20 15 10 10	505055555005555555	00000000000000000

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	California (continued)						
065043	Los Angeles County	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
060137	Los Angeles, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	7	15	5	С
060344	Milpitas, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	5	25	10	С
060735	Mission Viejo, City of	10/1/05	10/1/05	9	5	5	С
060195	Monterey County	10/1/91	10/1/02	6	20	10	С
065074	Moreno Valley, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
060346	Morgan Hill, City of	05/1/03	05/1/03	7	15	5	00000000
060347	Mountain View, City of	05/1/02	05/1/02	8	10	5	C
060751	Murrieta, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	C
060207	Napa, City of	04/1/01	04/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
060227	Newport Beach, City of	10/1/93	05/1/03	8	10	5	Ċ
060178	Novato, City of	10/1/95	10/1/00	7	15	5	C
060294	Oceanside, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
060212	Orange County	10/1/91	05/1/02	7	15	5	C
060228	Orange, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	00000000
060257	Palm Springs, City of	10/1/92	10/1/00	8	10	5	C
060348	Palo Alto, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
060379	Petaluma, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	6	20	10	Ċ
060239	Placer County	10/1/91	10/1/01	6	20	10	C
060034	Pleasant Hill, City of	05/1/03	05/1/03	8	10	5	Ċ
060012	Pleasanton, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
060360	Redding, City of	10/1/96	10/1/01	6	20	10	Ċ
060035	Richmond, City of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	Ċ
060243	Roseville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	5	25	10	C
060262	Sacramento County	10/1/92	10/1/02	5	25	10	Ċ
060266	Sacramento, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	6	20	10	CCCRCCC
060202	Salinas, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
060284	San Diego County	10/1/94	10/1/95	10	0	0	R
060299	San Joaquin County	10/1/93	05/1/03	6	20	10	С
060349	San Jose, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
060231	San Juan Capistrano, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
060310	San Luis Obispo, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	CC
060710	San Ramon, City of	10/1/91	04/1/01	7	15	5	С
060331	Santa Barbara County	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	С
060350	Santa Clara, City of	05/1/02	05/1/02	8	10	5	С
060337	Santa Clara County	05/1/04	05/1/04	8	10	5	С
060729	Santa Clarita, City of	10/1/01	10/1/01	9	5	5	С
060355	Santa Cruz, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
060421	Simi Valley, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
060631	Solano County	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	O O O R
060375	Sonoma County	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	R
060302	Stockton, City of	10/1/96	10/1/97	8	10	5	
060352	Sunnyvale, City of	10/1/98	05/1/03	7	15	5	С
060400	Tehema, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	7	15	5	000
060373	Vacaville, City of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
065070	Walnut Creek, City of	10/1/91	04/1/01	7	15	5	С

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CRS 4 May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	California (continued)						
060357	Watsonville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
060238	Yorba Linda, City of	10/1/93	10/1/04	10	0	0	R
060427	Yuba County	10/1/03	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
	Colorado						
080001	Adams County	10/1/93	10/1/03	10	0	0	R
080009	Alamosa County	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	С
080010	Alamosa, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C
080011	Arapahoe County	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	Č
080273	Archuleta County	10/1/92	10/1/98	10	0	Ö	Ř
085072	Arvada, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	R C
080002	Aurora, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	Ċ
080023	Boulder County	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
080024	Boulder, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
080130	Brush, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
080068	Canon City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	9	5	5	00000000000
080013	Cherry Hills Village, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	8	10	5	C
080060	Colorado Springs, City of	10/1/90	10/1/01	9	5	5	C
080043	Delta, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	7	15	5	C
		10/1/96	05/1/06	8	10	5	C
080046	Denver, City and County of			9		5 5	C
080049	Douglas County	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5 5		C
080099	Durango, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92			5	C
080059	El Paso County	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	
085074	Englewood, City of	10/1/95	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
080102	Fort Collins, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	4	30	10	C
080061	Fountain, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
080067	Fremont County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
080245	Frisco, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
080090	Golden, City of	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	C
080062	Green Mountain Falls, Town of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	C
080078	Gunnison County	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	00000000000
080080	Gunnison, City of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	С
080087	Jefferson County	10/1/05	10/1/05	9	5	5	
085075	Lakewood, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	6	20	10	С
080101	Larimer County	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
080017	Littleton, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	7	15	5	С
080027	Longmont, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
085076	Louisville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	8	10	5	С
080063	Manitou Springs, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
080115	Mesa County	05/1/06	05/1/06	9	5	5	С
080064	Monument, Town of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	С
080092	Morrison, Town of	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	С
080065	Palmer Lake, Town of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	С
080310	Parker, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/97	7	15	5	000000000
080287	Pitkin County	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	Ċ

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Colorado (continued)						
080153 080018 080201 080159 080168 080007 080054 080008 085079	Rio Grande County Sheridan, City of Silverthorne, Town of Steamboat Springs, Town of Telluride, Town of Thornton, City of Vail, Town of Westminster, City of Wheat Ridge, City of	10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/96 10/1/93 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/97 10/1/03 10/1/96 10/1/93 10/1/05 10/1/99 10/1/01 05/1/06 10/1/96	10 10 9 9 8 8 7 6 7	0 0 5 5 10 10 15 20	0 0 5 5 5 5 5 10 5	RRCCCCCCC
	Connecticut						
090074 090076 090096 090078 090011 090012 090015 090193 090106 095082 090070 090019	Cheshire, Town of East Haven, Town of East Lyme, Town of Hamden, Town of Newtown, Town of Norwalk, City of Stamford, City of Stonington, Borough of Stonington, Town of West Hartford, Town of Westbrook, Town of Westport, Town of	10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/02 10/1/04 05/1/04 10/1/91 05/1/05 10/1/95	10/1/03 10/1/04 10/1/91 10/1/95 10/1/91 10/1/98 10/1/02 10/1/04 05/1/04 10/1/91 05/1/05 10/1/00	10 8 9 8 9 10 7 9 9 9	0 10 5 10 5 0 15 5 5 5 5	055550555555	RCCCCRCCCCC
	Delaware						
100056 105084 100041 100026 100025 105086 100048	Dewey Beach, Town of Fenwick Island, Town of Lewes, City of New Castle, City of Newark,City of Rehoboth Beach, City of Seaford, City of	10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/92 10/1/94 10/1/92 10/1/96	10/1/99 10/1/04 10/1/92 10/1/99 10/1/01 10/1/95 10/1/96	8 8 9 8 7 8 9	10 10 5 10 15 10 5	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0000000
	Florida						
120001 120290 125087 120180 120075 120193 120676 120419 120636	Alachua County Altamonte Springs, City of Anna Maria, City of Apopka, City of Atlantic Beach, City of Atlantis, City of Aventura, City of Baker County Bal Harbour, Village of	10/1/95 10/1/94 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/05 10/1/92 10/1/00 10/1/01 10/1/96	10/1/00 10/1/96 10/1/05 05/1/03 10/1/05 10/1/94 05/1/05 10/1/01 10/1/97	8 8 7 8 8 7 8	10 10 15 10 10 10 15 10	5555555555	00000000000
120004 120637 125089	Bay County Bay Harbor Islands, Town of Belleair Beach, City of	10/1/93 10/1/94 10/1/92	10/1/05 10/1/99 10/1/01	7 7 7	15 15 15	5 5 5	000

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

CRS 6

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Florida (continued)						
120195	Boca Raton, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
120680	Bonita Springs, City of	05/1/06	05/1/06	7	15	5	C
120196	Boynton Beach, City of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	C
125091	Bradenton Beach, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	7	15	5	00000
120155	Bradenton, City of	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	C
125092	Brevard County	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
125093	Broward County	10/1/92	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
120005	Callaway, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
125094	Cape Canaveral, City of	10/1/93	10/1/99	8	10	5	Č
125095	Cape Coral, City of	10/1/91	05/1/05	7	15	5	Ċ
120090	Carrabelle, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
120061	Charlotte County	10/1/92	05/1/04	5	25	10	Č
120063	Citrus County	10/1/01	10/1/01	7	15	5	0000000
120064	Clay County	10/1/96	10/1/05	7	15	5	Ċ
125096	Clearwater, City of	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	Ċ
120198	Cloud Lake, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/96	8	10	5	Č
125097	Cocoa Beach, City of	10/1/94	10/1/04	10	0	Ö	R
120020	Cocoa, City of	10/1/94	10/1/04	10	Ö	Ö	R
120031	Coconut Creek, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	7	15	5	C
120067	Collier County	10/1/92	10/1/95	7	15	5	Č
120070	Columbia County	10/1/96	10/1/05	8	10	5	Č
120032	Cooper City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/96	8	10	5	Ċ
120639	Coral Gables, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	Ċ
120033	Coral Springs, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	Č
120034	Dania, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
120035	Davie, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/05	7	15	5	Ċ
125100	Daytona Beach Shores, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	0000000000
125099	Daytona Beach, City of	10/1/94	05/1/03	7	15	5	Ċ
125101	Deerfield Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
125102	Delray Beach, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	Ċ
125158	Destin, City of	10/1/94	05/1/04	7	15	5	Č
125103	Dunedin, City of	10/1/92	04/1/98	8	10	5	Ċ
120308	Edgewater, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	C C
120080	Escambia County	10/1/91	10/1/05	7	15	5	Ċ
120146	Fanning Springs, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Č
120120	Fellsmere, City of	10/1/99	10/1/04	9	5	5	Č
120172	Fernandina Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
120087	Flagler Beach, City of	10/1/95	10/1/00	7	15	5	č
125105	Fort Lauderdale, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	8	10	5	000000
125106	Fort Myers, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	Č
120673	Fort Myers Beach, Town of	10/1/99	10/1/99	7	15	5	Č
120286	Fort Pierce, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	8	10	5	č
120174	Fort Walton Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	7	15	5	Č
120088	Franklin County	10/1/93	10/1/02	8	10	5	č
125107	Gainesville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	č
120200	Glen Ridge, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/96	8	10	5	Č

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs. <sup>2</sup>Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1. <sup>3</sup>Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

CRS 7 May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Florida (continued)						
120642	Golden Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/02	10	0	0	R
120275	Gulf Breeze, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
120098	Gulf County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
125109	Gulf Stream, Town of	10/1/99	10/1/99	8	10	5	С
125108	Gulfport, City of	10/1/93	10/1/03	7	15	5	С
125110	Hallandale Beach, City of	10/1/94	05/1/05	7	15	5	С
120103	Hardee County	10/1/96	05/1/04	10	0	0	000 R 0000000000000000000
120107	Hendry County	10/1/00	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
120110	Hernando County	10/1/92	10/1/05	7	15	5	C
120643	Hialeah, City of	10/1/93	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
125111	Highland Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
120111	Highlands County	10/1/94	10/1/04	8	10	5	C
120040	Hillsboro Beach, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
120112	Hillsborough County	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	Ċ
125112	Holly Hill, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	Ċ
125113	Hollywood, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
125114	Holmes Beach, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	7	15		Ċ
120645	Homestead, City of	05/1/06	05/1/06	8	10	5 5	Ċ
120207	Hypoluxo, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/96	8	10	5	Ċ
120119	Indian River County	10/1/92	01/1/98	7	15	5	Ċ
120121	Indian River Shores, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/95	8	10	5	Ċ
125117	Indian Rocks Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
125118	Indian Shores, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/05	6	20	10	C
120125	Jackson County	10/1/02	10/1/02	9	5	5	Ċ
120078	Jacksonville Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	Ċ
120077	Jacksonville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
120331	Jefferson County	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	Č
120208	Juno Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/00	5	25	10	Ċ
120162	Jupiter Island, Town of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	Ċ
125119	Jupiter, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/00	7	15	5	Ċ
120245	Kenneth City, Town of	10/1/92	05/1/06	8	10	5	Ċ
120648	Key Biscayne, City of	04/1/98	04/1/00	6	20	10	0000000
125121	Key Colony Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/95	8	10	5	Ċ
120168	Key West, City of	10/1/92	10/1/99	10	0	Ö	R
120190	Kissimmee, City of	10/1/96	10/1/01	8	10	5	C
120211	Lake Clarke Shores, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
120421	Lake County	10/1/94	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
120212	Lake Park, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
120212	Lake Worth, City of	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	C
120267	Lakeland, City of	10/1/04	10/1/04	8	10	5	Ċ
120214	Lantana, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
125122	Largo, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	7	15	5	Ċ
125123	Lauderdale by the Sea, City of	04/1/00	05/1/05	8	10	5	C
120044	Lauderhill, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
120169	Layton, City of	10/1/01	10/1/01	8	10	5	000000000
125124	Lee County	10/1/91	10/1/01	6	20	10	Č

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs. <sup>2</sup>Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Florida (continued)						
120145	Levy County	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	С
125125	Lighthouse Point, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	Ċ
125126	Longboat Key, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/05	6	20	10	Ċ
120292	Longwood, City of	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	0000000
120009	Lynn Haven, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	Ċ
125127	Madeira Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Č
120149	Madison County	10/1/94	10/1/00	8	10	5	Ċ
120215	Manalapan, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	Ċ
120153	Manatee County	10/1/91	10/1/05	6	20	10	Č
120216	Mangonia Park, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	Ċ
120426	Marco Island, City of	10/1/00	10/1/05	6	20	10	Ċ
120047	Margate, City of	10/1/92	10/1/95	8	10	5	Ċ
120160	Marion County	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	Ċ
120161	Martin County	10/1/92	10/1/00	7	15	5	Ċ
120025	Melbourne, City of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	Ċ
120650	Miami, City of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	0000000
120651	Miami Beach, City of	10/1/96	10/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
120652	Miami Shores Village, Village of	10/1/00	10/1/00	8	10	5	Ċ
120635	Miami-Dade County	10/1/94	10/1/03	5	25	10	C
120048	Miramar, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
125129	Monroe County	10/1/91	05/1/97	10	0	0	R
125130	Naples, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	С
120079	Neptune Beach, City of	10/1/94	10/1/04	8	10	5	С
120232	New Port Richey, City of	10/1/93	10/1/95	8	10	5	С
125132	New Smyrna Beach, City of	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
120338	Niceville, City of	10/1/93	04/1/98	8	10	5	С
120049	North Lauderdale, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
120656	North Miami Beach, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	С
120655	North Miami, City of	10/1/94	10/1/01	5	25	10	С
120217	North Palm Beach, Village of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	С
120279	North Port, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	000000000
125133	North Redington Beach,	10/1/92	10/1/98	8	10	5	С
	Town of						
120050	Oakland Park, City of	10/1/94	10/1/05	8	10	5	С
120330	Ocala, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
125134	Ocean Ridge, Town of	10/1/92	01/1/98	8	10	5	С
120173	Okaloosa County	10/1/95	10/1/05	6	20	10	С
120177	Okeechobee County	10/1/96	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
120250	Oldsmar, City of	10/1/92	05/1/06	6	20	10	0000000000
120179	Orange County	10/1/91	05/1/02	6	20	10	С
120186	Orlando, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
125136	Ormond Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
120189	Osceola County	10/1/94	10/1/03	7	15	5	С
120404	Palm Bay, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	С
120192	Palm Beach County	10/1/91	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
120221	Palm Beach Gardens, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	С

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CRS 9 May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Florida (continued)						
125137	Palm Beach Shores, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	С
120220	Palm Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
120684	Palm Coast, City of	05/1/04	05/1/04	7	15	5	С
120223	Palm Springs, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
120159	Palmetto, City of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
120012	Panama City, City of	10/1/93	10/1/02	7	15	5	00000000
120011	Parker, City of	10/1/94	10/1/04	8	10	5	С
120230	Pasco County	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
120053	Pembroke Pines, City of	10/1/94	10/1/98	7	15	5	C
120082	Pensacola, City of	10/1/02	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
125138	Pensacola Beach-Santa Rosa Island Authority	10/1/91	05/1/03	8	10	5	C
125139	Pinellas County	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
120251	Pinellas Park, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	7	15	5	C
120054	Plantation, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	00000000
120261	Polk County	10/1/92	10/1/03	7	15	5	C
120055	Pompano Beach, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	C
120312	Ponce Inlet, Town of	05/1/04	05/1/04	7	15	5	C
120313	Port Orange, City of	10/1/92	05/1/03	7	15	5	С
120234	Port Richey, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	C
120099	Port St. Joe, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
120287	Port St. Lucie, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
120062	Punta Gorda, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	C
125140	Redington Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/96	8	10	5	C
125141	Redington Shores, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
120027	Rockledge, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
125143	Safety Harbor, City of	10/1/92	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
120402	Sanibel, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	5	25	10	С
120274	Santa Rosa County	10/1/93	04/1/00	7	15	5	С
125144	Sarasota County	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	С
125150	Sarasota, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	7	15	5	С
120028	Satellite Beach, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	0000000000
120123	Sebastian, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	9	5	5	С
120289	Seminole County	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
120164	Sewall's Point, Town of	10/1/96	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
120579	Shalimar, Town of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	
120314	South Daytona, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
120658	South Miami, City of	10/1/93	10/1/95	8	10	5	С
120227	South Palm Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	0000000000
125151	South Pasadena, City of	10/1/92	10/1/98	8	10	5	С
125146	St. Augustine Beach, City of	10/1/93	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
125145	St. Augustine, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
120191	St. Cloud, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
125147	St. Johns County	10/1/95	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
120285	St. Lucie County	10/1/94	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
120316	St. Marks, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С

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### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Florida (continued)						
125149	St. Pete Beach, City of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	С
125148	St. Petersburg, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
120296	Sumter County	10/1/95	05/1/97	8	10	5	Č
120328	Sunrise, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
120659	Surfside, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	Ċ
120300	Suwannee County	10/1/96	10/1/00	8	10	5	Ċ
120144	Tallahassee, City of	10/1/94	10/1/99	7	15	5	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
120058	Tamarac, City of	10/1/92	05/1/06	7	15	5	Ċ
120114	Tampa, City of	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	Č
120259	Tarpon Springs, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
120302	Taylor County	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	Ċ
120115	Temple Terrace, City of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	C
120228	Tequesta, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/00	7	15	5	Ċ
125152	Titusville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
125152	Treasure Island, City of	10/1/92	10/1/99	7	15	5	C
125155	Venice, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	6	20	10	C
120124	Vero Beach, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
125155	Volusia County	10/1/93	10/1/93	7	15	5	C
120315	Wakulla County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
125157	Wellington, Village of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
120229	West Palm Beach, City of	10/1/03	04/1/00	7	15	5	C
120229	Winter Springs, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
120293	Yankeetown, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/98	7	15	5	C
120147	Tankeetown, Town or	10/1/94	10/1/97	<b>'</b>	15	5	C
	Georgia						
130075	Albany, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	С
130093	Brunswick, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
130209	Cartersville, City of	05/1/05	05/1/05	9	5	5	С
130030	Chatham County	10/1/91	05/1/04	7	15	5	С
130424	Cherokee County	05/1/05	05/1/05	8	10	5	С
130052	Cobb County	10/1/91	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
130086	College Park, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	0000000
130059	Columbia County	04/1/99	05/1/04	8	10	5	
135158	Columbus, City of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
130144	Covington, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
130504	Crisp County	05/1/05	05/1/05	9	5	5	
135159	Decatur, City of	10/1/93	10/1/05	7	15	5	С
130065	Dekalb County	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
130074	Dougherty County	10/1/93	10/1/03	7	15	5	С
130098	Duluth, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	С
130306	Douglas County	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
130432	Fayette County	05/1/04	05/1/04	7	15	5	С
130431	Fayetteville, City of	05/1/06	05/1/06	8	10	5	С
135160	Fulton County	04/1/00	04/1/00	9	5	5	С
130092	Glynn County	10/1/92	10/1/96	8	10	5	00000000000
130322	Gwinnett County	10/1/94	05/1/04	8	10	5	С

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**CRS 11** May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Georgia (continued)						
130201 130147 130078 130261 130088 135163 135164 130025 130196	Jekyll Island, State Park Auth Paulding County Peachtree City, City of Pooler, Town of Roswell, City of Savannah, City of Tybee Island, City of Waynesboro, City of	10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/91 05/1/03	05/1/06 10/1/96 10/1/03 10/1/95 10/1/96 10/1/98 10/1/04 10/1/97 05/1/03	6 10 7 8 7 8 8	20 0 15 10 15 10 10 0	10 0 5 5 5 5 5 5	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 0
130196	Worth County Hawaii	05/1/05	05/1/03	9	5	5	C
150003	Maui County	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
100000	Idaho	10/1/00	10/1/00				•
160001 160009 165167 160002 160206 160209 160003 160212 160004 160022 160131 160023 160076 160090 160058 160101 160012 160114 160024 160120 160220	Ada County Bannock County Blaine County Boise, City of Bonner County Caribou County Eagle, City of Elmore County Garden City, City of Hailey, City of Kellogg, City of Ketchum, City of Kootenai County Moscow, City of Mountain Home, City of Nez Perce County Pocatello, City of Shoshone County Sun Valley, City of Twin Falls, City of Valley County	10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/91 10/1/05 05/1/06 04/1/00 10/1/94 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94	10/1/99 10/1/99 10/1/99 04/1/01 10/1/05 05/1/06 04/1/00 04/1/01 05/1/03 10/1/97 10/1/97 10/1/00 10/1/99 10/1/99 10/1/99 10/1/99 10/1/94 10/1/99	7 8 8 6 9 9 6 8 8 8 8 8 6 8 8 9 8 9 7	15 10 10 20 5 5 20 10 10 10 10 20 10 5 10 5	5 5 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	00000000000000000000
	Illinois						
170001 170198 170059 170072 170298 170078 170361 170182 170081	Adams County Addison, Village of Bartlett, Village of Calumet City, City of Carbondale, City of Country Club Hills, City of Deerfield, Village of DeKalb, City of Des Plaines, City of	10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/00 10/1/02 10/1/93 10/1/95 05/1/05 10/1/93	10/1/01 10/1/97 05/1/04 05/1/03 10/1/02 10/1/94 10/1/05 05/1/05 10/1/03	8 7 7 6 9 8 7 8	10 15 15 20 5 10 15	5 5 5 10 5 5 5 5 5	000000000

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Illinois (continued)						
170204	Downers Grove, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
170091	Flossmoor, Village of	10/1/93	04/1/00	8	10	5	С
170206	Glendale Heights, Village of	10/1/94	05/1/04	7	15	5	С
170107	Hoffman Estates, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
170400	LaSalle County	05/1/05	05/1/05	9	5	5	С
170116	Lansing, Village of	10/1/93	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
170378	Lincolnshire, Village of	10/1/93	10/1/03	5	25	10	0000
170211	Lisle, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	C
170129	Mount Prospect, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	
170213	Naperville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
170822	North Utica, Village of	05/1/05	05/1/05	9	5	5	CC
170132	Northbrook, Village of	10/1/94	05/1/04	7	15	5	C
170214	Oak Brook, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/97	7	15	5	000
170172	Orland Hills, Village of	10/1/96	10/1/02	5	25	10	C
175170	Palatine, Village of	10/1/94	05/1/04	7	15	5	C
170533	Peoria County	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	С
170919	Prospect Heights, City of	10/1/94	05/1/04	8	10	5	С
170912	Sangamon County	04/1/00	04/1/00	8	10	5	
170163	South Holland, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/02	5	25	10	
170330	St. Charles, City of	10/1/94	10/1/04	8 7	10	5	
170169	Tinley Park, City of	10/1/05	10/1/05		15	5 5	C
170173 170222	Wheeling, Village of	10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10 20	10	C
170222	Willowbrook, Village of Wood Dale, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02 10/1/04	6 5	20 25	10	0000000
170224	-	10/1/99	10/1/04		25	10	C
	Indiana				_	_	
180302	Allen County	10/1/02	10/1/02	9	5	5	С
180006	Bartholomew County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
180007	Columbus, City of	10/1/98	10/1/98	9	5	5	С
180001	Decatur, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
180257	Evansville, City of	10/1/99	10/1/04	8	10	5	C
180003 180080	Fort Wayne, City of Hamilton County	10/1/91 10/1/91	05/1/04 05/1/04	7 7	15 15	5 5	0000
180419	Hancock County	10/1/91	10/1/03	9	5	5	0
180093	Kokomo, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	8	10	5	_
180121	Kosciusko, County of	10/1/93	10/1/90	9	5	5	000000
180382	Milford Junction, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	Č
180082	Noblesville, City of	10/1/91	05/1/04	7	15	5	Č
180465	North Webster, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	Č
180122	Syracuse, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	Č
180256	Vanderburgh County	04/1/99	04/1/99	8	10	5	Č
180263	Vigo County	10/1/95	10/1/05	10	0	0	R
	lowa						
190169	Coralville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
190242	Davenport, City of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	С

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	lowa (continued)						
190227	Des Moines, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
	Kansas						
200250 200096	Carbondale, City of Hayes, City of	10/1/92 10/1/92	10/1/96 10/1/03	10 10	0 0	0 0	R R
200090	Lawrence, City of	10/1/04	10/1/04	8	10	5	C
200215	Lindsborg, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
200173	Olathe, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
200298	Riley County	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
200177	Shawnee, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
205187	Topeka, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	10	0	0	R
	Kentucky						
210017	Ashland, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
210010	Bell County	10/1/94	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
210219	Bowling Green, City of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	С
210227	Corbin, City of	10/1/93	10/1/94	10	0	0	R
210062	Daviess County	05/1/03	05/1/05	8	10	5	С
210075	Frankfort, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
210280	Franklin County	10/1/93	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
210051	Grayson, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
210055	Hopkinsville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
210120	Jefferson County	10/1/91	10/1/00	6	20	10	C
210067	Lexington-Fayette Urban County	10/1/91	10/1/97	8	10	5	
210122	Louisville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/00	6	20	10	С
210126	Nicholasville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
210063	Owensboro, City of	05/1/03	05/1/05	8	10	5	С
210127	Paintsville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
210298	Pike County	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	C
210193	Pikeville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
210072	Prestonsburg, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	0000000
210366	Radcliff, City of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5 5	5	C
210203 210312	Rowan County Warren County	10/1/94 10/1/91	10/1/94 10/1/92	9 8	10	5 5	C
210097	West Point, City of	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	R
210097	Louisiana	10/1/33	10/1/00	10	0	O	IX
		401:155	10/:/5:		4-	_	
220013	Ascension Parish	10/1/92	10/1/04	8	10	5	С
225193	Baker, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C
220033	Bossier City, City of	10/1/92	05/1/05	8	10	5	C C C
220361	Caldo Parish	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	
220037 220200	Calcasieu Parish Covington, City of	10/1/91 10/1/95	10/1/91 10/1/96	9 10	5 0	5 0	R
220200	Denham Springs, City of	10/1/95	10/1/96	9	5	5	C
220027	Deridder, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C

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### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Louisiana (continued)						
220058	East Baton Rouge Parish	10/1/91	10/1/94	7	15	5	С
220117	French Settlement, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5 5	0000000
220015	Gonzales, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
225198	Gretna, City of	10/1/00	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
220220	Houma, City of	10/1/92	10/1/04	8	10	5	С
225199	Jefferson Parish	10/1/92	05/1/03	7	15	5	С
225201	Kenner, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
225202	Lafourche Parish	01/1/92	05/1/04	10	0	0	R
220040	Lake Charles, City of	10/1/04	10/1/04	9	5	5	С
220113	Livingston Parish	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
220248	Lutcher, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
220202	Mandeville, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
220136	Monroe, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	0000
220196	Morgan City, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	8	10	5 5	С
225203	New Orleans/Orleans Parish	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
220135	Ouachita Parish	10/1/02	10/1/02	9	5	5	С
220119	Port Vincent, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
220008	Rayne, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
220347	Ruston, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	CCC
220036	Shreveport, City of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	С
220204	Slidell, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
220016	Sorrento, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
220160	St. Charles Parish	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
220261	St. James Parish	10/1/91	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
220164	St. John The Baptist Parish	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
225205	St. Tammany Parish	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5 5	5 5	C
220206	Tangipahoa Parish	10/1/96	10/1/96	9		5 5	
225206	Terrebonne Parish Walker, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/04	8	10	5 5	
220121 220239	West Baton Rouge Parish	10/1/92 10/1/93	10/1/92 10/1/96	9 8	5 10	5 5	C
220239	Zachary, City of	10/1/93	10/1/90	9	5	5	0000000
220001		10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
	Maine						
230191	Alfred, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
230208	Arrowsic, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
230001	Auburn, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
230043	Cape Elizabeth, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	С
230057	Farmington, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	С
230018	Fort Fairfield, Town of	10/1/02	10/1/02	8	10	5	00000000
230209	Georgetown, Town of	10/1/01	10/1/01	9	5	5	C
230069	Hallowell, City of	10/1/96	10/1/96	9	5	5	C
230004	Lewiston, City of	10/1/93	05/1/97	8	10	5	C
230178	Norridgewock, City of	10/1/97	10/1/97	9	5	5	C
230632	Ogunquit, Town of	10/1/92	05/1/03	8	10	5	C
230153	Old Orchard Beach, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
230112	Old Town, City of	10/1/05	10/1/05	8	10	5	С

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**CRS 15** May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Maine (continued)						
230120 230051 230155 230128 230157 230293 230158 230159	Phippsburg, Town of Portland, City of Saco, City of Skowhegan, Town of South Berwick, Town of Southwest Harbor, Town of Wells, Town of York, Town of	10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/94 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/01	10/1/93 10/1/01 10/1/99 10/1/03 05/1/05 10/1/02 10/1/93 10/1/01	9 8 8 8 8 9 8	5 10 10 10 10 5 10	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	00000000
	Maryland						
240042 240011 240130 240040 240012 245207 245208	Bel Air, Town of Calvert County Caroline County Harford County North Beach, City of Ocean City, Town of Prince George's County	10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/91 01/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/91	10/1/03 10/1/96 10/1/96 10/1/00 10/1/01 10/1/02 10/1/01	8 10 9 7 8 7 5	10 0 5 15 10 15 25	5 0 5 5 5 5 10	0 2 0 0 0 0 0
	Massachusetts						
250286 250233 250004 250082 250008 250085 250273 250167 250060 250010 250278 255219 250282 250218 250349	Boston, City of Braintree, Town of Chatham, Town of Gloucester, City of Harwich, Town of Haverhill, City of Marshfield, Town of Northampton, City of Norton, Town of Orleans, City of Plymouth, Town of Quincy, City of Scituate, Town of Tewksbury, Town of Worcester, City of	10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/91 05/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93	10/1/97 10/1/00 10/1/93 10/1/97 10/1/95 10/1/92 05/1/97 05/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/97 10/1/95 10/1/93 10/1/95	10 8 8 10 9 6 8 9 9 7 7 9 9	0 10 10 0 5 5 20 10 5 5 5 15 15 5	055055055555555	R O O R O O O O O O O O O O
	Michigan						
260142 260473 260221 260172 260657 260226 260118 260150 260140 260175	Bedford, Township of Commerce, Township of Dearborn Heights, City of Farmington Hills, City of Fraser, Township of Gibraltar, City of Hamburg, Township of Luna Pier, City of Midland, City of Novi, City of	05/1/02 05/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/94 05/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/99 05/1/02 10/1/92 10/1/99	05/1/02 05/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/95 05/1/03 10/1/02 10/1/99 05/1/02 10/1/99	8 9 9 10 9 8 8 8 6 7	10 5 5 0 5 10 10 10 20	5 5 5 0 5 5 5 5 10 5	0002000000

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COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Michigan (continued)						
260185 260577 260128 260243 260728 260503 260285	Park, Township of Portage, City of Sterling Heights, City of Sumpter, Township of Taylor, City of Taymouth, Township of Zilwaukee, City of	05/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/95 05/1/03 05/1/03	05/1/03 05/1/02 05/1/05 10/1/04 05/1/03 05/1/03	9 8 7 10 9 9	5 10 15 0 5 5	5 5 5 0 5 5 5	CCCRCCC
	Minnesota						
275228 275236 275240 270307 275246 270729	Austin, City of East Grand Forks, City of Lake St. Croix Beach, City of Mower County Rochester, City of West St. Paul, City of	10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/01 10/1/98 10/1/00 04/1/00 10/1/96 10/1/96	5 10 8 8 10	25 0 10 10 0 0	10 0 5 5 0	C R C C R R
	Mississippi						
285251 285252 280016 280332 280179 285253 285255 280053 280070 280072 285257 280229 280096 285259 285261 280110 280100 280176 285262	Bay St. Louis, City of Biloxi, City of Cleveland, City of Gautier, City of Greenville, City of Gulfport, City of Harrison County Hattiesburg, City of Hinds County Jackson, City of Long Beach, City of Madison, City of Meridian, City of Ocean Springs, City of Pass Christian, City of Ridgeland, City of Tupelo, City of Vicksburg, City of Waveland, City of	10/1/95 10/1/96 10/1/93 10/1/94 10/1/93 10/1/96 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/90 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/94 05/1/03 10/1/93	10/1/00 10/1/03 04/1/99 04/1/00 05/1/03 10/1/01 10/1/03 05/1/02 10/1/96 10/1/00 10/1/01 10/1/95 10/1/02 10/1/03 10/1/04 05/1/03 04/1/01	7 7 8 8 8 8 8 7 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 6 8 7 6	15 10 10 10 10 10 15 5 10 10 10 10 20 10 15 20	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	000000000000000000
290188 290351 290172 290362 290315	Missouri  Arnold, City of Ferguson, City of Independence, City of Kirkwood, City of St. Charles County	10/1/91 10/1/95 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/01	05/1/04 04/1/01 10/1/01 10/1/96 05/1/05	10 10 7 10 7	0 0 15 0 15	0 0 5 0 5	R R C R C
	Montana						
300009	Belt, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	С

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COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Montana (continued)						
300028 300008 300108 300023 300010 300038 300014 300048 300049 300029 300142	Bozeman, City of Cascade County Circle, Town of Flathead County Great Falls, City of Lewis and Clark County Miles City, City of Missoula County Missoula, City of Three Forks, Town of Yellowstone County	10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/93 05/1/03	05/1/03 04/1/01 10/1/93 10/1/93 04/1/01 10/1/02 10/1/94 05/1/02 05/1/02	7 8 8 9 7 8 9 8 8	15 10 10 5 15 10 5 10 10	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0000000000
	Nebraska						
310069 315273	Fremont, City of Lincoln, City of	10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/91 05/1/03	9 7	5 15	5 5	C C
	Nevada						
320001 320003 320008 320005 325276 320035 320007 320033	Carson City, City of Clark County Douglas County Henderson, City of Las Vegas, City of Mesquite, City of North Las Vegas, City of Storey County	10/1/94 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/02 10/1/91 10/1/94	04/1/99 10/1/03 10/1/04 10/1/03 10/1/03 10/1/02 10/1/03 10/1/99	8 6 6 6 8 6 8	10 20 20 20 20 10 20	5 10 10 10 10 5 10 5	00000000
	New Hampshire						
330023 330024 330101 330141 330028	Keene, City of Marlborough, Town of Peterborough, Town of Rye, Town of Winchester, Town of	05/1/02 10/1/94 05/1/04 05/1/05 05/1/02	05/1/03 10/1/94 05/1/04 05/1/05 05/1/02	8 9 8 9	10 5 10 5 5	5 5 5 5 5	0000
	New Jersey						
345278 345279 345280 340396 345281 345282 340427 340459 340369 340178	Atlantic City, City of Avalon, Borough of Barnegat Light, Borough of Barnegat, Township of Bay Head, Borough of Beach Haven, Borough of Bedminister, Township of Berkeley Heights, Township Berkeley, Township of Bloomfield, Town of	10/1/92 10/1/96 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/94 10/1/92 10/1/92	10/1/00 10/1/01 10/1/97 10/1/98 05/1/04 10/1/00 04/1/99 10/1/94 10/1/97	9 7 8 10 8 7 7 10 10	5 15 10 0 10 15 15 0 0	5 5 5 0 5 5 5 0 0 0	CCCRCCCRRR
340289 345286	Bradley Beach, Borough of Brigantine, City of	10/1/95 10/1/92	10/1/00 10/1/01	7 7	15 15	5 5	C C

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COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	New Jersey (continued)						
345287	Burlington, City of	04/1/98	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
345288	Cape May City, City of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	С
345289	Cape May Point, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/94	7	15	5	С
345293	Dover, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C C
340031	Englewood, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	10	0	0	R
340570	Hackensack Meadowlands Development Commission	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
340246	Hamilton, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
345296	Harvey Cedars, Borough of	10/1/91	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
340376	Lacey, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
340379	Lavallette, Borough of	05/1/04	05/1/05	8	10	5	С
345300	Lincoln Park, Borough of	10/1/91	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
340467	Linden, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
340046	Little Ferry, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/94	10	0	0	R
340047	Lodi, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
345301	Long Beach, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/99	7	15	5	
345302	Longport, Borough of	10/1/95	10/1/00	8	10	5	C C
345303	Manasquan, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
340383	Mantoloking, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
345304	Margate City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/99	7	15	5	С
340188	Montclair, Township of	10/1/94	10/1/95	10	0	0	R
340517	Mullica, Township of	10/1/94	10/1/01	9	5	5	С
345307	North Plainfield, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
345308	North Wildwood, City of	10/1/00	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
345309	Oakland, Borough of	10/1/95	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
345310	Ocean City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
340518	Ocean, Township of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	С
340355	Parsippany-Troy Hills, Township of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
340512	Pennsville, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
345311	Pequannock, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
345312	Plainfield, City of	10/1/91	10/1/98	10	0	0	R
340388	Point Pleasant Beach, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
345313	Point Pleasant, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
345528	Pompton Lakes, Borough of	10/1/91	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
345314	Rahway, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
340067	Ridgewood, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
340359	Riverdale, Borough of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C C
340472	Roselle, Borough of	10/1/92	01/1/98	8	10	5	С
340474	Scotch Plains, Township of	10/1/94	10/1/95	10	0	0	R
345317	Sea Bright, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
345318	Sea Isle City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/95	10	0	0	R
345319	Seaside Park, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
345320	Ship Bottom, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
340329	Spring Lake, Borough of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	С

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	New Jersey (continued)						
340393 345323	Stafford, Township of Stone Harbor, Borough of	10/1/91 10/1/94	10/1/00 10/1/96	7 8	15 10	5 5	000
345324 340395	Surf City, Borough of Tuckerton, Borough of	10/1/92 10/1/93	10/1/98 10/1/98	8 10	10 0	5 0	R
340393	Union Beach, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
345326	Ventnor, City of	10/1/92	10/1/99	8	10	5	CC
345327	Wayne, Township of	10/1/91	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
345328	West Wildwood, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/05	10	0	ő	R
345330	Wildwood Crest, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	C
345331	Woodbridge, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	Ö	Ř
	New Mexico						
350045	Alamogordo, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
350002	Albuquerque, City of	10/1/93	10/1/95	8	10	5	Č
350001	Bernalillo County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
350010	Clovis, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	Ċ
350012	Dona Ana County	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	C
350067	Farmington, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
350029	Hobbs, City of	10/1/92	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
355332	Las Cruces, City of	10/1/91	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
350054	Portales, City of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	0000000
350006	Roswell, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
	New York						
360226	Amherst, Town of	10/1/95	05/1/97	8	10	5	С
360147	Ashland, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360790	Babylon,Town of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
360988	Bayville, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
360148	Big Flats, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/96	8	10	5	С
361342	Brightwaters, Village of	10/1/93	10/1/98	10	0	0	R
360570	Camillus, Town of	10/1/96	10/1/01	10	0	0	R
361055	Catlin, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
360149	Chemung, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360772	Corning, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C
360463	East Rockaway, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
360150	Elmira, City of	10/1/91	05/1/97	8	10	5	C
360151	Elmira, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	$\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ$
360774	Erwin, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	C
360464	Freeport, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/97	8	10	5	C
360417	Greece, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
360777	Hornellsville, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/92	10	0	0	R
360153	Horseheads, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360154	Horseheads, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360308	Ilion, Village of	10/1/00	10/1/00	9	5	5	С

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs. <sup>2</sup>Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1. <sup>3</sup>Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	New York (continued)						
360047	Johnson City, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360247	Lackawanna, City of	05/1/03	05/1/03	9	5	5	С
360476	Lawrence, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
360506	Niagara Falls, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
360801	Northport, Village of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	00000
360667	Oneonta, City of	10/1/94	05/1/04	8	10	5	С
360780	Pulteney, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
360932	Scarsdale, Village of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	С
365342	Southampton, Town of	10/1/95	10/1/05	8	10	5	С
365343	Southampton, Village of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
360156	Southport, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
360595	Syracuse, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
360056	Union, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/01	9	5	5	С
361057	Veteran, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
360157	Wellsburg, Village of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
	North Carolina						
370404	Alliance, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
370044	Atlantic Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	С
370183	Bayboro, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	0000
375346	Beaufort, City of	10/1/94	10/1/05	8	10	5	С
370015	Belhaven, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/94	8	10	5	С
370253	Boone, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
370231	Brevard, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
370036	Cabarrus County	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
370039	Caldwell County	04/1/00	04/1/00	9	5	5	CCC
370046	Cape Carteret, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
375347	Carolina Beach, Town of	10/1/93	04/1/99	7	15	5	C
370043	Carteret County	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	С
370238	Cary, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
370391	Caswell Beach, City of	10/1/94	10/1/00	7	15	5	С
370465	Cedar Point, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C C
370159	Charlotte, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	5	25	10	C
370263	Clinton, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5	C
370037 370072	Concord, City of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	
370072	Craven County Creswell, Town of	10/1/91 10/1/94	10/1/01 10/1/99	8 8	10 10	5 5	С
370443	Cumberland County	10/1/94	10/1/99	9	5	5 5	C
370078	Currituck County	10/1/96	10/1/96	7	15	5 5	C
375348	Dare County	10/1/93	10/1/03	7	15	5 5	C
370085	Durham County	10/1/91	10/1/01	9	5	5	C
370063	Edenton, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
370047	Emerald Isle, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/93	7	15	5	C
370190	Farmville, Town of	10/1/04	10/1/03	8	10	5	C
375349	Forsyth County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	000000000
370255	Goldsboro, City of	10/1/93	05/1/03	8	10	5	Č

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**CRS 21** May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	North Carolina (continued)						
370191	Greenville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С
370192	Grifton, Town of	10/1/04	10/1/04	5	25	10	Ċ
370111	Guilford County	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
370265	Havelock, City of	10/1/95	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
375352	Holden Beach, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/92	8	10	5	Ċ
370133	Hyde County	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	Č
370178	Jacksonville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	8	10	5	00000000
375353	Kill Devil Hills, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
370145	Kinston, City of	10/1/94	05/1/06	5	25	10	Ċ
370439	Kitty Hawk, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/02	6	20	10	Ċ
370144	Lenoir County	10/1/94	05/1/06	7	15	5	Ċ
370081	Lexington, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	Ċ
375355	Manteo, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
370158	Mecklenburg County	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	Ċ
370418	Minnesott Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	Ċ
370048	Morehead City, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	Ċ
375356	Nags Head, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	6	20	10	0000000
370167	Nashville, Town of	10/1/94	05/1/05	8	10	5	Ċ
370074	New Bern, City of	10/1/92	05/1/04	10	0	Ö	R
370168	New Hanover County	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	C
370049	Newport, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	Ċ
370466	North Topsail Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	Č
370523	Oak Island	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	Ċ
375357	Ocean Isle Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
370279	Oriental, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/97	9	5	5	Ċ
370181	Pamlico County	10/1/92	10/1/97	9	5	5	0000000
370267	Pine Knoll Shores, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	7	15	5	Ċ
370160	Pineville, Town of	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	C
370372	Pitt County	10/1/02	10/1/04	8	10	5	C
370249	Plymouth, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	Ċ
370243	Raleigh, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	C
370092	Rocky Mount, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	Ċ
370421	Roper, Town of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	000
370220	Sampson County	10/1/94	10/1/99	10	0	Ö	R
370430	Southern Shores, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/96	6	20	10	C
370028	Southport, City of	10/1/91	10/1/05	8	10	5	Č
370437	Stonewall, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	
375359	Sunset Beach, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/00	8	10	5	000
370187	Topsail Beach, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/02	6	20	10	Ċ
370438	Vandemere, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
370368	Wake County	10/1/91	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
370247	Washington County	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
370268	Washington Park, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
370200	Washington, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	C
370251	Watauga County	10/1/91	10/1/02	9	5	5	C
370254	Wayne County	10/1/93	05/1/03	7	15	5	Ċ

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### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	North Carolina (continued)						
370464 370071 370270 375360 370193 375361	Whispering Pines, Village of Whiteville, City of Wilson, City of Winston-Salem, City of Winterville, Town of Wrightsville Beach, Town of	10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/91	10/1/96 10/1/05 10/1/05 10/1/93 10/1/97 10/1/01	10 8 7 9 10 5	0 10 15 5 0 25	0 5 5 5 0 10	RCCCRC
	North Dakota						
385364 385365	Fargo, City of Grand Forks, City of	05/1/06 10/1/91	05/1/06 10/1/01	7 5	15 25	5 10	C C
	Ohio						
390183 390038 390110 390412 390328 390071 390176 390737 390432 390472 390460 390479 390131 390419	Delta, Village of Fairfield, City of Highland Heights, City of Kettering, City of Licking County New Richmond, Village of Obetz, Village of Orange, Village of Ottawa County Ottawa, Village of Preble County Shelby, City of South Euclid, City of West Carrollton, City of	10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/93 10/1/92 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/98 10/1/92 10/1/91 05/1/02	10/1/92 10/1/98 10/1/92 10/1/00 10/1/97 10/1/02 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/98 10/1/92 10/1/91 05/1/02	9 8 10 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5 10 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	550555555555555	00000000000000
	Oklahoma						
400220 400207 400078 400236 400234 400221 400252 400062 400049 400245 400211 400053 405380 405381	Bartlesville, City of Bixby, Town of Blackwell, City of Broken Arrow, City of Chickasha, City of Dewey, City of Edmond, City of Enid, City of Lawton, City of Lindsay, City of Sand Springs, City of Sapulpa, City of Stillwater, City of Tulsa, City of Oregon	10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/93 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/02 10/1/98 10/1/93 10/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/93	7 10 8 8 9 9 9 7 10 8 10 9 2	15 0 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 15 0 10 0 5 40	5055555505050	0 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
410137 410090	Albany, City of Ashland, City of	10/1/91 10/1/91	05/1/97 10/1/96	8 8	10 10	5 5	C C

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**CRS 23** May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Oregon (continued)						
410043	Bandon, City of	05/1/05	05/1/05	9	5	5	С
410240	Beaverton, City of	10/1/91	10/1/94	10	0	0	R
410008	Benton County	10/1/02	10/1/02	7	15	5	
410029	Cannon Beach, City of	10/1/94	10/1/99	7	15	5	С
410092	Central Point, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
415588	Clackamas County	10/1/04	10/1/04	5	25	10	С
410009	Corvallis, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	000000
410059	Douglas County	10/1/00	10/1/00	8	10	5	С
410122	Eugene, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
410108	Grants Pass, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	8	10	5	С
410175	Heppner, City of	05/1/06	05/1/06	8	10	5	С
415589	Jackson County	10/1/91	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
410154	Marion County	04/1/01	04/1/01	7	15	5	С
410096	Medford, City of	10/1/94	10/1/94	9	5	5 5	С
410064	Myrtle Creek, City of	05/1/03	05/1/03	8	10	5	С
410200	Nehalam, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	7	15	5	00000000000
410021	Oregon City, City of	10/1/03	10/1/03	9	5	5	С
410186	Polk County	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
410183	Portland, City of	10/1/01	10/1/01	6	20	10	С
410201	Rockaway Beach, City of	10/1/04	10/1/04	8	10	5	C
410098	Rogue River, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	7	15	5	C
410067	Roseburg, City of	10/1/94	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
410039	Scappoose, City of	10/1/93	10/1/98	8	10	5	C
410144	Scio, City of	05/1/04	05/1/04	9	5	5	C
410257	Sheridan, City of	10/1/01	10/1/01	8	10	5	C
410213	Stanfield, City of	10/1/91	10/1/03	8	10	5	C
410100	Talent, City of	10/1/00	05/1/06	9	5	5 10	00000
410196	Tillamook County	04/1/01	04/1/01	6	20	10	C
	Pennsylvania						
420339	Bloomsburg, Town of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	C
421062	Etna, Borough of	10/1/96	05/1/04	8	10	5	C C
421134	Granville, Township of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	C
420380	Harrisburg, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	С
420642	Jersey Shore, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
420612	Kingston, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
420613	Kingston, Township of	10/1/92	04/1/93	10	0	0	R
420831	Lewisburg, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
420687	Lewistown, Borough of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
422105	Limestone, Township of	10/1/93	10/1/98	10	0	0	R
421040	Loyalsock, Township of	10/1/94	04/1/01	10	0	0	R
425384	Milton, Borough of	10/1/92	10/1/03	8	10	5 5	C C
420754	Newport, Borough of	10/1/94	10/1/94	8	5 10		C
421101 420834	Shaler, Township of	10/1/94 10/1/93	10/1/04 10/1/98	10	0	5 0	R
	Union, Township of						
420372	Upper Allen, Township of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R

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COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Pennsylvania (continued)						
421119 420631	Upper St. Clair, Township of Wilkes-Barre, City of	10/1/98 10/1/92	10/1/03 10/1/02	8 7	10 15	5 5	C C
	Rhode Island						
445401 445402 445404 440022	Middletown, Town of Narragansett, Town of North Kingstown, Town of Pawtucket, City of	10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/02	04/1/00 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/02	8 9 9 8	10 5 5 10	5 5 5 5	C C C
	South Carolina						
450002 450262 450025 450026 455413 455412 450056 455414 450078 455415 450087 450089 450091 450250 455416 450257 450129 450039 450040 455417 450109 45042 450110 450255 450166 450043 450170 450249 450256 455418	Aiken County Awendaw, Town of Beaufort County Beaufort, City of Charleston County Charleston, City of Colleton County Edisto Beach, Town of Florence, City of Folly Beach, Township of Georgetown, City of Greenville County Greenville, City of Hilton Head Island, Town of Isle of Palms, City of Kiawah Island, Town of Lexington County McClellanville, Town of Meggett, City of Mount Pleasant, City of North Charleston, City of North Myrtle Beach, Town of Pawley's Island, Town of Pickens County Ravenel, Town of Richland County Rockville, Town of Seabrook Island, Town of Sullivans Island, Town of	10/1/93 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/95 10/1/93 05/1/05 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/94 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/91 05/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/95 04/1/99 10/1/95 10/1/95 05/1/04	10/1/93 10/1/95 10/1/96 10/1/97 10/1/05 05/1/05 05/1/05 10/1/96 10/1/97 10/1/01 10/1/03 10/1/04 10/1/04 10/1/04 10/1/00 10/1/91 10/1/00 10/1/91 10/1/05 10/1/01 05/1/03 05/1/03 10/1/95 10/1/05 10/1/05 10/1/05 10/1/05 10/1/05 10/1/05	96885788888767698685879869668	5 20 10 10 25 15 10 10 10 10 15 20 5 10 20 5 10 20 5 20 20 20 10	5 10 5 5 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
450182 450184	Sumter County Sumter, City of	10/1/92 10/1/92	10/1/92 10/1/92	9	5 5	5 5	C
100104	South Dakota	10,1,02	10,1702				Ũ
465420	Rapid City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	С

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Tennessee						
470211	Athens, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
470182	Bristol, City of	05/1/06	05/1/06	9	5	5	С
470176	Carthage, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	CC
475425	Elizabethton, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
470105	Fayetteville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
475426	Gatlinburg, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	С
470059	Humboldt, City of	10/1/93	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
470184	Kingsport, City of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
475433	Knox County	10/1/02	10/1/02	9	5	5	С
475434	Knoxville, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	С
470070	Morristown, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
470040	Nashville, City of & Davidson	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
470100	Ripley, Town of	10/1/91	10/1/96	10	0	0	R
475448	Spring City, Town of	10/1/92	10/1/97	10	0	0	R
	Texas						
485454	Arlington, City of	10/1/91	05/1/05	8	10	5	С
480624	Austin, City of	10/1/91	10/1/99	8	10	5	С
481193	Bastrop County	10/1/04	10/1/04	8	10	5	С
485456	Baytown, City of	10/1/91	05/1/06	6	20	10	С
480289	Bellaire, City of	10/1/93	10/1/93	9	5	5	000000
480586	Benbrook, City of	10/1/91	10/1/02	7	15	5	С
480082	Bryan, City of	10/1/95	10/1/95	9	5	5	С
485459	Burleson, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
480167	Carrollton, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
485462	Cleburne, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	0000000
480484	Conroe, City of	10/1/92	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
480170	Coppell, City of	10/1/93	10/1/03	8	10	5	С
485464	Corpus Christi, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
480171	Dallas, City of	10/1/91	05/1/02	7	15	5	С
480291	Deer Park, City of	10/1/00	10/1/00	9	5	5	С
480774	Denton County	10/1/92	10/1/93	10	0	0	R
480194	Denton, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
480173	Duncanville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/01	8	10	5	С
480214	El Paso, City of	10/1/91	10/1/91	9	5	5	С
485468	Friendswood, City of	10/1/91	10/1/03	5	25	10	С
485471	Garland, City of	10/1/91	10/1/97	7	15	5	С
485472	Grand Prairie, City of	10/1/91	05/1/05	7	15	5	С
480287	Harris County	05/1/04	05/1/04	8	10	5	000000000
480296	Houston, City of	05/1/02	05/1/06	7	15	5	C
480601	Hurst, City of	10/1/92	10/1/02	8	10	5	C
485481	Kemah, City of	10/1/92	10/1/00	5	25	10	C
485487	LaPorte, City of	10/1/99	10/1/99	8	10	5	C
485488	League City, City of	10/1/92	10/1/92	9	5	5	C
480195	Lewisville, City of	10/1/91	10/1/96	7	15	5	C
480452	Lubbock, City of	10/1/92	10/1/93	8	10	5	С

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

### **ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES**

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Texas (continued)						
480477 485491 480607 480206 480307 480077 480140 485499	Midland, City of Nassau Bay, City of North Richland Hills, City of Odessa, City of Pasadena, City of Pearland, City of Plano, City of Port Arthur, City of	10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/91 05/1/05 10/1/92 10/1/91	10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/99 10/1/02 10/1/92 05/1/05 10/1/03 10/1/91	8 8 7 8 10 8 6	10 10 15 10 0 10 20 5	5 5 5 5 0 5 10 5	C C C C R C C C
480184 485505 485507 480502 485513 481585 480662	Richardson, City of San Marcos, City of Seabrook, City of Sweetwater, City of Taylor Lake Village, City of Tiki Island, Village of Wichita Falls, City of	10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/02 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/01 10/1/91	10/1/97 10/1/02 10/1/02 10/1/91 05/1/02 05/1/06 10/1/91	9 8 7 9 9 8 8 9	10 15 5 5 10 10 5	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	000000000
490039 490074 490040 490019 490072 490214 490216 490159 490178 490177 490052	Bountiful, City of Cedar City, City of Centerville, City of Logan, City of Moab, City of North Ogden, City of Orem, City of Provo, City of Santa Clara, Town of St. George, City of West Bountiful, City of	10/1/91 10/1/94 05/1/02 10/1/93 04/1/01 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/94 10/1/96	10/1/91 10/1/96 05/1/02 10/1/03 04/1/01 05/1/03 10/1/03 10/1/96 10/1/95 05/1/04 10/1/96	9 10 9 8 9 8 8 8 9 7	5 0 5 10 5 10 10 10 5 15 5	50555555555	C R C C C C C C C C
500013 500126 505518	Vermont  Bennington, Town of Brattleboro, Town of Montpelier, City of  Virginia	10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/98	10/1/93 10/1/91 10/1/98	9 9 9	5 5 5	5 5 5	C C
510001 515519 515520 510134 510002 515525 510071 510201 510090 510104 510183	Accomack County Alexandria, City of Arlington County Bridgewater, Town of Chincoteague, City of Fairfax County Gloucester County James City County Loudoun County Norfolk, City of Poquoson, City of	10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/96 10/1/00 10/1/93 10/1/95 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/92	10/1/96 10/1/02 10/1/92 05/1/06 10/1/03 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/92 05/1/03 10/1/92 10/1/97	8 8 9 8 8 8 9 9 10 9	10 10 5 10 10 10 5 5 0 5	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 5 5	CCCCCCCRCC

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

**CRS 27** May 1, 2006

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Virginia (continued)						
515529 510119 510190 510130 510053 510005 510182	Portsmouth, City of Prince William County Roanoke County Roanoke, City of Vienna, Town of Wachapreague, Town of York County	10/1/92 10/1/96 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/96 10/1/96 10/1/05	10/1/00 10/1/01 10/1/91 05/1/03 10/1/96 10/1/05	9 8 9 8 9 9	5 10 5 10 5 5 5	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0000000
	Washington						
530073 530074 530153 530103 530104 530024 530051 530200 530140 530166 530079 530071 530156 530102 530316 530169 530158 530188 530085 530188 530080 530151 535534 530090 530173 530204 530188	Auburn, City of Bellevue, City of Burlington, City of Centralia, City of Chehalis, City of Clark County Ephrata, City of Everson, City of Fife, City of Index, Town of Issaquah, City of King County La Conner, Town of Lewis County Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe Monroe, City of Mount Vernon, City of North Bend, City of Pierce County Renton, City of Skagit County Snohomish County Snoqualmie, City of Sultan, City of Thurston County	10/1/92 10/1/92 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/94 10/1/00 10/1/94 05/1/06 04/1/98 10/1/92 10/1/91 10/1/96 10/1/94 10/1/97 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/95 10/1/98 05/1/06 10/1/92 10/1/93 10/1/93 10/1/00	05/1/02 05/1/06 04/1/99 10/1/99 05/1/04 10/1/00 10/1/99 05/1/06 04/1/98 10/1/05 10/1/97 10/1/99 05/1/06 05/1/06 04/1/00 10/1/99 10/1/03 05/1/06 05/1/06 05/1/06 05/1/06	75676788785387756657655875	15 25 20 15 20 15 10 15 10 25 35 10 15 25 20 25 15 20 25 15 20 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	5 10 10 5 10 5 5 5 5 5 10 10 5 5 5 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	00000000000000000000000000
530198	Whatcom County	10/1/96	10/1/01	7	15	5	С
540004	West Virginia Philippi, City of Wisconsin	05/1/03	05/1/03	8	10	5	С
550001 550612 550128 550578 550022	Adams County Allouez, Village of Eau Claire, City of Elm Grove, Village of Green Bay, City of	10/1/91 10/1/92 10/1/91 04/1/01 10/1/91	10/1/91 10/1/02 10/1/01 04/1/01 10/1/01	9 7 8 8 7	5 15 10 10 15	5 5 5 5 5 5	00000

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs.  $^2$ Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1.  $^3$ Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

COMMUNITY NUMBER	COMMUNITY NAME	CRS ENTRY DATE	CURRENT EFFECTIVE DATE	CURRENT CLASS	% DISCOUNT FOR SFHA <sup>1</sup>	% DISCOUNT FOR NON-SFHA <sup>2</sup>	STATUS <sup>3</sup>
	Wisconsin (continued)						
555562 550085 550487 550310 550107 550108 550537	La Crosse, City of Mazomanie, Village of New Berlin, City of Ozaukee County Watertown, City of Waupun, City of Winnebago County	10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/05 10/1/91 10/1/91 10/1/91	10/1/02 10/1/91 10/1/05 10/1/91 10/1/01 10/1/01	8 9 8 9 8 8	10 5 10 5 10 10	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0000000
	Wyoming						
560037 560030 560013 560029 560085 560044	Casper, City of Cheyenne, City of Douglas, City of Laramie County Park County Sheridan, City of	10/1/00 05/1/03 10/1/93 05/1/03 10/1/91 10/1/95	10/1/00 05/1/03 10/1/93 05/1/03 10/1/96 10/1/95	9 7 9 8 10 9	5 15 5 10 0 5	5 5 5 5 0 5	CCCCRC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the purpose of determining CRS discounts, all AR and A99 zones are treated as non-SFHAs. <sup>2</sup>Increase in discount for Classes 1-6 effective May 1, 2001. See table on page CRS 1. <sup>3</sup>Status: C = Current, R = Rescinded

## **INDEX**

A	Producer's ResponsibilitiesCL 1, 2
	Single Adjuster ProgramCL 1-2, DEF 8
ABOVE GROUND BUILDING, PRINCIPALLY GR 3, DEF 7	TrainingCL 2
ACT REF 1, GR 6, DEF 1	CLAIMS COORDINATING OFFICE (CCO)CL 1-2, DEF 2
ACTUAL CASH VALUE (ACV) DEF 1	CLOSED BASIN LAKECN 6, DEF 2
ADDITIONS AND EXTENSIONS	COASTAL BARRIERDEF 2
(TO BUILDING) GR 5, RATE 16	COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES
ADJUSTER CONTROL OFFICE CL 1, DEF 1	SYSTEM (CBRS) CBRS 1-12, DEF 2
ALTERNATIVE RATESRATE 21, END 2, DEF 1	Coastal Barrier Improvement Act
ANCHORED GR 3-4, DEF 1	
ADDI ICATION CD 44 42 ADD 4 44	of 1990 (CBIA)
APPLICATION	Coastal Barrier Resources Act
CONDO 8-9, PRP 4-7, DEF 1	of 1982 (CBRA) GR 1, CBRS 1, DEF 2
BindersGR 8, DEF 1	List of CBRS CommunitiesCBRS 3-12
Flood Insurance Application FormAPP 9-11	COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREARATE 29-30, DEF 2
Incomplete/Incorrect ApplicationsAPP 8	COINSURANCE CONDO 7, DEF 2
Mailing Instructions GR 8, 11-12, APP 8	COMMERCIAL CONTENTSGR 6, CONDO 2
APPURTENANT STRUCTUREGR 3, DEF 1	COMMISSION, PRODUCER'SGR 12, CONDO 7, CN 8
ASSESSMENT COVERAGECONDO 7	COMMON INTERIOR WALLS GR 5
ASSIGNMENT OF POLICY GR 12, MPPP 6, DEF 1	COMMUNITY (See also PROBATION and
ACCIONMENT OF FOLIOT	SUSPENSION)GR 1, APP 2-3, DEF 2
В	
	Community Eligibility
BASE FLOOD DEF 1	Community Number APP 3, DEF 2
BASE FLOOD DEPTHRATE 18, DEF 1	Community StatusAPP 3
BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE) RATE 17-21,	Non-Participating Community GR 1, APP 3
MAP 2, 3, DEF 1	Participating CommunityGR 1, DEF 7
BASEMENT APP 1, 3, RATE 24, CERT 3, 4-5, DEF 1	Regular Program CommunityDEF 8
BINDERGR 8, DEF 1	COMMUNITY RATING SYSTEM (CRS)CRS 1-28, DEF 2
BLANKET INSURANCE DEF 1	CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATIONCONDO 1-2, DEF 2
BOATHOUSESGR 4	CONDOMINIUMSCONDO 1-31, DEF 2
	CONTACT INFORMATION, NFIPREF 3-6
BREAKAWAY WALLS GR 5, RATE 20, DEF 1	
BUILDINGGR 3-6, 6-7, APP 3-4, DEF 1	CONTENTS
Additions and Extensions GR 5, RATE 16	CONSTRUCTION DATAAPP 4-6
Building Coverage LimitsRATE 1	CONTINUOUS LAKE FLOODINGCN 6
Building in the Course of Construction	COOPERATIVES GR 6
APP 5, CONDO 6, DEF 2	COUNTYWIDE MAPMAP 1, DEF 3
Buildings In More Than One Flood ZoneGR 11,	COURSE OF CONSTRUCTIONGR 4, APP 5, CONDO 6,
RATE 17	DEF 2
Building on FillPR 2	COVERAGEGR 10-11, RATE 1-10, CONDO 6-7, 8-9,
Building Over WaterGR 4, 7	PRP 3, MPPP 3-4, END 1
Building Partially Underground	Additional Coverage or Increase in Coverage END 1
Container-Type BuildingGR 7	Amount of Insurance AvailableRATE 1
	Building CoverageGR 3-6, 6-7, RATE 1,
Contents	
Elevated BuildingAPP 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,	CONDO 8, PRP 3
RATE 19-21, DEF 3	Contents CoverageGR 6, 7, 8, APP 4, RATE 1,
Floodproofed Building RATE 30-31, CERT 3-8, DEF 4	CONDO 9, PRP 3
Manufactured (Mobile) Home/Travel TrailerGR 3-4,	Contents-Only CoverageRATE 55, PRP 1, 2, 3
APP 1, 4, 5, 7, RATE 15, 16, PR 1, DEF 3, 5, 9	Limits of CoverageGR 10, RATE 1,
Section 1316GR 6, DEF 8	CONDO 7, 8-9, PRP 3, MPPP 3-4
Single BuildingGR 5, DEF 8	Reduction or Reformation/Removal
Start of ConstructionRATE 15-16, DEF 9	of InsuranceGR 11, END 1, MPPP 5, PR 1
Substantial Improvement APP 5, RATE 15-16, DEF 9	CRAWL SPACE RATE 24, CERT 2, LFG 2
Types of Buildings APP 1, 3-7, CONDO 6, 8	CREDIT CARD PAYMENT APP 6, 7, REN 1, 8, MAP 4
BUILDING DIAGRAMS 1-8LFG 4-7, CERT 18-19	CREDIT CARD PAYMENT FORMREN 1, 8
BUILDING DRAWINGSLFG 4-7, CERT 16-19	S. LEST GARGET AND LATER TO CHARLES AND
	<b>D</b>
BUILDING OCCUPANCYGR 5-6	D
BUSINESS ANALYST, WYOREF 2	DATE OF CONSTRUCTIONAPP 4-5, RATE 15
С	DATE OF CONSTRUCTIONAPP 4-5, RATE 15  DEF 3
CANCELL ATION/AILILLIFICATION COMPO & DDD 4	DECLARATIONS PAGE MPPP 4-5, DEF 3
CANCELLATION/NULLIFICATION CONDO 8, PRP 2,	DEDUCTIBLE BUYBACKRATE 12, DEF 3
MPPP 6, CN 1-10, DEF 2, 6	DEDUCTIBLE FACTORSRATE 13. CONDO 22
Cancellation/Nullification Request FormCN 9-10	DEDUCTIBLES GR 10, APP 4, RATE 12, 13, 17,
Form CompletionCN 7	
Reason Codes for Cancellation/Nullification CN 1-7	CONDO 7-8, 22, PRP 2, MPPP 5, END 2
RefundsCN 1-7	DEFINITIONS
CERTIFICATIONS CERT 1-35	DESCRIBED LOCATIONDEF 3
CISTERNSGR 4, 6, DEF 2	DIAGRAM NUMBERDEF 3
CLAIMS	DIRECT PHYSICAL LOSS BY OR FROM FLOODDEF 3
Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC) ClaimsCL 2	DIRECT PROGRAM REF 2, 3, GR 12,
Insured's ResponsibilitiesCL 1	APP 8, CONDO 7
magreg a Nearonairiillea	• -

IND 1 May 1, 2006

DISASTER ASSISTANCE GR 3, APP 2, PRP 4 DOUBLEWIDE MANUFACTURED (MOBILE)	Countywide MapMAP 1, DEF 3 FEMA Map Assistance CenterMAP 3
HOMEAPP 1, DEF 3 DUPLICATE POLICIESCN 2, 5	FEMA Map Service CenterREF 4, MAP 4, 5 "FIRMettes"MAP 4
DWELLINGDEF 3	Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA)CN 5-6, 6-7
DWELLING FORM (See also STANDARD FLOOD	MAP 3, DEF 5 Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)
INSURANCE POLICY) GR 1, 2, CONDO 8, POL 1, 2-21	MAP 3, DEF 5
E	Locating a Specific PropertyMAP 2-3
EFFECTIVE DATEGR 8-10, PRP 1, REN 2	Map "Grandfather" Rules RATE 21-23, PRP 1, DEF 4
ELEVATED BUILDING (See also LOWEST FLOOR GUIDE)	Map Panel NumberMAP 1
APP 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, RATE 19-21, DEF 3	Map Revision PRP 2, 3, END 2, CN 3-4, 6-7 MAP 3, 4, DEF 6
ELEVATION CERTIFICATEAPP 5-6, LFG 2, 3-7, CERT 1-3, 9-35	Map Zones (Flood Zones)MAP 2
ELEVATION DIFFERENCERATE 17-19, 30	Ordering Information and PricesMAP 4, 5-6
ELIGIBLE BUILDINGSGR 3-6, CONDO 6	Physical Map RevisionMAP 3
ELIGIBLE COMMUNITY (See PARTICIPATING	FLOOD VENTS (See PROPER OPENINGS)
COMMUNITY)	FLOOD RESPONSE OFFICE (FRO)DEF 4
ELIGIBLE CONTENTSGR 6	FLOODPLAINDEF 4 FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENTDEF 4
EMERGENCY PROGRAM GR 1, RATE 1, DEF 3	FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT
ENCLOSED AREAAPP 3, LFG 1-2	FLOODPROOFING AFF 6, KATE 30-31, CERT 3-6, DEF 4
ENCLOSURE/ENCLOSED AREA (See also LOWEST	NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURESCERT 7-8
FLOOR GUIDE)	FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE,
LFG 1-2, 3, 5, 7, DEF 3 ENDORSEMENTGR 9-10, CONDO 8,	RESIDENTIAL BASEMENTCERT 5-6
PRP 2, MPPP 6, END 1-14, PR 1	FORCED PLACEMENT (MANDATORY PURCHASE)
Endorsement Processing Prior to Policy RenewalEND 3	GR 2, MPPP 2, CN 2, DEF 5
Endorsement Rules: Changing DeductiblesEND 2	FREEBOARDDEF 4
Endorsement Rules: Conversion of Standard Rated Policy to PRP Due to Misrating or Map Revision END 2	G
Endorsement Rules: Correcting Property AddressEND 2	
Endorsement Rules: Coverage EndorsementsEND 1	GARAGES
Endorsement Rules: Misrated PolicyEND 2	GENERAL CHANGE ENDORSEMENT
Endorsement Rules: Rating Endorsements END 1-2	(See ENDORSEMENT) GENERAL PROPERTY FORM (See also STANDARD
Endorsements During Renewal CycleREN 2	FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY)GR 1, 2, POL 1, 22-40
General Change Endorsement Form END 13-14 Preparation of Form END 3-4	GENERAL RULES
Rating Examples END 5-12	GRADE ELEVATIONDEF 4
Refund Processing END 3-4	"GRANDFATHERING" (See FLOOD MAP
EQUIPMENT (See MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT)	"GRANDFATHERING")
EROSION DEF 3	GROUP FLOOD INSURANCEGR 3, DEF 4
ERRORS, RATING END 1-2	Н
EVIDENCE OF INSURANCEGR 8	
EXPENSE CONSTANTDEF 3	HABITABLE AREA (See FINISHED AREA)
F	HISTORIC BUILDINGRATE 15, DEF 4-5
•	HIGH-RISE BUILDING CONDO 6, DEF 4 HOMELAND SECURITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF REF 1, DEF 3
FEDERAL LANDGR 1 FEDERAL POLICY FEERATE 12, 17,	I
CONDO 8, MPPP 5, DEF 3	1
FEMAREF 1, RATE 21, 30, CL 1, 2, RL 1,	ICC (See INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE)
DEF 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10	IMPROVEMENTSDEF 5
FHBM (See FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP)	INCIDENTAL OCCUPANCY GR 5-6
FICO (See FLOOD INSURANCE CLAIMS OFFICE) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE/SUBSIDY	INCREASED COST OF COMPLIANCE (ICC) COVERAGE
ARRANGEMENTMPPP 2, 6, DEF 3	GR 10-11, RATE 14, 17, CONDO 21, MPPP 1, CL 2, DEF 5
FINISHED (HABITABLE) AREA DEF 3	INELIGIBLE COMMUNITY (See NON-PARTICIPATING COMMUNITY)
FINISHED BASEMENTAPP 1	INELIGIBLE PROPERTYGR 6-8
FIRM (See FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP)	INFLATION FACTORGR 10, REN 1
FIRM ZONES MAP 2	INSECT SCREENING (BELOW LOWEST ELEVATED
FLOODDEF 3-4	FLOOR)RATE 7, 20, CONDO 19
FLOOD DISASTER PROTECTION ACT OF 1973MPPP 1, 3	INSURANCE PRODUCTS, NFIP GR 2-3
FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP (FHBM)GR 1, MAP 1, 2, 4-6, 8, DEF 4	L
FLOOD INSURANCE CLAIMS OFFICE (FICO)	LAPSE IN COVERAGEREN 1-2
FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM)GR 1, CERT 2, MAP 1, 3, 4-6, 7, DEF 4	LATTICE (BELOW LOWEST ELEVATED FLOOR)RATE 7, 20, 46, CONDO 19
FLOOD MAP "GRANDFATHERING"RATE 21-23,	LETTER OF DETERMINATION REVIEW (LODR) CN 5, DEF 5
PRP 1, DEF 4 FLOOD MAPSGR 1, MAP 1-8	LETTER OF MAP AMENDMENT (LOMA) PRP 2, END 2, CN 1, 5-6, 6-7, MAP 3, DEF 5

IND 2 May 1, 2006

LETTER OF MAP REVISION	Р
(LOMR)PRP 2, END 2, CN 1, 5-6, 6-7, MAP 3, DEF 5	
LOSS HISTORYPRP 1, RL 1	PAPERWORK BURDEN DISCLOSURE
LOSS IN PROGRESSDEF 5	NOTICE REF 7, APP 11
LOWEST ADJACENT GRADEDEF 5	PARTICIPATING COMMUNITYGR 1, DEF 7
LOWEST FLOORAPP 6, RATE 17-21, LFG 1-59, DEF 5	PHYSICAL MAP REVISION (PMR)MAP 3
Building Diagrams 1-8LFG 4-7, CERT 18-19	POLICIES AVAILABLEGR 1-2
Building DrawingsLFG 8-59	POLICYDEF 7
Lowest Floor DeterminationLFG 1-7	POLICY RENEWALSGR 10, PRP 2, MPPP 5, REN 1-8
Lowest Floor Elevation APP 6, RATE 17-21, DEF 5	Credit Card Payment FormREN 1, 8
Use of Elevation Certificate LFG 2	Endorsements During Renewal Cycle REN 2
LOWEST FLOOR GUIDELFG 1-59	Final NoticeREN 2, 3, 6-7
LOW-RISE BUILDINGCONDO 6, DEF 5	Insufficient Renewal InformationREN 2
M	Renewal Effective Date Determination REN 2
	Renewal NoticeREN 1, 2, 3, 4-5
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT RATE 19-20,	Repetitive Loss Target Group Policies REN 2, RL 1-5
LFG 1, 2, CERT 2	Waiting PeriodREN 1, 2
MANDATORY PURCHASE (FORCED PLACEMENT)	POLICY TERM GR 11, APP 1-2, PRP 4, MPPP 3
GR 2, MPPP 2, CN 2, DEF 5 MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOMES/	POLLUTANTSDEF 7
TRAVEL TRAILERS	PONDING HAZARDDEF 7 POST-FIRM BUILDING (CONSTRUCTION)RATE 16,
DEF 3. 5. 9	DEF 7
Date of Construction APP 5, RATE 15	PRE-FIRM BUILDING (CONSTRUCTION)RATE 15-16,
DoublewideAPP 1, DEF 3	DEF 7
MANUFACTURED (MOBILE) HOME PARK OR	PREFERRED RISK POLICY (PRP) GR 2,
SUBDIVISIONDEF 5- 6	PRP 1-7, DEF 7
MAP "GRANDFATHERING" (See FLOOD MAP	Completing PRP Application FormPRP 4-5
"GRANDFATHERING")	Conversion of PRP to Standard Rated Policy PRP 4
MAPS (See FLOOD MAPS)	Conversion of Standard Rated Policy to PRP Due to
MEAN SEA LEVEL (See NATIONAL GEODETIC	Map Revision, LOMA, or LOMRPRP 4
VERTICAL DATUM [NGVD])	Conversion of Standard Rated Policy to PRP Due to
MISCELLANEOUS RULESGR 11-12	Misrating PRP 2, 4
Application SubmissionGR 12	Coverage LimitsPRP 2
Assignment of PolicyGR 12	Coverage/Premium Tables PRP 3
Commission, Producer'sGR 12	Deductibles PRP 2
Delivery of PolicyGR 12	Discounts/Fees/ICC PremiumPRP 2
Policy TermGR 11	DocumentationPRP 2
MITIGATIONRL 1	Eligibility RequirementsPRP 1-2, 3
MODULAR BUILDINGDEF 6	EndorsementsPRP 2
MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PROTECTION	General DescriptionPRP 1
PROGRAM (MPPP)GR 2, MPPP 1-6, DEF 6	PRP Application FormPRP 6-7
MORTGAGEEAPP 2, RATE 17, PRP 4, MPPP 1-6	RenewalPRP 2
MUDFLOW DEF 6	Replacement Cost CoveragePRP 2
MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENCE (DWELLING) (See	PREMIUMRATE 16-17
2-4 FAMILY RESIDENCE [DWELLING])	Credit Card PaymentAPP 6, 7, REN 1, 8
N	Credit Card Payment FormREN 1, 8
NATIONAL ELOOP (NOVED AND A COTO DE AND A COTO	Premium CalculationRATE 16-17 Premium DiscountsCRS 1
NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE ACT OF 1968 (See ACT)	Premium PaymentAPP 6, 7, RATE 16-17,
NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP)	CONDO 9, PRP 5, MPPP 4, REN 1-2
REF 1, DEF 6	Prepaid Amount (Total)DEF 7
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD) DEF 6	Prepaid Premium (Total)DEF 7
NATURAL GRADE DEF 6 NEW CONSTRUCTION DEF 6	Presentment of Payment (Premium)DEF 7
NEW CONSTRUCTIONBEF 0 NFIP BUREAU AND STATISTICAL AGENTREF 2, 5-6,	Refunds END 1-2, 3-4, CN 1-6
CL 1, 2, RL 1, DEF 6	PREPAID AMOUNT (TOTAL)DEF 7
NFIP CONTACT INFORMATIONREF 3-6	PREPAID PREMIUM (TOTAL)DEF 7
NFIP SERVICING AGENT REF 2, 3, RL 1, DEF 6	PRESENTMENT OF PAYMENT (PREMIUM)DEF 7
NFIP SPECIAL DIRECT FACILITY (SDF)REF 2,	PRINCIPAL RESIDENCEDEF 7
RL 1, DEF 6	PRINCIPALLY ABOVE GROUND BUILDINGDEF 7
NON-PARTICIPATING COMMUNITYGR 1	PROBATION GR 1, DEF 7
NON-PAYMENTCN 2-3	PROBATION SURCHARGEGR 1, RATE 12, DEF 7
NON-RESIDENTIALGR 6, 7-8, CONDO 2, PRP 3, DEF 6	PROGRAM COORDINATOR, WYO (See BUSINESS
NOTICE OF LOSSCL 1	ANALYST, WYO)
NULLIFICATION (See CANCELLATION/NULLIFICATION)	PROOF OF INSURANCEGR 8
· _	PROOF OF LOSSCL 1
0	PROPER OPENINGS (FLOOD VENTS)
OCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION GR 5-6, APP 3	LFG 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, DEF 7
OTHER INSURANCEMPPP 6, CN 2	PROPERTY LOCATION APP 2-3, PRP 4-5, END 3
OTHER RESIDENTIALGR 6, DEF 6	PROPERTY REMOVED TO SAFETY EXPENSEDEF 7
OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREASCBRS 1-2	PROVISIONAL RATING
OUT-AS-SHOWN DETERMINATION.CN 3, MAP 3, DEF 6-7	Completing the Provisional Rating Questionnaire:
OVER WATERGR 4, 7	General DirectionsPR 2

Completing the Provisional Rating Questionnaire:	Building Type
Guidance for Determining Building Elevated on Fill PR 2	Cancellation or Endorsement of Existing
Eligibility RequirementsPR 1	Unit Owners' Dwelling Policies CONDO 8
General DescriptionPR 1	CoinsuranceCONDO 7
Notification RequirementsPR 1	Commission, Producer's
Provisional Rating ExamplePR 4	Condominium Building in the Course
Provisional Rating QuestionnairePR 3	of Construction
Reformation: Endorsement ProcedurePR 1	Coverage, BuildingCONDO 8-9
Reformation: Endorsement Alternative PR 1	Coverage, ContentsCONDO 8-9
Reformation: LimitationsPR 1	Coverage Limits
Sample Notice to Accompany	Deductibles
Provisionally Rated Policies PR 5	Determining Rates and Fees
Flovisionally Nateu FoliciesFN 3	
D	Eligibility Requirements
R	Federal Policy Fee
	Property Covered
RATE TABLESRATE 1-14, 32, CONDO 10-22,	Rate Tables
PRP 3, MPPP 1, PR 3, CRS 1	Rating ExamplesCONDO 23-31
RATING GR 11, RATE 1-61, CONDO 1-31,	Replacement Cost CONDO 7, 8
CERT 3, END 1-2	Tentative Rates and Scheduled Buildings CONDO 8
Alternative RatesRATE 21, END 2	ROWHOUSES/TOWNHOUSESCONDO 6, PRP 2
Amount of Insurance AvailableRATE 1	·
AR, AR Dual ZonesRATE 19	_
	S
Buildings in More Than One Flood ZoneGR 11,	
RATE 17	
CondominiumsCONDO 1-31	SCHEDULED BUILDING POLICY GR 2, APP 1,
Contents Location RATE 25-28	CONDO 8, DEF 8
Crawl SpaceRATE 24	SCREENING, INSECT (BELOW LOWEST ELEVATED
DeductiblesRATE 12, 13, CONDO 7	FLOOR)RATE 7, 20, CONDO 19
Effect of Map Revisions on Rates	SECTION 1316
Elevation DifferenceRATE 17-19	SEPARATE BUILDING (See SINGLE BUILDING)
FIRMs with Wave Heights	SFIP (See STANDARD FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY)
Flood Map "Grandfathering" RATE 21-23, PRP 1, DEF 4	SHEAR WALLS GR 5, DEF 8
Floodproofed BuildingsRATE 30-31	SHEET FLOW HAZARDDEF 8
Key Points for RatingRATE 17	SILOS GR 4, 6
Optional Elevation RatingRATE 19, LFG 2	SINGLE ADJUSTER PROGRAMCL 1-2, DEF 8
Premium Calculation RATE 16-17	SINGLE BUILDINGGR 5, DEF 8
Provisional Rates GR 11, PR 1-5, DEF 7	SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE (DWELLING) GR 5,
Rate ReductionEND 1	DEF 8
Rate Tables RATE 1-14, 32, CONDO 10-22, PRP 3,	SLATS OR SHUTTERS (BELOW LOWEST ELEVATED
MPPP 1, PR 3, CRS 1	
Detice Free	FLOOR)RATE 7, 20, CONDO 19
Rating Error END 1-2	SOLID PERIMETER FOUNDATION WALLSGR 5,
Rating ExamplesRATE 17-19, 22-23, 29, 47-61,	RATE 20, DEF 8
CONDO 23-31, END 5-12, PR 4	SPECIAL CERTIFICATIONSCERT 1-35
Rating StepsRATE 15-16	SPECIAL DIRECT FACILITY (See NFIP SPECIAL
Re-RatingRATE 23	DIRECT FACILITY)
Submit-for-RateGR 11, RATE 23-24, DEF 9	SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA)MAP 2, DEF 8
Tentative RatesGR 11, RATE 21, CONDO 8, DEF 9	SPECIAL RATING SITUATIONSGR 11, RATE 21-24
V-Zone Optional RatingRATE 23	Alternative RatesRATE 21
V-Zone Risk Factor Rating Form RATE 31-46	Buildings in More Than One
RCBAP (See RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING	
	Flood ZoneGR 11, RATE 17
ASSOCIATION POLICY)	Crawl SpaceRATE 24
RECREATIONAL VEHICLEDEF 1	Map "Grandfather" Rules: Effect of Map Revisions
REFORMATIONGR 11, MPPP 5, PR 1	on RatesRATE 21-23
REFUNDSEND 1-2, 3-4, CN 1-7	Policies Requiring Re-RatingRATE 23
REGIONAL OFFICES, NFIPREF 5-6	Post-'81 V Zone Optional RatingRATE 23
REGULAR PROGRAM GR 1, RATE 1, DEF 8	Provisional Rates GR 11, DEF 7
RENEWALS (See POLICY RENEWALS)	Submit-for-Rate GR 11, RATE 23-24, DEF 9
REPETITIVE LOSS GR 4, 11, REN 2, RL 1-5, DEF 8	Tentative Rates GR 11, RATE 21, CONDO 8, DEF 9
DEDETITIVE LOSS OK 4, 11, KLN 2, KL 1-3, DEL 0	
REPETITIVE LOSS TARGET GROUPRL 1, DEF 8	STANDARD FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY (SFIP) . GR 1, 2,
REPLACEMENT COST APP 4, RATE 20-21, 30,	POL 1-61, DEF 8-9
CONDO 7, 8, PRP 2, 5, DEF 8	AgreementPOL 3, 23, 43
RESIDENTIALGR 5-6, CONDO 1-2, PRP 3	Claim Guidelines in Case of a FloodPOL 21, 40, 61
	CoinsurancePOL 52
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING	
	Deductibles POL 12, 32, 51-52
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATECERT 5-6	Deductibles
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATECERT 5-6 RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGCONDO 1-2,	Definitions POL 3-5, 23-25, 43-45
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATECERT 5-6  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGCONDO 1-2,  DEF 8	Definitions
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATECERT 5-6  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGCONDO 1-2,  DEF 8  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING ASSOCIATION	Definitions       POL 3-5, 23-25, 43-45         Dwelling Form       POL 2-21, DEF 8         Exclusions       POL 11-12, 31-32, 50-51
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATECERT 5-6  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGCONDO 1-2,  DEF 8  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING ASSOCIATION  POLICY (RCBAP) (See also STANDARD FLOOD	Definitions
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATECERT 5-6  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGCONDO 1-2,  DEF 8  RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING ASSOCIATION	Definitions       POL 3-5, 23-25, 43-45         Dwelling Form       POL 2-21, DEF 8         Exclusions       POL 11-12, 31-32, 50-51         General Conditions       POL 12-20, 32-38, 53-59         General Property Form       POL 22-40, DEF 8
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE	Definitions       POL 3-5, 23-25, 43-45         Dwelling Form       POL 2-21, DEF 8         Exclusions       POL 11-12, 31-32, 50-51         General Conditions       POL 12-20, 32-38, 53-59
RESIDENTIAL BASEMENT FLOODPROOFING  CERTIFICATE	Definitions       POL 3-5, 23-25, 43-45         Dwelling Form       POL 2-21, DEF 8         Exclusions       POL 11-12, 31-32, 50-51         General Conditions       POL 12-20, 32-38, 53-59         General Property Form       POL 22-40, DEF 8

IND 4 May 1, 2006

	Residential Condominium Building Association PolicyPOL 42-61, DEF 8-9	V
	Summary of Significant Changes, December 2000	VALUED POLICYDEF 9
	POL 2, 22, 42 What Law GovernsPOL 20, 39, 60	VARIANCEDEF 9
	What Law GovernsPOL 20, 39, 60	VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT GR 6
	START OF CONSTRUCTION DEF 9	V-ZONE OPTIONAL RATINGRATE 23
	STOCKDEF 9	V-ZONE RISK FACTOR RATING FORMRATE 31-46
	SUBMIT-FOR-RATEGR 11, RATE 23-24, DEF 9	
	SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE GR 11, RATE 16, DEF 9 SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENTAPP 5,	W
	RATE 15-16, DEF 9	WAITING PERIOD GR 8-10, MPPP 4, REN 1, 2
	SUSPENSIONGR 1, DEF 9	PR 1. DEF 10
		WALLED AND ROOFEDGR 3, DEF 10
	T	WALLS GR 5, RATE 20, LFG 2, 3, DEF 8
	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCEREF 2 TELEPHONE NUMBERSREF 3-6 TENTATIVE RATESGR 11, RATE 21, CONDO 8, DEF 9	Breakaway Walls GR 5, RATE 20, LFG 2, 3, DEF 1 Common Interior Walls GR 5 Shear Walls GR 5, DEF 8 Solid Perimeter Foundation Walls GR 5, RATE 20
	TIMESHARESGR 6	LFG 7, DEF 8
	TOWNHOUSES/ROWHOUSESCONDO 6, PRP 2 TRANSFER OF TITLEGR 12	WAVE HEIGHTAPP 6, RATE 29-30, DEF 10
	TRAVEL TRAILERS (See MANUFACTURED [MOBILE]	Calculating Wave Height Adjustment RATE 29, DEF 10
	HOMES/TRAVEL TRAILERS)	WHOLE DOLLAR PREMIUMRATE 17
ı	2-4 FAMILY RESIDENCE (DWELLING) GR 5-6, DEF 9	WIND LOSSESCL 1-2 WRITE YOUR OWN (WYO) PROGRAM REF 1-2, DEF 10
	U	Z
	UNDERGROUND BUILDING         DEF 9           UNFINISHED AREA         DEF 9           UNFINISHED BASEMENT         APP 1           UNIT         DEF 9	ZONE (See also Map Zones under FLOOD MAPS) MAP 2 DEF 10