

Environmental Assessment Final - Appendices

City of Kingman, KS City of Kingman Parks Repair and Flood Hazard Mitigation

Public Assistance Program
Project Number PA-07-KS-4449-PW760-GM137376

December 2022



U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency, Region VII 11224 Holmes Rd, Kansas City, Missouri 64131



LIST OF APPENDICES

FEMA has worked to ensure that this EA document is accessible to persons with disabilities, in compliance with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Regarding the EA's Appendices, which are provided in a separate document, this EA has reported what was done and how those results affect the decision that will be made based on the totality of the EA findings. In case any of these appendices poses a challenge to be read electronically by persons with disabilities, each appendix is briefly described and summarized below, rather than being simply listed.

Appendix A. Wetland Documentation. This report is a compilation prepared by Wilson & Company of wetland documentation prepared by Mr. Bert Wilson of Marshland Environmental Consulting. His fieldwork was completed in June 2022. The document includes text, aerial photos, ground-level photos of potential wetlands, and USACE wetland determination forms.

Appendix B. Ninnescah River Mitigation Study – Mitigation Hydrologic & Hydraulic Report. This 65-page memorandum is dated March 26, 2022. It was prepared by Charles Loughman, P.E., of Wilson & Company, Inc. Engineers and Architects, and was addressed to FEMA Region VII – Resilience and Infrastructure Branch. It bears an inked impression of Mr. Loughman's Professional Engineer seal, indicating that it is accurate and complete in his professional opinion. This document is comprised of 16 pages of memorandum supplemented by Appendices A through G, including results of a technical model called HEC RAS 2D. HEC RAS stands for Hydrologic Engineering Center's River Analysis System, developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Appendix C. Section 7 Informal Consultation between FEMA and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. This letter is 11 pages long and dated May 24, 2022. It was written by Lois H. Coulter Environmental and Historic Preservation Advisor, Readiness Branch, Office of Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation, Washington, DC, who is currently deployed to FEMA Region 7. It was addressed to Jason Luginbill, Kansas Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Kansas Ecological Services Field Office, in Manhattan, Kansas. It describes the Action Area, the Proposed Action, justification for the action, and the anticipated effects and proposed mitigation regarding the Peppered Chub, Northern Long Eared Bat, and Monarch Butterfly.

Appendix D: USFWS Concurrence Letter. This letter is two pages longs and is dated June 21, 2022. It was signed by Gibran Suleiman on behalf of Jason Luginbill, Kansas Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Kansas Ecological Services Field Office, in Manhattan, Kansas. It was addressed to Jason Luginbill, Kansas Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Kansas Ecological Services Field Office, in Manhattan, Kansas. The letter concluded: "Our office has reviewed the action area and the scope and nature of the proposed work to be completed as well as the avoidance and minimization measures to be implemented, that you provided. We concur with your determination of No Effect for the Whooping Crane and May Effect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect for the Peppered Chub and Northern Long-eared Bat."

Appendix E: Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks Letter regarding State-Listed Threatened and Endangered Species. This letter is two pages long and dated May 5, 2022. It was written by Mark Van Scoyoc, Biodiversity Survey Coordinator/Ecologist, Ecological Services Section, KDWP, in Pratt, Kansas. It was addressed to Bert Wilson, Marshlands Environmental Consulting, in Topeka, Kansas. It identifies four fish species of concern and provides eight mitigation recommendations. The letter states that an Action Permit will be required from KDWP. Permit conditions will primarily consist of work date restrictions to avoid the spawning seasons for

protected species of fish in the Ninnescah River. Project activity should not begin until application for the Action Permit has been received and signed by both parties.

Appendix F: Section 106 Consultation between FEMA and the Kansas State Historic Preservation Officer. This letter is 11 pages long and dated May 23, 2022. It was signed by Lois H. Coulter Environmental & Historic Preservation Advisor, Readiness Branch, Office of Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation, Washington, DC, who is currently deployed to FEMA Region 7. It was addressed to Patrick Zollner, Director, Cultural Resources Division, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer, Kansas Historical Society, in Topeka, Kansas. The letter discusses a Finding of No Adverse Effect to Historic Properties for the project. It describes the Undertaking, the Area of Potential Effect (APE), Identification and Evaluation of Resources (including four standing structures), Tribal Involvement, and Determination of Effect. Its Conclusion requests SHPO concurrence with the finding.

Appendix G. National Register Eligibility Determination. This is a 21-page document prepared by FEMA that was an attachment to the Section 106 Consultation letter which is Appendix B. The paper presents Determinations of NRHP eligibility, including current photos and in some cases historic photos or maps, for the following sites:

- Kingman Fairgrounds
- Kingman Riverside Park
- Storage Shed, Riverside Park
- Kingman City Mechanic Shop
- Kingman Mill Race
- Two bridges along KS Highway-14 accessing Kingman Fairgrounds/Riverside Park

Appendix H. SHPO Letter of Concurrence with FEMA Section 106 Findings. This is a one-page letter signed by Patrick Zollner, Director, Cultural Resources Division, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer, Kansas Historical Society, in Topeka, Kansas. It is addressed to Claudia Vines, FEMA Environmental Specialist, via email. The letter states: "The SHPO has determined that the proposed project will not adversely affect any property listed or determined eligible for listing in the National Register. As far as this office is concerned, the project may proceed."

Appendix I: Example of FEMA Tribal Consultation Letter. This 10-page letter is one of three tribal consultation letters that was sent by FEMA to Native American Tribes with a known interest in the Kingman, Kansas, area. It was signed by Kate Stojsavljevic, Regional Environmental Officer, FEMA Region VII, in Kansas City, MO. This example was addressed to Dr. Andrea Hunter, Director and Tribal Historic Preservation Officer of the Osage Nation, in Pawhuska, Oklahoma. It describes the Undertaking, the Area of Potential Effects (APE), and Identification and Evaluation of Resources (including four standing structures). The letter requested input from the Tribe regarding the Undertaking and reported a proposed Finding of Effect as follows: "Based on FEMA's identification and evaluation efforts, unless any of the Tribes contacted have concerns or object, FEMA will conclude the Section 106 review with a finding of **No Adverse Effect to Historic Properties**."

Appendix J: Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment for Kingman, Kansas. This 32-page July 2022 technical report was prepared by ppB enviro-solutions of Topeka, Kansas. It reports the

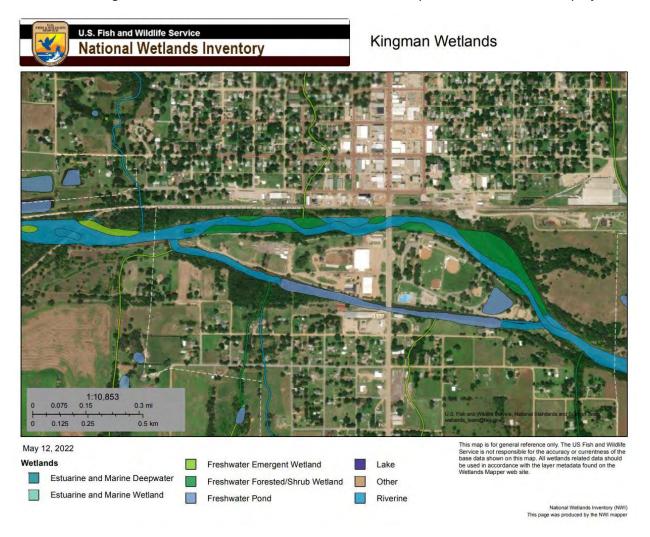
results of its research regarding hazardous material sites with the potential to be a Recognized Environmental Condition affecting the Ninnescah River island flood mitigation project. The major sections of this report are titled: Executive Summary; Introduction; User Supplied Information; Records Review; Site Reconnaissance; Interviews; Evaluation and Conclusions; Non-Scope Services; and References. An additional 599 pages of database search results are available but have been excluded from this appendix for public accessibility, as they are adequately summarized in the first 32 pages of the report.

Appendix K: Osage Nation Tribal Consultation Response. This is a one-page letter signed by Dr. Andrea Hunter, Director, Osage Nation Tribal Historic Preservation Office, and Robbie Murie, MA, RPA, Archeologist, Pawhuska, Oklahoma. This letter, dated September 28, 2022, is addressed to Kate Stojsavljevic, FEMA Region 7 Environmental Officer, via email. The letter states: "The Osage Nation has vital interests in protecting its historic and ancestral cultural resources. We do not anticipate that this project will adversely impact any cultural resources or human remains protected under the NHPA, NEPA, the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, or Osage law. If, however, artifacts or human remains are discovered during project-related activities, we ask that activities cease immediately, and the Osage Nation Historic Preservation Office be contacted."

Appendix A. Wetland Documentation This report is a compilation of work prepared by Mr. Bert Wilson of Marshland Environmental Consulting. His fieldwork was completed in June 2022. The document includes text, aerial photos, ground-level photos of potential wetlands, and USACE wetland determination forms.

KINGMAN (KS) NINNESCAH RIVER ISLAND WETLANDS

The USFWS's National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) Mapper (USFWS 2020b) indicates that the Kingman City Parks project area overlaps with two narrow linear wetlands associated with the stream bank of the Ninnescah River. Based on aerial imagery (Figure 1), the linear wetlands are largely congruent with existing stream channel. These wetlands exist at or slightly above the ordinary high-water mark of the river, as determined by qualified biologist Bert Wilson of Marshlands Environmental Consulting, who conducted a site visit in June 2022 to assess potential wetlands in the project area.



West End of the Island

The wetland located at the Kingman Fairgrounds West End has a 10-inch layer of river sand over an under layer of dark clay soil. This supports several species of obligate wetland plants (Figure 2). Preliminary construction plans indicate this wetland may not be within the construction limits and not disturbed by the activity. It exists at the edge of the river approximately 75 feet from the bank at the sidewalk (Figure 3).



West River Wetland



West River Wetland



West River Wetland 3



Biologist Bert Wilson examined the soil. Vegetation and hydrology at this west-end site and documenting the results that confirm this sampling site to be located within a wetland.

Soil Pit West River Wetland





In Bert's figure, at left, north is not "up".



U.S. Army Corps o WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA S See ERDC/EL TR-10-1; the propone	HEET - Gr	eat Plain		OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Esp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AF 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
³ roject/Site City of Kingman Ninnescah River Projec	ot] City/Cou	nty: Kingma	an Sampling Date:
Applicant/Owner: Wilson Company for City of King	gman			State: KS Sampling Point: West River
nvestigator(s) Bert Wilson		Section	Townshin Ba	ange; sec 06 T028Sr008W
Note the Victor Co., Wilder all Co., Section 19	10			vex, none): convex Slope (%):
	MALLES AND		W. C. W.	
Subregion (LRR): LRRH, MLRA 75 Lat: 37,6	The Control of the Asset	- 4	Long:	
Soil Map Unit Name: Waldeck fine sandy loam, occ			W - A -	NWI classification: Freshwater Forested
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typica	al for this time o	fyear?	Yes X	No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology				
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally prob	lematic? (lf needed, e	aplain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map show	ving sam	pling poi	nt locations, transects, important featur
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Remarks:	-			
/EGETATION – Use scientific names of	of plants.			
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3.		$\overline{}$		
4.		\leftarrow		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
-		Total Cover	_	Percent of Dominant Species
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2.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
3.			9	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
4.				OBL species 20 x1= 20
5.				FACW species 80 ×2= 160
	1 4	Total Cover		FAC species 0 x3= 0
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 4800sqft)			v	FACU species 0 x4= 0
1. Scirpus atrovirens	10	No	OBL	UPL species0
2. Typha latifolia	10	No	OBL	Column Totals 100 (A) 180 (B)
3. Phragmites australis	80	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Index = B/A =1.80
4.,		$\overline{}$		
5,	_	_		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
0.		_	-	1- Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
7	-	-		X 2-Bominance Test is >50%
8 9		-	-	X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01
9	-	_	-	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide suppor data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
105	100 =	Total Cover	$\overline{}$	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:	1			Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
1			الست	be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophyti
2		-		С
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		Total Cover		Vegetation Present? Yes * No
Remarks:				

ENG FORM 6116-5, JUL 2018

Great Plains - Version 2.0



WEST ISLAND LOW WATER CROSSING SITES

Mr. Wilson next examined two locations on the western end of the island where water crossed from south to north during the 2019 flood event. Both sampling sites were determined to not have wetlands.



In Bert's figure, at left, north is not "up".



Low Water Crossing East



Soil Pit Low Water Crossing East



West River Low Water Crossing



At both sampling sites for the low water crossing, all three factors needed for a wetland (vegetation, soils and hydrology) were not present.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Great Plains Region

See ERDC/EL TR-10-1; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site_Kingman Fair Grounds West Low Water	Crossing	City/Cour	ity: <u>Kingma</u>	n/Kingman	_ Sampling Date:	6/20/2022
Applicant/Owner: City of Kingman				State: KS	Sampling Point	: W Low Wate
Investigator(s)		Section, T	ownship, Ra	nge: _06 T028S R00	- 7W	
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.) River bank	Le	— ocal relief (co	ncave, conv	ex, none): concave	Slo	ope(%): 30
Subregion (LRR): LRRH, MLRA 79 Lat: 3738	27 N		Long: -	 98 07 10 W	 Datum:	WGS84
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Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology						
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	0 <u>×</u>					
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^{3.}	90 =	Total Cover		FAC species	0 ×2- 0 ×3=	0
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4						
5				Hydrophytic Veg	_	
6				2-Dominance	or Hydrophytic Veg	etation
7				3-Prevalence		
8 9					al Adaptations ¹ (Pr	rovide suppor
10				data in Rema	ks or on a separate	sheet)
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% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 50		, otal covel		Vegetation Present? Yes	No_>	<u>:</u>
Remarks:						

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_		-	-		_			
	_	_	-		_	_		
					=			
Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=De	pletion, RI	M=Reduced Mar	 rix, CS=Co	vered or	Coated S	and Grains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
lydric So	l Indicators: (Ap	plicable	to all LRRs, t	inless otl	nervise	noted.	1	Indicators for Problematic Hydric S
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Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLO Vetland H Primary India Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Inundati Water-S Field Obse Surface Wa	JOGY Jydrology Indicatestors Iminimum of a stors Iminimum of a store (A1) Inter Table (A2) Inter Table (A2) Inter Table (B2) Inter Deposits (B2) Inter Deposits (B2) Inter Crust (B4) Inter Crust (B4) Inter Store (B5) Inter Crust (B4) Inter Store (B5) Inter Crust (B4) Inter Store (B5) Inter Crust (B6) In	one is requ Imagety (E)	Salt Cn Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxidize (whe Presen Thin Mo 37) No x	ist (B11) Invertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph e re not till ce of Redu ack Surfaci Explain in F	Odor (C r Table (neres or led) loced fron e (C7) lemarks;	3) 1) C2) Living Ro	S	econdary Indicators [minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Phizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLO Vetland H Primary India Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Inundati Water-S Field Obse Surface Wa Water Table	JGY Jydrology Indicatestors Iminimum of a stors Iminimum of a stors Iminimum of a store (A1) Inter Table (A2) Inter T	Imagety (E) eses	Salt Cri Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxidize (whe Presen Thin Mo	ist (B11) clinvertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph ere not till ce of Redu lok Surface Explain in F	Odor (C r Table (reres or led) loed fror e (C7) lemarks; lohes): lohes):	3) 1) C2) Living Ro	Solots (C3)	econdary Indicators [minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Phizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLO Vetland H Primary India Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Algal Ma Inundati Water-S Field Obs. Surface Wa Water Table Saturation F	ogy lydrology Indicatestors Iminimum of a water (A1) iter Table (A2) on (A3) arks (B1) arks (B1) arb Deposits (B2) ast or Crust (B4) iosits (B5) on Visible on Aerial itained Leaves (B3) ervations: ter Present? Yesent? Yesent? Yesent?	Imagety (E) eses	Salt Cn Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxide Presen Thin Mo No No x No x	ist (B11) clinvertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph ere not till ce of Redu lok Surface Explain in F	Odor (C r Table (reres or led) loed fror e (C7) lemarks; lohes): lohes):	3) 1) C2) Living Ro	Solots (C3)	econdary Indicators Iminimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLC Vetland H Primary India Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Inundati Water-S Field Obs. Surface Wa Water Table Saturation F (includes ca	OGY lydrology Indicatestors [minimum of of water (A1) Inter Table (A2) Inter Table (A2) Inter Table (B2) Inter Table (B2) Inter Table (B3) Inter Table (B4) Inter Tabl	Imagety (E) es es	Salt Cn Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxide Presen Thin Mo No No X No X No X	ist (B11) clinvertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph ere not till ce of Redu ack Surface Explain in F Depth (in Depth (in	Odor (C r Table (r Table (reres or led) loced fron e (C7) lemarks, loches): loches): loches): loches):	3) 1) C2) Living Ro n (C4)	oots (C3)	econdary Indicators (minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (Cilia (where tilled) Crayfish Bullrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LPR F)
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLC Vetland H Primary Indig Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Inundati Water-S Field Obse Saturation F (includes ca Describe Re	ogy lydrology Indicatestors Iminimum of a water (A1) iter Table (A2) on (A3) arks (B1) arks (B1) arb Deposits (B2) sosits (B3) ost or Crust (B4) itained Leaves (B3) ervations: ter Present? Present? Ye pillary fringe) corded Data (strean	Imagety (b) es es m gauge, i	Salt Cri Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxidize (whe Presen Thin Mo 37) Other (I	ist (B11) c Invertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph ere not till ce of Redu lok Surface Explain in F Depth (in Depth (in	Odor (C r Table (r Table (reced fror e (C7) emarks; eches): eches): eches):	3) 1) C2) Living Ro n (C4)	oots (C3)	econdary Indicators (minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (Concave tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F) Hydrology PresenYes No k
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLC Vetland H Primary India Surface High Wa Saturati Water M Sedimer Drift Dep Inundati Water-S Field Obse Saturation F (includes ca Describe Remarks:	OGY lydrology Indicatestors [minimum of orwater (A1) Inter Table (A2) on (A3) arks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) Into Deposits (B3) Into Crust (B4) Into Crust	Imagety (b) es es m gauge, i	Salt Cri Aquatic Hydrog x Dry-Se Oxidize (whe Presen Thin Mo 37) Other (I	ist (B11) c Invertebra en Sulfide ason Wate d Rhizosph ere not till ce of Redu lok Surface Explain in F Depth (in Depth (in	Odor (C r Table (r Table (reced fror e (C7) emarks; eches): eches): eches):	3) 1) C2) Living Ro n (C4)	oots (C3)	econdary Indicators (minimum of two required Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (Concave tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Geomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F) Hydrology PresenYes No k



U.S. Army Corps o WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA S See ERDC/EL TR-10-1; the propone	HEET - Gr	eat Plain		OMB Control 11 Requirement Co (Authority: AR 3	V30/2024 antrol Symb	al EXEM	PT:
Project/Site City of Kingman Ninnescah River Projec	et .	City/Cou	nty: Kingma	en/Kingman	Sampling Da	-	
Applicant/Owner: Wilson Company for City of King	gman			State: KS	Sampling Po	int: wat	LauWaler I
nvestigator(s) Bert Wilson		Section,	Township, Ra	ange: 06 T028 R008W			
andform (hillside, terrace, etc.) River Bank	76	ocal relief (co	ncave, conv	/ex, none): concave		Slope (%)): 0
iubregion (LRR): LRR H, MLRA 79 Lat: 37,6			Long: _4	4 - 7 - 14 - 17 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	Date		
ioil Map Unit Name: Water					cation: Fresh		-
re climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic:	al for this time o	of vear?	Yes x	No (If no , exp	lain in Remark	s.)	
re Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology		The state of	Life and the				
re Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology				plain any answers in Re	-		-
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site						ortant fe	eatur
Hydric Soil Present? Yes N	lo_X lo_X		e Sampled in a Wetlan	9070	No_X		
Remarks:							
/EGETATION - Use scientific names	The state of the s	Burton					
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test	orksheet:		
1				Number of Dominant			
2.				That Are OBL, FACW		1	(A)
3				Total Number of Domi	hant		
4		-		Species Across All St	rata:	3	_(B)
		Total Cover		Percent of Dominant			×416
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 7200 [*] 1. Populus deltoides	20	Yes	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW	, or FAL:	33.3%	_(A/O
2.		162	1.50	Prevalence Index	worksheet		-
3.				Total % Cover of:	Multip		
4.				OBL species 0		0	_
5.				FACW species 0	×2≈	0	3 1
Secretary and a second second	20 =	Total Cover		FAC species 20	я3=	60	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 7200)			×100 ×10	FACU species 70		280	_
1. Elymus canadensis	40	Yes	FACU	UPL species0	-	0	-
Sorghum halepers e	30	Yes	FACU	Column Totals 90 Prevalence Index = E		340 3.78	_(B)
4				Prevalence Index = D)(A =	3.10	-
5.	_	_		Hydrophytic Vege	tation Indic	ators:	_
6.				1-Rapid Test for			í.
7.				2 - Dominance Te	est is >50%	-	
8,				3-Prevalence in	dexis≤3.01		
9.				4 - Morphologica	Adaptations ¹	(Provide s	suppor
10		-		data in Remarks	4	40.000	
in Arbedina Salar No.	70	Total Cover		Problematic Hydr	ophytic Veget	ation1(Ex	plain)
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: 1	1			¹ Indicators of hydric so be present, unless dis Hydrophyti			jy mus
2				c			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum 20		Total Cover		Vegetation Present? Yes	No	χ.	
				riesem: 165	- 110	63	
ALCOHOLOGICAL PROPERTY OF THE							
Remarks: This is a river sand bar at or slightly above ordinary h	nigh water.						



	-	ribe to the	-		nt the in	dicator or con	firm the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Red	ox Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Color (moist)	<u> </u>	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
1-12	10yr 8/3	100					
				- — —			
							_
Tupe: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	oletion. RM=1	Reduced Matri	x. CS=Covered o	r Coated	——————————————————————————————————————	 Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
	il Indicators: (Ap						ndicators for Problematic Hydric S
Histoso	I (A1)		•	Sandy Gleyed I	Matrix (S4)	1cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
Histic Er	pipedon (A2)			Sandy Redox (S	35)	_	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G
-	listic (A3)			Stripped Matrix		_	Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
•	en Sulfide (A4)		_	Loamy Mucky N		n —	High Plains Depressions (F16)
	d Layers (A5) (LRR	F)		Loamy Gleyed I		_	(LRR H outside of MLRA 72 8
	ick (A9) (LRR F, G ,	-		Depleted Matrix		•	Reduced Vertic (F18)
•	d Below Dark Surfac			Redox Dark Sur		_	Red Parent Material (F21)
	ark Surface (A12)	- *****		Depleted Dark			Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
•	Mucky Mineral (S1)			Redox Depress		" –	Other (Explain in Remarks)
	Mucky Peat or Peat (52) (I BB G	- н	High Plains Dep		(E16) 3	ndicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
_	ucky Peat or Peat (S			(MLRA 72			wetland hydrology must be present,
	aony, caron, carto	, (,		(1.2.11112	u		unless disturbed or problematic.
	inches):		-			Hydric Soil Pr	esent? Yes <u> </u>
Remarks:	DGY					Hydric Soil Pr	esent? Yes <u> </u>
Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland H	OGY lydrology Indicat					•	
Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland H Primary Indi	OGY Hydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o		•			. Seco	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require
Remarks: YDROLO Wetland H Primary Indi Surface	OGY Hydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o Water (A1)		Salt Crus	st (B11)		. Seco	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6)
YDROLO Wetland H Primary Indi Surface High Wa	OGY Hydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o Water (A1) ater Table (A2)		Salt Crus Aquatic I	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1		. Seco	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6
YDROLO Wetland H Primary Indi Surface High Wa	OGY Hydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3)		Salt Crus Aquatic l Hydroge	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C	:1)	. Seco	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6 Orainage Patterns (B10)
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water IV	OGY Iydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) farks (B1)		Salt Crus Aquatic l Hydroge Dry-Sea	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table	:1) (C2)	. Seco	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Gurface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Bi Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water I Water I Sedime	OGY Iydrology Indicatostors (minimum of oswater (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Iarks (B1) nt Deposits (B2)		Salt Crus Aquatic l Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres o	:1) (C2)	. Second S	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Gurface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Grainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled)
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water IV Sedime Drift De	Jydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o w Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) larks (B1) not Deposits (B2)		Salt Crus Aquatic l Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres oi e not tilled)	:1) (C2) n Living R	. Second S	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Bi Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8)
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water IV Sedime Drift Dej Algal Market	JGY Jydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) larks (B1) not Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4)		Salt Crus Aquatic l Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro	:1) (C2) n Living R	. Security 5	endary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Biparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8)
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water IV Sedime Drift Dej Algal M. Iron Der	JGY Jydrology Indicate cators (minimum of operators (A2) ater Table (A2) in (A3) Jarks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) Int Deposits (B3) Int Order (B4) Int Country (B4	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatio I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro sk Surface (C7)	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	. Security of the security of	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Wetland In Primary India Saturat Water Manager	DGY Indicat cators (minimum of o ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Aarks (B1) posits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial I	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatio I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	. Seconds (C3)	andary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Beomorphic Position (D2)
Wetland In Primary India Saturat Water Manager	JGY Jydrology Indicat cators (minimum of o e Water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) farks (B1) ont Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) posits (B5)	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatio I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro sk Surface (C7)	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	. Seconds (C3)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
IYDROLO Wetland I Primary Indi Surface High Water I Sedime Drift Dej Algal Mater I Iron Dep	DGY Indicat cators (minimum of o ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Aarks (B1) posits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial I	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatio I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro sk Surface (C7)	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	. Seconds (C3)	andary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Beomorphic Position (D2)
Wetland In Primary India Surface High Water Mater Mate	OGY Hydrology Indicated to the cators (minimum of one water (A1) ater Table (A2) for (A3) Harks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) Int Deposits (B3) Int or Crust (B4) Int or State (B4) Int one to the cator (B5) Int one to the cator (B5) Int one to the cator (B3) Int one to the cator (B4)	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatio I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro ck Surface (C7) splain in Remarks	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	. Seconds (C3)	andary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Beomorphic Position (D2)
Wetland In Primary Indi Surface High Water Mater Magal Magal Mater Table	DGY Hydrology Indicated cators (minimum of one water (A1) after Table (A2) ion (A3) Marks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) after Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial (B4) deposits (B5) Ester Present? Yellogs	ne is require	Salt Crus Aquatic Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc Thin Muc	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro ck Surface (C7) splain in Remarks Depth (inches):	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	oots (C3)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Bi Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Secomorphic Position (D2) SAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Wetland In Surface High Water Mater	OGY Hydrology Indicate cators (minimum of or water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Harks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial (B4) Btained Leaves (B9) ervations: hter Present? Ye	magery (B7)	Salt Crus Aquatic Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc Thin Muc Other (Es	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro ck Surface (C7) splain in Remarks	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	oots (C3)	andary Indicators (minimum of two require Burface Soil Cracks (B6) Bparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Brainage Patterns (B10) Dxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Brayfish Burrows (C8) Baturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Beomorphic Position (D2)
Wetland Herimary Indi Surface High Water Medime Drift Dep Algal Medime Unundat Water-S Field Obs Surface Water Table Saturation Medical	OGY Hydrology Indicate cators (minimum of or water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Harks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial (B4) Btained Leaves (B9) ervations: hter Present? Ye	magery (B7) ss	Salt Crus Aquatic I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc Thin Muc Other (Es	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro ck Surface (C7) splain in Remarks Depth (inches):	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	oots (C3)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Bi Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Secomorphic Position (D2) SAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
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Wetland In Primary India Saturation Mater Table Saturation Mater Table Saturation Mater Ma	OGY Hydrology Indicate cators (minimum of or water (A1) ater Table (A2) ion (A3) Parks (B1) Int Deposits (B2) posits (B3) at or Crust (B4) cosits (B5) ion Visible on Aerial (B4) deposits (B5) ervations: ater Present? Yelloresent?	magery (B7) s s s n gauge, mo	Salt Crus Aquatic I Hydroge Dry-Sea Oxidized (wher Presenc Thin Muc Other (Es	st (B11) Invertebrates (B1 n Sulfide Odor (C son Water Table I Rhizospheres or e not tilled) e of Reduced Iro ck Surface (C7) xplain in Remarks Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	:1) (C2) n Living R n (C4)	oots (C3)	ondary Indicators (minimum of two require forface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B6) Prainage Patterns (B10) Didized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C (where tilled) Crayfish Burrows (C8) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) Secomorphic Position (D2) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)



12

MILL RACE SAMPLE SITE

The NWI map shows no emergent wetlands in the Mill Race portion of the project. Field investigation has identified a wetland of less than 100 square feet at the west end of the construction site (Figure 5). Most of this wetland is below the ordinary high-water of the Race but has dry periods long enough to support the growth of hydrophytic vegetation. The soil is silty clay loam capable of supporting a wetland hydrology. This wetland may be outside the construction limits of the project. Field survey found no other wetlands in this portion of the project.



In Bert's figure, at left, north is not "up".



MILL RACE SOIL PIT





Tree Stratum	(Plot size:)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:		
1						Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	3	(A)
						Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	3	(B)
Sapling/Shrub St	ratum (Plot size	e: 100sf)		=Total Cover		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	100.0%	
1. Salix exigua	No. of the last of		25	Yes	FACW		3,500,410	_ () - (
2.						Prevalence Index worksheet:		
3.						Total % Cover of: Multip	bly by:	
						OBL species 70 x 1 =		
						FACW species 25 x 2 =		5.1
-				=Total Cover	-	FAC species 0 x 3 =	0	
Herb Stratum	(Plot size: 10	0 sf)				FACU species 0 x 4 =	0	
1. Sagittaria latif	folia		40	Yes	OBL	UPL species 0 x 5 =	0	_
2. Scirpus atrov	virens		30	Yes	OBL	Column Totals: 95 (A)	120	(B)
3.						Prevalence Index = B/A =	1.26	
4								
5						Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicator	s:	
						1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic V	egetation	
7						X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%		
8						X 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.01		
9		-				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (data in Remarks or on a sepa		
10		-		=Total Cover		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegeta		
Woody Vine Stra	atum (Plot size:					¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland be present, unless disturbed or prob	hydrology	
2.				-				
% Bare Ground in	n Herb Stratum	5		=Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No		
Remarks:						-		



Marshlands Environmental Consulting

SOIL								Sampling Point: Mill Rac
Profile Des Depth	cription: (Descr Matrix	ribe to th		eded to do		t the in	dicator or o	confirm the absence of indicators.)
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (mois	Company of the Compan	Type ¹	Loc2	Texture	Remarks
1-12	2.5yr 3/2	100	See Charle		178-	400	Muck	Tromans.
1-12	2.591.512	100			_	_	Muck	
_					-	_		
					-	_	-	
_					_	_		
		-				_		
					_			
Type: C=Co	ncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	=Reduced M	latris, CS=Co	vered or	Coated	Sand Grains.	² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (App	olicable 1	to all LRRs.	, unless otl	nervise	noted	J	Indicators for Problematic Hydric
Histosol (A1)			Sandy 0	Sleyed M	atrix (S4	1	1cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
Histic Epi	pedon (A2)			Sandy F	Redox (SS	5)		Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F.
Black His	tic (A3)			Stripped	Matrix (S	36)		Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
Hydroger	Sulfide (A4)				Mucky Mil			High Plains Depressions (F16)
	Layers (A5) (LRR I				Gleyed M)-	(LRR H outside of MLRA 72
	k (A9) (LRR F, G,				d Matrix (Reduced Vertic (F18)
-	Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)			Jark Surfa	1. July 1. Jul		Red Parent Material (F21)
- The state of the	rk Surface (A12)				d Dark St	ALCOHOL: N	=7)	Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
	ucky Mineral (S1)	101.00	4.70		Depressio -	the alle		Other (Explain in Remarks)
The second second	ucky Peat or Peat (ins Depr			³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation an
5 cm Muc	cky Peat or Peat (S3	HLBB F		(ML	RA 72 8	: 13 of	LRH HJ	wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Rectriction	Layer (if observ	ed).				-		and a property of
	Layer (ii observ							
Tune:								
Type; _ Depth (in	ches):		-31				Hydric Soi	I Present? Yes X No
Depth (in	ches):		=======================================				Hydric Soi	Present? Yes X No_
Depth (in	ches):		-				Hydric Soi	Present? Yes X No_
Depth (in	ches):		-				Hydric Soi	Present? Yes X No_
Depth (in Remarks:							Hydric Soi	l Present? Yes X No_
Depth (in Remarks:	GY		=				Hydric Soi	I Present? Yes X No_
Depth (in Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland Hy	GY odrology Indicate		=					
Depth (in Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary Indic	GY odrology Indicate ators (minimum of or			4.00				econdary Indicators (minimum of two requ
Depth (in Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary Indic 8 Surface	GY odrology Indicate ators (minimum of or w/ater (A1)		Salt	Crust (B11)				iecondary Indicators (minimum of two requi Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Depth (in Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary Indic & Surface' X High Wat	GY odrology Indicate ators (minimum of or water (A1) er Table (A2)		Salt 0	Crust (B11) itic Invertebra				iecondary Indicators (minimum of two requi Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (
Depth (in Remarks: IYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary Indic & Surface' X High Wat & Saturatio	GY odrology Indicate ators (minimum of or water (A1) er Table (A2) n (A3)		Salt 0 Aqua Hydro	Crust (B11) stic Invertebra ogen Sulfide	Odor (C1)).		iecondary Indicators (minimum of two requi Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Drainage Patterns (B10)
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary India # Surface ' X High Wat # Saturatio Water Ma	GY Adrology Indicate ators (minimum of or Water (A1) er Table (A2) in (A3) arks (B1)		Salt 0 Aqua Hydro	Crust (B11) atic Invertebra ogen Sulfide Season Wate	Odor (C1) r Table (C) (2)	. 8	iecondary Indicators (minimum of two requi Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Phizospheres on Living Roots
Depth (in Remarks: HYDROLO Wetland Hy Primary Indic 8 Surface X High Wat 8 Saturatio Water Ma Sedimen	GY Adrology Indicate ators (minimum of or Water (A1) er Table (A2) en (A3) erks (B1) t Deposits (B2)		Salt 6 Aqua Hydro Dry-5	Crust (B11) atic Invertebra ogen Sulfide Season Wate zed Rhizospl	Odor (C1) r Table (C reresion) (2)	. 8	secondary Indicators (minimum of two requi Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (Drainage Patterns (B10) Oxidized Phizospheres on Living Roots (where tilled)
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EAST END OF THE ISLAND

The other wetland identified on the NWI map located in the Riverside Park in the east construction area. The soils are well drained river sand over 12 inches deep - not capable of supporting a wetland hydrology (Figure 4). The USACE Wetland Determination Data Sheet for the East River sand bar concludes that there is no presence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, or wetland hydrology at the location. Therefore, it is concluded that no wetland was observed at this location.



In Bert's figure, at left, north is not "up".



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Great Plains Region

See ERDC/EL TR-10-1; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 11/30/2024 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Vacillacat/Oursell			and the second	V1.6x.76						6/20	312022
Applicant/Owner: \(\frac{1}{2}\)	Wilson Compar	ny for Cit	y of Kin	gman			State: K	S S	ampling Poin	t: River i	East Sand be
nvestigator(s): Bert W					Section,	Township, Ra	ange: 05 T028 R0	W80			
andform (hillside, terr	race, etc.): Riv	er Bank			Local relief (d	concave, conv	vex, none): conc	ave	s	lope (%)): 0
Subregion (LRR): L	RR H, MLRA	79 Lai	t: 37 38	3 24N		Long: -	98 06 37W		Datum	: WG	S84
oil Map Unit Name: V	Vater						NWI	classificati	on: Freshwa	ter Fore	sted
are climatic / hydrolog	ic conditions o	n the site	e typical	for this time	of year?	Yes x	No (If	no, explain	in Remarks.)	
re Vegetation,	Soil, or	Hydrolo	gy	significantly	disturbed?	Are "Normal (Circumstances" pre	esent?	Yes x	No	
Are Vegetation,	Soil, or	Hydrolo	gy	naturally pro	blematic?	(If needed, ex	xplain any answers	in Remark	(s.)		
SUMMARY OF FI	INDINGS -	Attach	site m	nap showi	ng samplir	ng point lo	ocations, trans	ects, im	portant fe	atures	s, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation	on Present?	Yes	. 1	No X	Is th	e Sampled A	Vrea				
Hydric Soil Present?		Yes		No X	with	in a Wetland	? Yes		No X		
Wetland Hydrology P	resent?	Yes	1	No_X_							
Remarks:											
/=0==+=10+				085 CV							
/EGETATION – L	Jse scientii	ic nam	ies of	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator					
Tree Stratum	(Plot size:)	% Cover	Species?	Status	Dominance Te	st worksh	eet:		
1			3-				Number of Dom		cies That		
2					_		Are OBL, FACV	V, or FAC:	_	2	(A)
4.						\equiv	Total Number of Across All Strat		t Species	4	(B)
was a second second					=Total Cover		Percent of Dom	inant Spec	ies That		
Sapling/Shrub Stratur		size:	1200				Are OBL, FACV	V, or FAC:	-	50.0%	_(A/B)
Populus deltoides				5	Yes	FAC	Transport to Exc				
Salix exigua				5	Yes	FACW	Prevalence Inc		- Tarana		
4.				-			Total % Cover of OBL species	0	Multiply x 1 =	0	_
4 5.						_	FACW species	5	x2=	10	_
-				10	=Total Cover		FAC species	5	x 3 =	15	
Herb Stratum (Plot size:	1200	_)				FACU species	30	x 4 =	120	Ξ.
 Sorghum halepen 	ise			20	Yes	FACU	UPL species	25	x 5 =	125	<u>-</u>
2. Rudbeckia hirta				10	No	FACU	Column Totals:	65	(A)	270	_(B)
Verbena stricta Verbena stricta			_	25	Yes	UPL	Prevalence Inde	ex = B/A =	4	.15	_
5.				_	_		Hydrophytic V	egetation	Indicators:		
6.							1 - Rapid T	est for Hyd	rophytic Veg	etation	
7.							2 - Domina				
8.							3 - Prevaler	nce Index i	s ≤3.0 ¹		
9.									ptations (Pr		
10.							data in R	emarks or	on a separa	te sheet)
				55	=Total Cover		Problematic	Hydrophy	tic Vegetatio	n¹ (Expl	ain)
Woody Vine Stratum	(Plot size	-)			¹ Indicators of hy	dric soil a	nd wetland h	ydrology	must
1							be present, unle	ess disturb	ed or probler	natic.	
2				-	200		Hydrophytic				
				-	=Total Cover		Vegetation			3	
% Bare Ground in He		30					Present?	Yes	No		



Depth	Matrix		Red	lox Featur	es					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type	Loc ²	Texture		Remark	(\$
1-12	10yr 8/3	100					Sandy			
				_	_					
		-			_	_	_			
				-	_	_				
		_			$\overline{}$	_				
IT	on to the D. D. of	- Det	P. L. 131-15	00.0			10000	21	N. New Hills	
	centration, D=Depl					oated Sa	nd Grains.		PL=Pore Lining,	
	dicators: (Applica	ble to all I	LRRs, unless off						for Problematic	
Histosol (A	and the same of th		· ·			atrix (S4)			Muck (A9) (LRR I,	The second second second
Histic Epip	And the second second		-	_Sandy R	CONTRACTOR OF STREET				Prairie Redox (A1	
Black Histi	Section 1		_	Stripped	C. Carrier P.				urface (S7) (LRR	
	Sulfide (A4)		_		COLUMN TO SECULIAR SE	ineral (F1			lains Depression	
	ayers (A5) (LRR F		_		77 6 5 3 W	latrix (F2)			R H outside of I	MLRA 72 & 73)
	(A9) (LRR F, G, F		-	Depleted					ed Vertic (F18)	
	Below Dark Surface	(A11)	_			ace (F6)		_	arent Material (F2	
	Surface (A12)		-			urface (F	7)		hallow Dark Surfa	
the second second second second	cky Mineral (S1)		_	_Redox D					Explain in Rema	
	cky Peat or Peat (\$					ressions (of hydrophytic ve	
5 cm Muck	cy Peat or Peat (S3	(LRR F)		(MLF	A 72 &	73 of LRI	R H)		d hydrology must	
	ne to a							unless	disturbed or prob	ematic.
Restrictive La	ver (if observed):									
	yer (it observed).									
Type:	*** /******* / 5/		_				A.77. E.01		47	- ac a
Type: Depth (incl Remarks:	hes):		ordinary high wate	er			Hydric Soil F	Present?	Yes	No_X
Type:	hes): sand bar at or sligh		ordinary high wate	er			Hydric Soil F	Present?	Yes	No_X
Type: Depth (incl Remarks: Area is a river:	hes): sand bar at or sligh		ordinary high wate	er			Hydric Soil F	Present?	Yes_	No X
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ENG FORM 6116-5, JUL 2018

Summary of Findings

Field investigation was conducted in the vicinity of all areas expected to be disturbed, including both areas where the National Wetlands Inventory indicated possible presence of wetlands and areas where the NWI did not suggest wetland presence.

- West River site wetland exists as indicated by NWI, but is expected to be outside the construction limits, so not
 affected.
- West Island Low Water Crossing Site #1 no wetland suggested by NWI, but evaluated for due diligence, and no wetland found
- West Island Low Water Crossing Site #2 no wetland suggested by NWI, but evaluated for due diligence, and no wetland found
- Mill Race site no wetland suggested by NWI, but a small wetland (under 100 square feet) was found; most of
 this wetland is below the ordinary high-water of the Mill Race but has dry periods long enough to support the
 growth of hydrophytic vegetation. This wetland may be outside the construction disturbance limits of the
 project.
- East Island sand bar site wetland potential suggested by NWI, but field evaluation determined that no wetland is present.

No Action Alternative

Under the No Action Alternative, the damage of the previous flood would go unrepaired. The wetlands which have developed since the last flood would remain intact until the next flood. Wetlands of this nature are subject to being destroyed by floods and reestablishing during the dry periods. The construction does not alter the flooding regime of the river. Since the construction does not change the stream flow the factors which created the wetlands after the last flood will reestablish the after the flood. The No Action Alternative does create an opportunity for future flood events to alter the river area landscape by destroying more of the existing structures and creating new river high water flow patterns between the Ninnescah River and the Mill Race. The effect on the future of wetlands here is unknown.

Proposed Action

No permanent impacts to wetlands are anticipated. Because existing wetlands within the project areas are restricted to areas within or immediately adjacent to existing stream channels, the proposed action could have short-term minor effects on wetlands. The impacts would occur when construction activities might move outside the construction limits. Any construction impacts to wetlands would be mitigated during the next high-water event. The wetlands would reestablish when the river water level recedes.

Additionally, the proposed action would reduce the risk that a major flood event would alter the river channel enough to damage wetland vegetation within and surrounding the project areas; hence, there would be minor, long-term beneficial effects on wetlands.



Appendix B. Ninnescah River Mitigation Study – Mitigation Hydrologic & Hydraulic Report.

This 65-page memorandum is dated March 26, 2022. It was prepared by Charles Loughman, P.E., of Wilson & Company, Inc. Engineers and Architects, and was addressed to FEMA Region VII – Resilience and Infrastructure Branch. It bears an inked impression of Mr. Loughman's Professional Engineer seal, indicating that it is accurate and complete in his professional opinion. This document is comprised of 16 pages of memorandum supplemented by Appendices A through G, including results of a technical model called HEC RAS 2D. HEC RAS stands for Hydrologic Engineering Center's River Analysis System, developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.



Memorandum

To: FEMA Region VII – Resilience and Infrastructure Branch

From: City of Kingman, Kansas; Wilson & Company, Inc., Engineers & Architects

Date: 3/26/2022 **Wilson File Number:** 19-600-505-02

Re: Ninnescah River Mitigation Study – Mitigation Hydrologic & Hydraulic Report

Project Site Description

The City of Kingman, Kansas tasked Wilson & Company with the investigation of the Ninnescah River flood disaster conditions for the Kingman County Fairgrounds for FEMA disaster DR4449 from the Spring 2019 storm events. Before this current disaster the facility has been subject to 3 other disasters:

- DR4287 (2016)
- DR4403 (2018)
- DR4417 (2018)

The basic limits of the project facility / site is from the west end to the east end of the Kingman Mill Race on the south side of Kingman in the Kingman County Activity Center (See Figure 1). Here are the general site location conditions for the facility:

- Approximate Address: 121 South Main Street, Kingman, Kansas 67068
- Location: 0.5-miles south on K-14 from the US-400 / K-14 junction
- Lattitude / Longitude: 37°38'24" N 98°06'58" W



Figure 1: Project Location Map





Generally, the site is the location of the County Fairgrounds and City Park, which primarily contain large areas of flat land with generally uninhabitable structures associated with fair or park activities. The facility is located within a FEMA regulated Zone A6 floodplain for the North Fork Ninnescah River. A FEMA Zone A6 floodplain See Appendix A for the FEMA Federal Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for the location.

The drainage area for the Ninnescah River at Main Street has a drainage area of approximately 440.0 square miles per both the FEMA Flood Insurance Study (FIS) from December 1979 and the current USGS StreamStats measurements. The drainage area closely follows the US-400 corridor and primarily consists of agricultural farmland along with Pratt, KS and other small municipalities. See Figure 2 for a

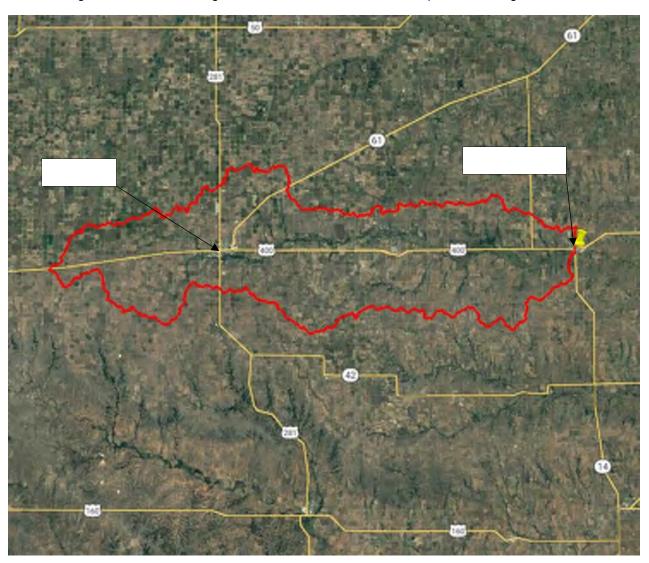


Figure 2: South Fork Ninnescah River Drainage Basin at Kingman, Kansas





Existing Condition Observations - West Site

The Kingman County Fairgrounds, Kingman Park, the Mill Race, and the Ninnescah River are owned and/or maintained by the City of Kingman, Kansas and furthermore will be considered as the Facility. The Facility experienced a major flooding event in spring of 2019, declared by FEMA as a Major Disaster. This disaster caused significant damage to the west 950 feet of the Kingman Park and Fairgrounds. Large amounts of sediment were deposited on the park grounds, sections of sidewalk were damaged, two multi-unit culverts were damaged, and the north bank of the Mill Race was eroded to within 5-feet of the sidewalk in some locations. A previous project was conducted to remove sediment and damaged tree from the facility. As a result, no sediment or tree debris removal will be included in this project.

Wilson & Company staff preformed a survey of the existing facility and rivers. 2012 Elevation and LiDAR data was collected from Kansas Data Access & Support Center (KDASC) and used as Pre-Disaster Conditions for comparison. Based on ground surface or aerial image comparisons and site observations/measurement, the following repairs are required to return the site to pre-disaster conditions (graphical representation of the repairs are shown in the exhibit in Appendix B):

- Station 6+00.00 to Station 8+00.00 Replace 35 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which was washed away during the flood events. Replacement will consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 6" and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing ground.
- Station 7+06.60 to Station 7+87.31 Replace 45 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank, which washed back approximately 5-feet during to flood events. Replacement will consist of a 2:1 slope to existing bank toe at 6.5-feet high.
- Station 8+67.38 to Station 9+94.19 Replace 155 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank, which
 washed back approximately 5-feet during to flood events. Replacement will consist of a 2:1 slope
 to existing bank toe at 6-feet high.
- Station 11+31.17 to Station 12+01.23 Replace 80 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank, which
 washed back approximately 5-feet during to flood events. Replacement will consist of a 2:1 slope
 to existing bank toe at 6-feet high.
- Station 12+50.00 to Station 12+69.08 Replace 50 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk, which
 cracked at several locations due to removal of gravel base by storm events. Replacement will
 consist of 5-feet wide 6" standard KDOT sidewalk concrete.
- Station 12+54.89 to Station 13+30.06 Replace 145 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank, which
 washed back approximately 10-feet during to flood events. Replacement will consist of a 2:1
 slope to existing bank toe at 7-feet high.
- Station 12+96.98 to Station 13+29.19 Replace 2 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which
 was washed away behind the park bench foundation during the flood events. Replacement will
 consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 6" and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing
 ground.
- Station 13+43.16 to Station 13+64.71 Replace 2 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which was washed away behind the park bench foundation during the flood events. Replacement will consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 6" and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing ground.
- Station 13+75.15 to Station 14+00.00 Replace 125 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk, which
 was completed undermined and displaced through the entire length due to removal of gravel
 base by storm events. Replacement will consist of 5-feet wide 6" standard KDOT sidewalk
 concrete.
- Station 15+90.00 to Station 16+50.00 Replace 300 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk, which
 was completed undermined and displaced through the entire length due to removal of gravel
 base by storm events. Replacement will consist of 5-feet wide 6" standard KDOT sidewalk
 concrete.
- Station 20+85.64 to Station 21+08.01 Replace 3 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which was washed away during the flood events. Replacement will consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 6" and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing ground.





- Station 21+03.97 to Station 21+50.00 Replace 670 square feet of 6" Concrete Slope Profection, which was cracked and foundation was undermined during the storm events to the point where the concrete needs to be removed and the base reset to maintain the structural integrity of the concrete. Replacement will consist of 6" standard KDOT sidewalk concrete reinforcing and installation methodology for this slope protection. The slope protection shall also connect with existing culvert end sections.
- Station 21+50.00 to Station 21+95.00 Replace 90 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which was washed away during the flood events. Replacement will consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 5-feet high and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing ground.
- Station 20+85.64 to Station 21+95.00 Replace 550 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk, which
 was completed undermined and displaced through the entire length due to removal of gravel
 base by storm events. Replacement will consist of 5-feet wide 6" standard KDOT sidewalk
 concrete.
- Station 25+35.00 Replace 120 linear feet of 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, which was removed during flood events. Replace with 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe and upstream concrete headwall.
- Station 25+65.00 Replace 20 linear feet of 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, which was removed during flood events. Replace with 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe and Flared End Section on the upstream and downstream side of the culverts.
- Station 25+00.00 to Station 25+95.14 Replace 120 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment, which was washed away during the flood events. Replacement will consist of 3-feet of sidewalk shoulder at 4-feet high and then slope down at a 3:1 side slope to existing ground.
- Station 20+85.64 to Station 21+95.00 Replace 475 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk, which
 was completed undermined and displaced through the entire length due to removal of gravel
 base by storm events. Replacement will consist of 5-feet wide 6" standard KDOT sidewalk
 concrete.

Appendix A provides ground levels photos that depict the existing facility and bank conditions after the 2019 event. Appendix B provides an aerial image of the site layout for improvements to bring the site back to pre-disaster conditions. As shown in the photos, the extent of damage described above is portrayed.

Provide below is a cost estimate for the restoration activities outlined in the above bullet list. The unit prices were obtained from the KDOT statewide bid tab estimates for 2020.

Pre-Disaster Engineer Cost Estimate - West Site

No.	Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	TOTAL PRICE
1	Concrete Removal	245	SY	\$20.00	\$4,900.00
2	Embankment	677	CY	\$ 8.00	\$ 5,416.00
3	6" Concrete Sidewalk	170	SY	\$ 65.00	\$ 11,050.00
4	6" Concrete Slope Protection	75	SY	\$ 65.00	\$ 4,875.00
5	Storm Sewer Pipe (24" CMP)	140	LF	\$ 75.00	\$ 10,500.00
6	6" Concrete Headwall	1	EA	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
7	24" Flared End Sections	2	EA	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 2,000.00
8	Electrical Lighting Conduit	1500	LF	\$ 8.00	\$12,000.00
9	Seeding and Restoration	1	ACR E	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00
	S	Subtotal Prol	oable Col	nstruction Cost	\$ 55,241.00
		Construc	tion Con	tingency (30%)	\$ 16,572.30
	TOTAL PR	OBABLE C	ONSTRU	JCTION COST	\$ 71.813.30





Existing Condition Observations - East Site

The Kingman County Fairgrounds, Kingman Park, the Mill Race, and the Ninnescah River are owned and/or maintained by the City of Kingman, Kansas and furthermore will be considered as the Facility. The Facility experienced a major flooding event in spring of 2019, declared by FEMA as a Major Disaster. This disaster caused significant damage to the west 950 feet of the Kingman Park and Fairgrounds and these damages are captured within the 3/1/2021 Pre-Disaster report for this site. During a site investigation on winter 2021, it was discovered that an additional area of damage had occurred on the eastern portion of the park. The portion of the park in question is location on the southern slope of the Ninnescah River, about 650 feet west of the Ninnescah River and Mill Race confluence.

Based on aerial images (See Figure 2) of the site prior to the disaster, it appears that the slope prior to 2019 has a large tree that is no longer on the slope. This removal of the tree has created a 30-ft hole on the slope that is within 3-feet of impacting the sidewalk and park pond embankment (See Figure 3). If this slope The City has indicated that this hole is continuing to grow along the embankment to impact other sections. The geographical limits of the damage is included in Figure 2 below.



Figure 3: Damage Location Map







Figure 4: Ground Level Photo of the 2021 Slope Conditions

Along with rebuilding the embankment, riprap will need to be replaced on the slope. The image below shows that riprap is located on the slope to protect against the Ninnescah River velocities. The Engineers estimate listed on the next page will outline the requirements to bring the slope back to pre-disaster conditions.



Pre-Disaster Engineer Cost Estimate - East Site

No.	Item Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	TOTAL PRICE
1	Mobilization	1	LS	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
2	Clearing & Grubbing	1	LS	2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00
3	Embankment	240	CY	\$ 10.00	\$ 2,400.00
4	Bank Protection (Stone Riprap)	70	SY	\$ 150.00	\$ 10,500.00
	Sub	total Proba	ble Con	struction Cost	\$ 20,400.00
		Construction	n Conti	ngency (30%)	\$ 6,120.00
	TOTAL PROI	BABLE CO	NSTRU	CTION COST	\$ 26.520.00

Existing Condition Hydrologic Results

Peak discharges were found with both the FEMA FIS report and the USGS StreamStats program, which utilizes the State of Kansas USGS regression equations. Additional peak discharges were found at USGS Stream Gages at Murdock, KS, which is located approximately 22 miles downstream of the facility with approximately 150 additional square miles of drainage area. converted to exceedance frequencies using the USGS PeakFQ program.

Table 1: South Fork Ninnescah River Peak Discharges

	Drainage Area						
Discharge Source	(sq miles)	10-year	50-year	100-year	500-year		
FEMA Flood Insurance Study	440.0	15,600	28,200	34,100	48,900		
USGS StreamStats	441.2	11,600	22,900	28,500	45,700		
USGS Stream Gage near Murdock, KS	597.0	15,730	27,295	32,660	45,925		

Based on direct discharge comparisons between the three calculations/methodologies, the peak discharge from the 1979 FEMA FIS report provides results that are significantly higher than either of the other two methodologies, which could most likely be attributed to using methodologies from over 40 years ago. Therefore, these values should not be used to develop the modeling for this location. When comparing the USGS StreamStats and Stream gage results, you can see that the values match very well on lower-level (10-year) storms when reducing the peak discharge for the Murdock gage based on the drainage area ratio. However, that same methodology does not hold true when looking at the large-level storms as the 500-year discharges are nearly the same for the two methodologies. After looking at other stream gages along the river, it was determined that calibrating the USGS Stream Gage at Murdock, KS to the facility location would result in the most realistic representation of the true Ninnescah River peak discharges. Those peak discharges used in the model are shown below in Table 2.

Table 2: Facility Peak Discharges

	Drainage Area	Peak Discharge (cfs)				
Discharge Source	(sq miles)	10-year	50-year	100-year	500-year	
South Fork Ninnescah River at Main Street in Kingman, Kansas	440.0	11,590	20,120	24,070	33,850	

DR4449 Event Hydrologic Analysis

FEMA disaster declaration DR-4449-KS began in April 28, 2019 and was officially declared a disaster on June 20, 2019. The peak discharge at the Murdock gage during that time was 8,900 cfs, which is significantly lower than the 10-year event discharge. When compared against lower-level storm

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frequencies at this location, the storm frequency for the event within the South Fork of the Ninnescah River more directly aligns with approximately a 5-year storm event from USGS Stream Stats and USGS PeakFQ for the Murdock gage calculations. It will be important to consider that the damage inflicted on this facility was from a 5-year storm and therefore it could be assumed that larger level storm could create significantly larger impacts on the facility.



Existing Condition Hydraulic Modeling

Based on a general overview of the ground surface elevations, it appears that the Mill Race bank quickly overtops at approximately the 2-year event and flows naturally flow across the west end of the park until it discharges into the Ninnescah River. Based on this observation, a HEC-RAS 2-dimensional model was determined to be the most appropriate modeling approach to establishing the existing conditions for the facility and determining the effectiveness of the proposed improvements on the site performance. Additionally, no FEMA digital hydraulic model has been developed for this community so there was not ability to utilize a FEMA product for this location.

The base of the model was a combination of LiDAR and ground surface information. LiDAR was obtained from the Kansas Data Access & Support Center (DASC) that is provided and maintained by the University of Kansas Geological Services. The extents of the LiDAR surface were extensive enough to contain the entire facility and the extents of the existing 100-year floodplain per the current effective. FEMA FIRM. Ground surface and sonar survey was obtained for the South Fork Ninnescah River and the Mill Race from the western to the eastern end of the survey to ensure that the river corridor was accurately modeled after the 2019 storm event as the LiDAR surface doesn't provide ground elevations below the water surface or show more recent channel migrations. The combination of these surfaces were used to establish a 20'x20 grid surface to navigate the water through.

In addition to the LiDAR and survey data, land cover data was gathered from the Natural Resource Conservation Services (NRCS) National Land Cover Database (NLCD) to use as the base for the manning's n values for the model. These values were slightly modified within the channel and some overbank locations to represent the natural conditions of the land cover more accurately. Refinement regions were developed for the channel banks and Main Street to ensure that the embankment stream bottom and roadway overtopping elevations were accurately modeled. Bridges over the Ninnescah River and Mill Race were modeled as SA/2D Connectors using the best available bridge data and elevations.

100-year Model Results/Calibration

After the existing geometry was developed, the existing model geometry was ran using the 10-year, 50-year, and 100-year storm events for the South Fork Ninnescah River discharges that were established in the previous section. The 100-year storm event results were compared against the current effective floodplain elevations at Main Street and the extents as shown on FEMA FIRM. See Appendix A for the FEMA Federal Insurance Rate Map and Appendix D for the 100-year Existing Conditions Model map. The following calibration points were reviewed as part of this process.

- The extent of the current effective floodplain extends to Avenue A to the north and 3rd Street to the south at Main Street. The model floodplain was found to nearly match as the floodplain extends to Avenue A to the north and 3rd Street to the south. The approximate floodplain widths for the current effective and modeled extents are 2,000 feet and 2,200 feet, respectively.
- The elevations upstream and downstream of the Main Street embankment for the current effective floodplain are 1508 and 1505, respectively. The elevations upstream and downstream of the Main Street embankment for the modeled floodplain are approximately 1507.5 and 1505, respectively. While the upstream elevation does not match exactly with the current effective elevation, it was not anticipated that the difference in modeling techniques would be result in the same elevations. However, the close connection in water surface elevations would indicate that the floodplain on a macro scale is being modeled in nearly the same manner.





Proposed Mitigation Improvements

After witnessing 4 disaster events within a 4 year span and reviewing the existing hydraulic modeling for the facility, it became very clear that preventing flooding within the facility was not an option without raising the ground within the facility, providing robust slope protection on those new river banks and significantly impacting the floodplain. Therefore, the next step was to determine the locations that sustained the most damage over the several disasters and provide simple solutions in those locations that would allow flood flows to pass with little damage or future maintenance concerns. The following improvements were determined to provide the most long-term benefit and be the most cost effective for the community. All proposed improvements described in the next sections are shown in detail in Appendix E.

West Park Facility Interior Conditions

The area west of the main Kingman County fairgrounds has sustained the most damage since 2016. Multiple sections of sidewalk, riverbank, and drainage structures have been damaged or removed since 2016. The existing conditions hydraulic model indicates that the water surface during the 100-year event is between 4 to 6 feet deep through the improvement area, which extend from the western point of the facility to nearly 1,000 feet west of the point. Improvements to prevent flooding of this facility where not environmentally or economically feasible for the community for the 100-year event. When looking at the 10-year event in this location, generally depth ranged between 1 foot and 2 feet deep with a portion of the area having depths less than 1 foot. This area of low water surface depth is down in Figure 3 below with a red polygon. At the 10-year event it also became clear that there were three distinct discharge point that help convey discharge from the Mill Race to South Fork Ninnescah River during events larger than the 2-year event. The western location has not drainage structures to convey flow to the river and the eastern 2 locations have a series of 24" corrugated metal pipes to convey the discharge. All these locations were damaged in the 2019 event as the sidewalk and/or culverts were swept away by the river flows. These areas of discharge to the South Fork Ninnescah River are shown in Figure 3 below with yellow pins.



Figure 5: West Park Facility Key Areas of Improvement

The area where the 10-year discharge is not very deep will be raised approximately 2-ft with a sidewalk on top to reduce the risk of storm events below the 10-year from entering the fairground area to damage





those assets. The improvement does not appear to cause any identifiable impact to the 100-year floodplain water surface elevations.

The three discharge areas identified will have either the sidewalk or culvert crossings replaced with low water crossings. The low water crossing is a 12-ft wide concrete paved section of the sidewalk with 3 foot toe walls on either end to reduce the risk of scour and 12 feet of riprap will be placed upstream and downstream of the structure to further reduce the scour risk of the crossing and embankment. The western location will have the sidewalk lowered approximately 2.5 feet to accommodate the low water crossing and the eastern 2 locations will remove the culvert embankment to install the crossings. The sidewalk will be installed ADA compliance to ensure that pedestrian safety is maintained. These low water crossing provide a relatively low maintenance option for the frequent flood conditions as the city staff can easily clean sediment off the path after a flood occurs and monitor the scour conditions to add more riprap as necessary.

West Park Bank Conditions

In addition to improving the interior park conditions on the western portion of the facility, nearly 100 feet of the Ninnescah River south bank and over 900 feet of the Mill Race north bank should be protected as erosion is continuing to encroach on the park facilities in these locations. Ground level photos in Figures 4 and 5 show the disaster conditions from 2019 at the Ninnescah River and Mill Race, respectively.



Figure 6: 2019 South Fork Ninnescah River South Bank Damage Conditions







Figure 7: 2019 Mill Race North Bank Damage Conditions

Velocities within the western 100 feet of the Ninnescah River after splits with the Mill Race exceed 15 feet per second (fps) through the Rocky Dam location due to the slope of the dam at the split. After the western discharge location, the Ninnescah River southern bank moves over 100 feet away from the park sidewalk and the infrastructure is no longer at a high risk of failure from the main river channel velocities. Due to the high velocities through the Rock Dam location, the 100 feet after the split need to be protected with rock riprap to provide substantial reduced risk of future erosion along the embankment. Riprap placement would be similar to the riprap that was place at the point in 2017 as that design has held up well to the flow conditions of the Ninnescah River.

Velocities within the Mill Race after splits with the Ninnescah River are all less than 9 fps for the first 1,000 feet of the channel after the split. After the first 1,000 feet, the channel velocities reduce further to all being less than 8 fps, the sidewalk pulls further away from the river bank, and the erosion risk due to bank overtopping is significantly reduced. Due to the bank overtopping frequency of storm events larger than the 2-year event, the bank will be protected with a combination of a riprap stone protection at the toe of the slope to reduce the risk for future erosion from undermining the improvements and a vegetated geogrid slope with native slope plantings to stabilize the slope above the ordinary high water mark. The lower velocities within the Mill Race channel allows for this more environmentally advantageous bank protection. The goal for the overall bank slope would be to maintain the past slope conditions of approximately 1.5:1, which were obtained from the LiDAR before the disaster. No upstream water surface increases from these improvements are anticipated as the channel bank overtops at the 2-year event.

East Overbank Grading

The east overbank grading improvements is located on the South Fork Ninnescah River south bank in between 250 feet and 1,200 feet downstream of the Main Street bridge. Nearly 25% of this overbank has seen elevation increases of 0.5 feet to 4 feet from 2012 to 2019. Most all the increases are found on the eastern portion of the overbank as can be seen in Figure 6 below. In addition to the elevation increases, there has been an increase in heavy timber vegetation in the overbank that is changing the overbank manning's n values. The overbank is proposed to be graded down approximately 1.5 feet across the overbank and seeded with native vegetation to assist with a consistent elevation and manning's n value in the overbank to ensure that flow backups are not created in the future.



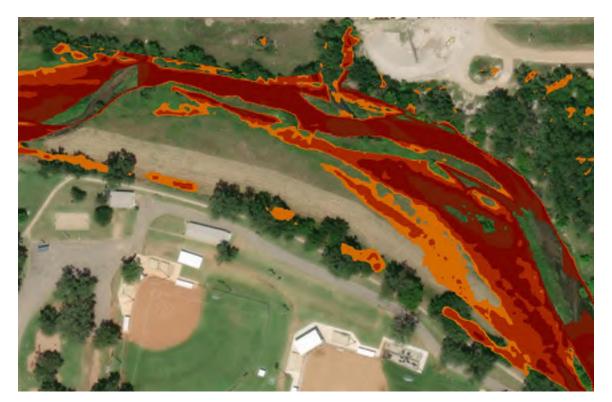


Figure 8: Overbank Elevation Increases

The overbank grading impacts to the Ninnescah River hydraulics a dependent on the size of the storm event. Floodplain impacts associated with the 100-year event show water surface decreases in the South Fork Ninnescah River between 0.05 feet than 0.15 feet between the downstream face of the Main Street bridge to approximately 1,000 feet downstream of the bridge. However, the floodplain impacts associated with the 10-year event show water surface decreases in the South Fork Ninnescah River between 0.05 feet and 0.20 feet between the 150 feet upstream of the Main Street bridge to approximately 1,200 feet downstream of the bridge. Additional water surface decreases are found on the South Fork Ninnescah River upstream of these limits throughout the project but these decreases are less than 0.05 feet. All floodplain impact comparisons can be found in Appendix G.

While the impacts are relatively localized to the section of the river between the bridge and 1,200 feet downstream for larger storm events (100-year and 50-year events), floodplain impacts associated with these improvements for lower-level events (similar to the DR4449 peak discharges) show that more efficient flow through this area of the channel would provide water surface decreases for the South Fork Ninnescah River from the western to eastern edge of the facility through sediment removal and appropriate vegetation cover.

These improvements are as much to ensure that overbank conditions do not get progressively worse over the years as it is to improve the current conditions. The improvements will allow the City to more easily and frequently monitor the overbank to ensure that conditions are maintained on a recurring basis. An inspection and maintenance schedule will be developed for post-grading to ensure that overbank conditions are maintained in the future.

East River Bank Stabilization

While not originally included in the damaged area for this disaster, it was discovered that this area of the South Ninnescah River bank was in danger of failure in the future. After walking the South Ninnescah River bank from western edge to eastern edge of the facility, it was observed that a nearly 300 foot portion of the South Ninnescah River bank is significantly encroaching on the embankment for the Riverside





Park pond on the eastern portion of the facility. Aerial images from 2016, shown in Figure 7, show that significant large trees were established on the bank with at least 6-ft of distance between the northern edge of the sidewalk and the top of bank. Ground level photos from 2021, shown in Figure 8, show that a large portion of the bank has either been removed by the removal of a tree with large roots or erosion and the top of bank is now within 3 feet of the edge of sidewalk. Outside of this being a pedestrian safety hazard, there is significant concern that the existing pond embankment would be breached is this embankment were to fail.



Figure 9: 2016 Aerial Image of the Eastern Bank Stabilization Conditions





Figure 10: 2021 Ground Level Photos at Eastern End of Eastern Bank Conditions

The proposed improvement to stabilize this bank would be to use a combination of a longitudinal peaked stone toe protection (LPSTP) at the toe of the slope to reduce the risk for future erosion from undermining the improvements and a vegetated geogrid slope with native slope plantings to stabilize the slope above the ordinary high water mark. The velocities within the channel section are between 7 fps and 10 fps. The LPSTP improvements below the ordinary high water mark would help to reduce the risk for toe erosion in the future where the velocities would be the highest and the vegetate geogrid slope will be able to withstand the lower velocities along the upper bank. The goal for the overall bank slope would be to maintain the past slope conditions of approximately 1.5:1 to 2:1, which were obtained from the LiDAR before the disaster. Any potential upstream water surface increases from these improvements would be mitigated by the channel overbank grading immediately upstream of the location.



Future Facility Maintenance

Overall, the entire facility from western to eastern end along both the Ninnescah River and Mill Race banks need to be inspected and photo documents annually in January and May to ensure that all river bank erosion conditions are documents and addressed. The following future maintenance activities are anticipated to ensure the proposed improvements are properly maintained:

- Sidewalk and Low Water Crossings Sidewalk embankments and low water crossings will
 require annual inspections in January and May at a minimum to assess and document current
 conditions. Additional inspections will also be required after every storm event that overtops the
 Mill Race bank. Anticipated maintenance activities include cleaning sediment off pavement
 annual or after every storm event over a 2-year frequency. Based on annual or storm
 inspections, additional rock riprap may be required where riprap is displaced, or additional scour
 has occurred in these locations.
- Ninnescah River Western Bank Improvements The western Ninnescah River southern bank will require annual inspections in January and May at a minimum to assess and document current conditions. Additional inspections will also be required after every storm event at or above the 5-year event. Based on annual or storm inspections, additional rock riprap may be required where riprap is replaced or additional scour has occurred in these locations.
- Mill Race Western Bank Improvements The western Mill Race northern bank will require
 annual inspections in January and May at a minimum to assess and document current
 conditions. Additional inspections will also be required after every storm event that overtops the
 Mill Race bank. Based on annual or storm inspections, additional rock riprap at the toe,
 vegetation reestablishment, or geogrid replacement may be required where bank is displaced,
 or additional scour has occurred in these locations.
- East Overbank Grading The eastern overbank location will require inspections every 3 months to ensure that sediment accumulation and vegetation overgrowth are documented. Period surveys of the overbank may be required if it is determined that new sediment accumulation is developing within the overbank. After substantial native vegetation can be established in the overbank, monthly mowing from April through October will be required to eliminate the heavy tree and vegetation growth that would reduce the floodplain capacity.
- Ninnescah River Eastern Bank Improvements The eastern Ninnescah River southern bank will require annual inspections in January and May at a minimum to assess and document current conditions. Additional inspections will also be required after every storm event after every storm event at or above the 5-year event. Based on annual or storm inspections, additional rock riprap at the toe, vegetation reestablishment, or geogrid replacement may be required where bank is displaced, or additional scour has occurred in these locations.





Appendix A: FEMA Federal Insurance Rate Map

Appendix B: Existing Ground Level Photos

Appendix C: Site Layout Exhibit

Appendix D: Existing Condition HEC-RAS 2D Results

Appendix E: Proposed Improvement Plan

Appendix F: Proposed Condition HEC-RAS 2D Results

Appendix G: HEC-RAS 2D Results Comparison

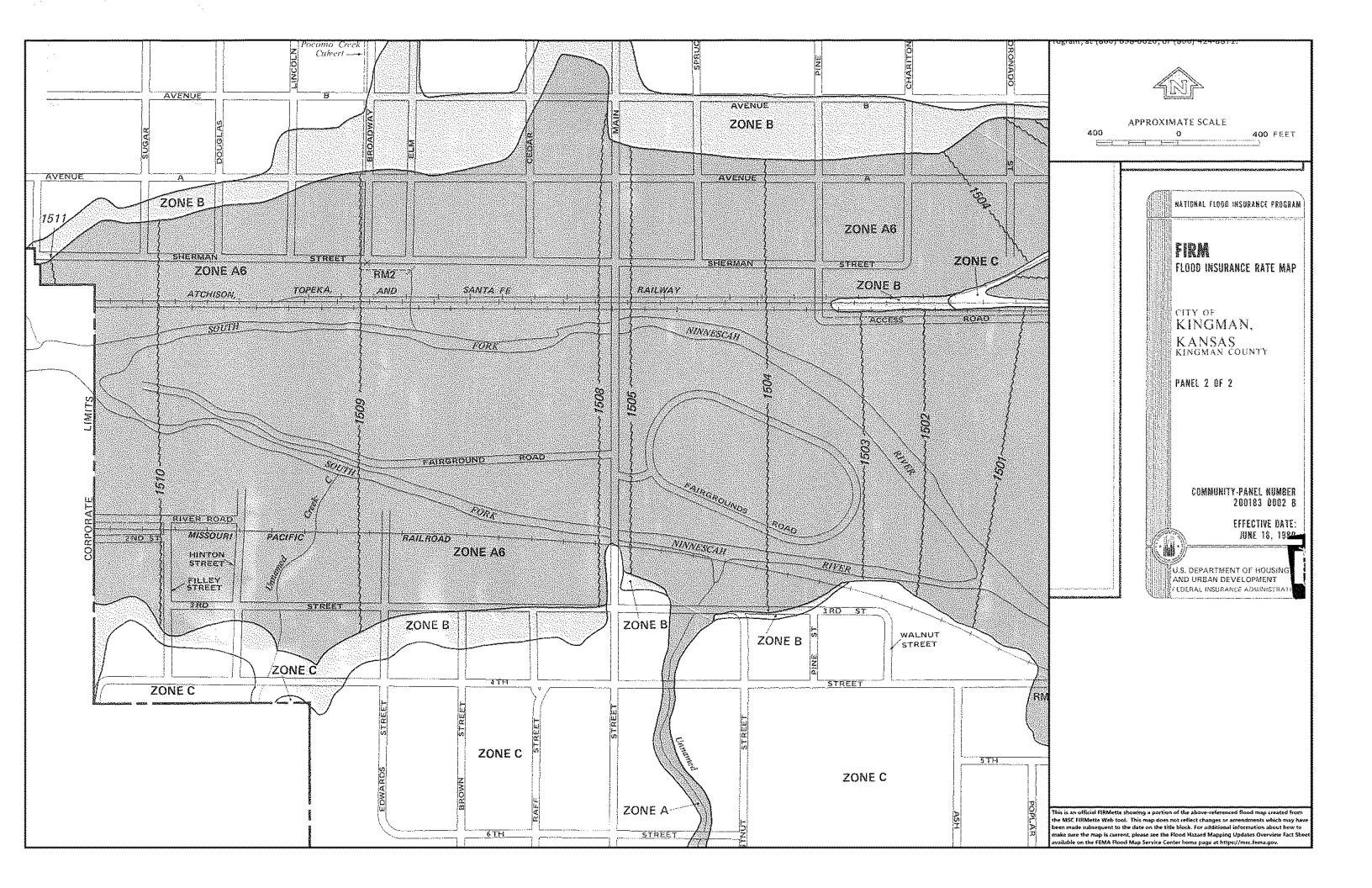




Appendix A

FEMA Federal Insurance Rate Map







Appendix B

Existing Ground Level Photos







Photo 1
Station 6+00.00 to Station 8+00.00
Replace 35 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment







Photo 2
Station 7+06.60 to Station 7+87.31
Replace 45 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank







Photo 3
Station 8+67.38 to Station 9+94.19
Replace 155 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank







Photo 4
Station 11+31.17 to Station 12+01.23
Replace 80 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank







Photo 5
Station 12+50.00 to Station 12+69.08
Replace 50 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk





Photo 6
Station 12+54.89 to Station 13+30.06
Replace 145 cubic yards of Mill Race North Bank





Photo 7
Station 12+96.98 to Station 13+29.19
Replace 2 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment







Photo 8
Station 13+43.16 to Station 13+64.71
Replace 2 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment





Photo 9
Station 13+75.15 to Station 14+00.00
Replace 125 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk







Photo 10
Station 15+90.00 to Station 16+50.00
Replace 300 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk





Photo 11
Station 20+85.64 to Station 21+08.01
Replace 3 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment





Photo 12
Station 21+03.97 to Station 21+50.00
Replace 670 square feet of 6" Concrete Slope Protection
Replace 90 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment
Replace 550 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk







Photo 13
Station 25+35.00
Replace 120 linear feet of 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe with Concrete Headwall





Photo 14Station 25+65.00

Replace 20 linear feet of 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe with Flared End Sections







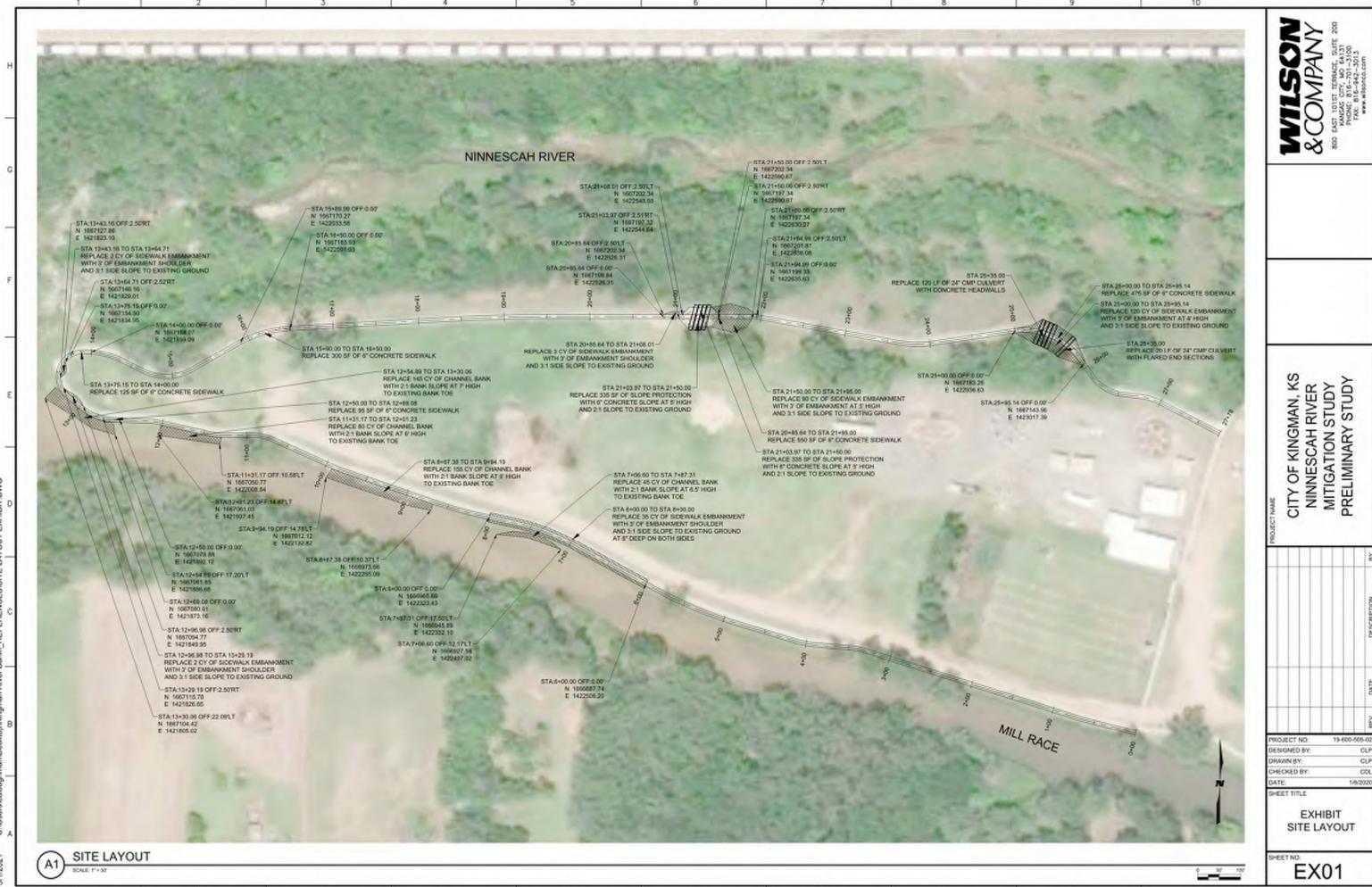
Photo 15
Station 25+00.00 to Station 25+95.14
Replace 120 cubic yards of Sidewalk Embankment
Replace 475 square feet of 6" Concrete Sidewalk



Appendix C

Pre-Disaster Site Layout Exhibit





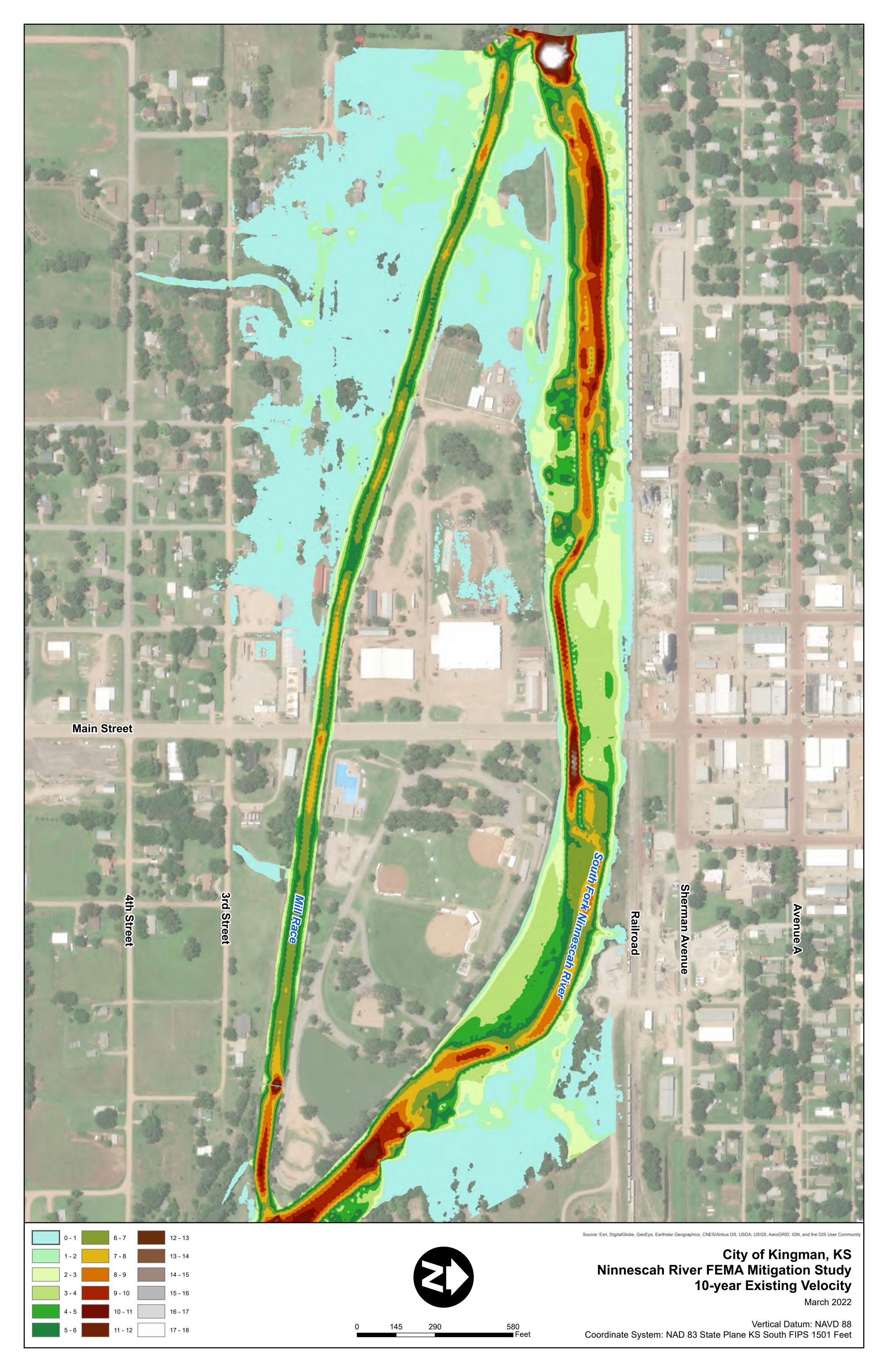
CLP COL

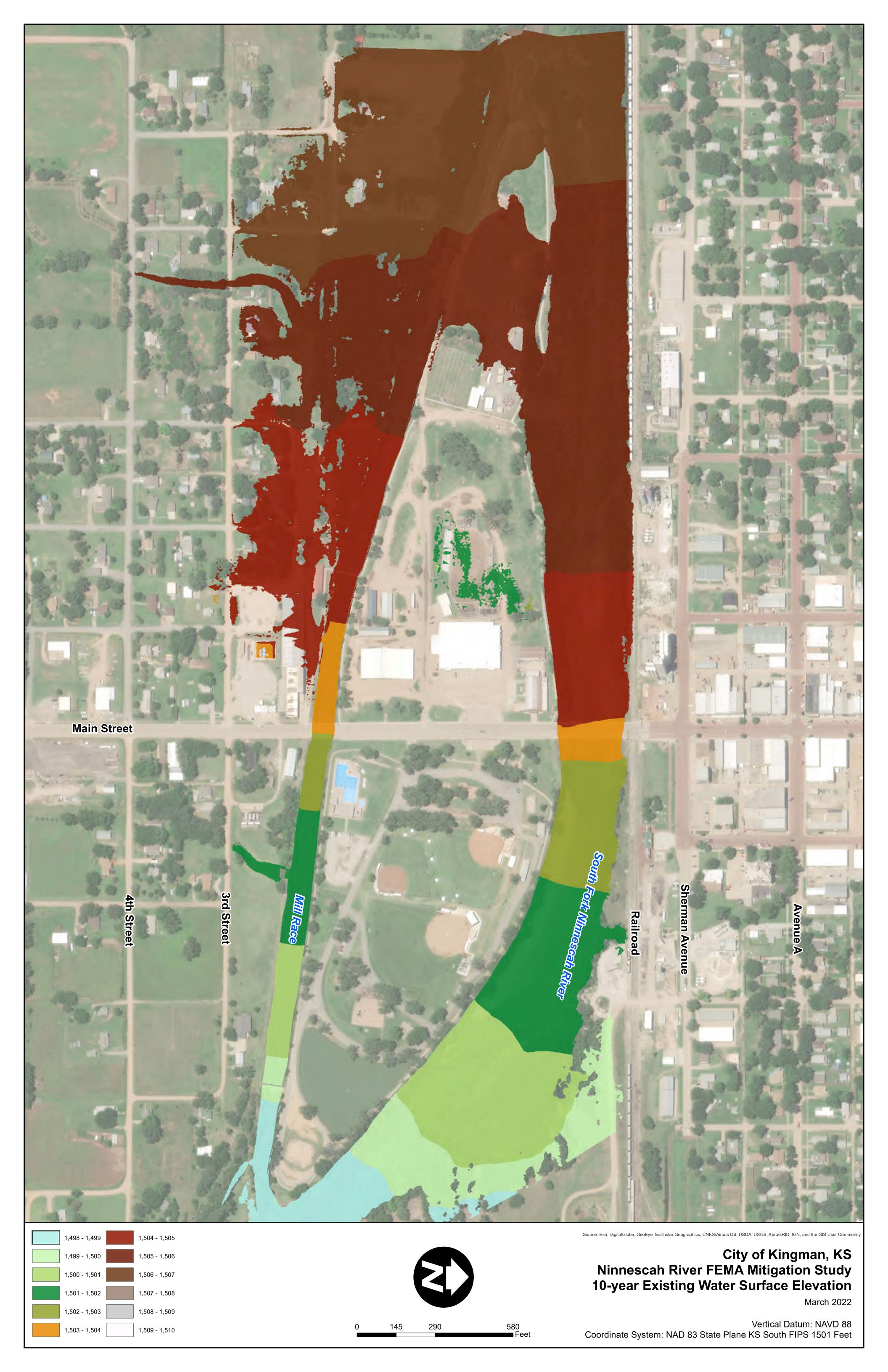


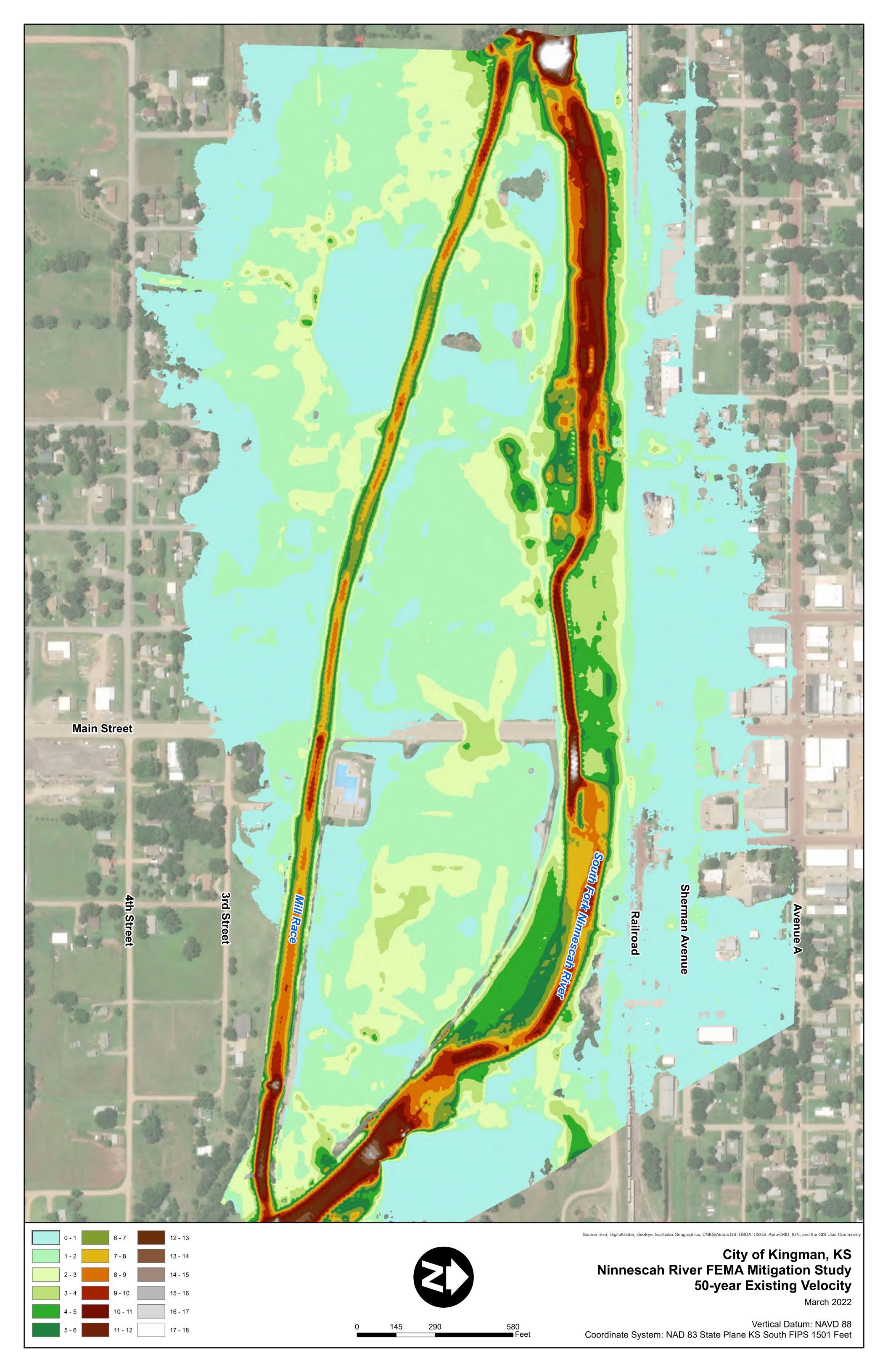
Appendix D

Existing Conditions HEC-RAS 2D Results

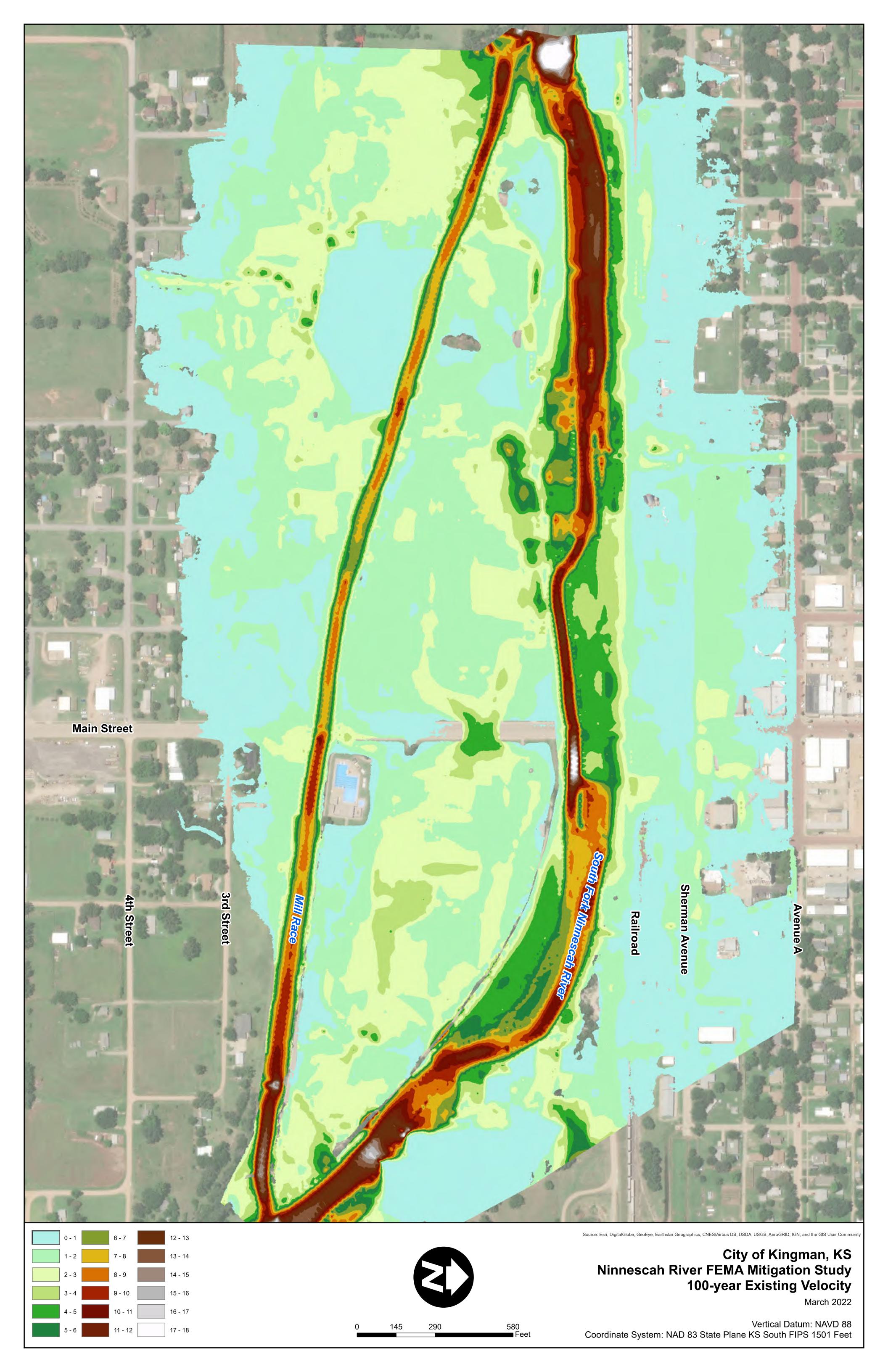
















Appendix E

Proposed Improvement Plan



2022 FEMA PROJECT

NINNESCAH RIVER BANK STABILIZATION CITY OF KINGMAN, KANSAS



PROJECT MAP

ENGINEER & AGENCY CONTACTS

WILSON & COMPANY, INC., ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS CHARLES LOUGHMAN, P.E. (816) 701-3117 Charles.Loughman@wilsonco.com

CITY OF KINGMAN, KANSAS GREG GRAFFMAN, INTERIM CITY MANAGER (620) 532-3111 graffman@cityofkingman.com

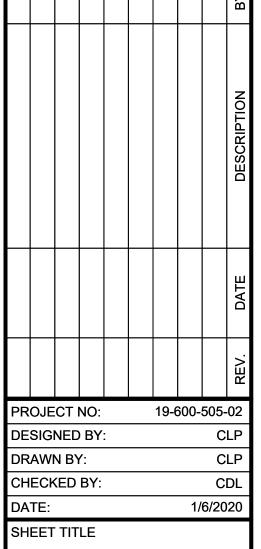
SHEET INDEX

SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE
1	COVER SHEET
2	GENERAL NOTES
3	WEST SITE PLAN
4	EAST SITE PLAN
5	CONSTRUCTION DETAIL

ENGINEER APPROVAL

PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION FOR AND ON THE BEHALF OF WILSON & COMPANY, INC., ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS

CHARLES D. LOUGHMAN, P.E. DATE



COVER

SHEET NO:

GENERAL NOTES & SPECIFICATIONS

SCOPE OF WORK: THE WORK TO BE COMPLETED UNDER THESE REPAIRS SHALL INCLUDE THE PROJECT AS DEPICTED ON THESE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL INCLUDE ALL EQUIPMENT, LABOR, AND MATERIALS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION AS WELL AS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CONTROL OF WATER DURING CONSTRUCTION, PROTECTION OF ADJACENT IMPROVEMENTS, IMPORT OR EXPORT OF EARTHEN MATERIALS, REMOVAL OF ALL WASTE MATERIALS FROM THE SITE. AND RECLAMATIONS OF THE AREAS OF THE SITES DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION PROCEDURES WILL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN SPECIAL PROVISIONS, SUPPLEMENTAL TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, THE PLANS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER.

THE CONTRACTOR'S SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER FOR TESTING AND OBSERVATION AS ESTABLISHED AT THE PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE AND AS REQUIRED BY THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF ALL SUBMITTALS AND CERTIFICATIONS TO THE OWNER FOR APPROVAL A MINIMUM OF ONE (1) WEEKS PRIOR TO THE ORDERING OF MATERIALS. THE SUBMITTALS SHALL BE MADE AS ELECTRONIC PDF FILES.

ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY THE OWNER. THE OWNER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT OR REJECT MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP THAT DO NOT CONFORM TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING ANY OTHER AFFECTED UTILITY AGENCIES (OR THE LOCATING AGENCY) 72 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR UTILITY LOCATING.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE ONE (1) SIGNED COPY OF THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL

THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO OBTAIN THE NECESSARY CONSTRUCTION PERMITS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK INCLUDING PREPARATION OF A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN, WHICH SHALL BE KEPT ON SITE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT THE WORK IN A SAFE AND WORKMANLIKE MANNER, AND SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL REGULATIONS REGARDING HEALTH AND SAFETY. PARTICULARLY INCLUDING THOSE PERTAINING TO EXCAVATION AND TRENCHING.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR RESETTING ANY LAND MONUMENTS AND/OR PROPERTY CORNERS DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ANY MONUMENTS TO BE RESET WILL BE DONE UNDER THE DIRECT SUPERVISION OF A KANSAS REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN AND BE FAMILIAR WITH ALL REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN COPIES OF ALL LATEST EDITIONS OF ALL DESIGN STANDARDS CRITERIA AND SPECIFICATIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. A COPY OF THESE DOCUMENTS SHALL REMAIN ONSITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, COUNTY, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES INCLUDING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION. FOR INFORMATION CONTACT UNDERGROUND LOCATORS AT 1-316-687-2470. THE UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THESE PLANS REPRESENTS THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION COMPILED TO THIS DATE. NO UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS OR SURFACE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES HAVE BEEN PERFORMED.

DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, AND LOCATION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES, PIPELINES, AND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE. THERE MAY BE OTHER STRUCTURES, PIPELINES, UTILITIES, ETC., NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS WHICH PRESENTLY EXIST IN THE AREA OF CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER AND/OR OWNER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING AND PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES, PIPELINES, UTILITIES, ETC. WITHIN THE PROJECT SITE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL, AT HIS EXPENSE, REPAIR ANY UTILITIES DISTURBED OR DISRUPTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

THE QUANTITY OF MATERIALS STORED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE LIMITED, AS MUCH AS PRACTICAL, TO THAT QUANTITY REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE WORK IN AN ORDERLY SEQUENCE. ALL MATERIAL STORED ON-SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER, IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS, WITH ORIGINAL MANUFACTURE'S LABELS. MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE STORED IN A LOCATION WHERE THEY MAY BE CARRIED BY STORMWATER RUNOFF INTO A STATE WATER AT ANY TIME.

SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTAINMENT MEASURES SHALL BE USED AT STORAGE, AND EQUIPMENT FUELING AND SERVICING AREAS TO PREVENT THE POLLUTION OF ANY STATE WATERS OR WETLANDS. ALL SPILLS SHALL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY. OR CONTAINED UNTIL APPROPRIATE CLEANUP METHODS CAN BE EMPLOYED. MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDED METHODS OF SPILL CLEANUP SHALL BE FOLLOWED, ALONG WITH PROPER DISPOSAL METHODS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR THE SITE THAT IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE CONTRACTOR'S PLAN FOR PERFORMING THE WORK. THE PLAN SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY OF KINGMAN. THIS PLAN SHALL BE FOLLOWED IN THE EXECUTION OF THE WORK, AND A COPY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE.

IN NO CASE SHALL CONCRETE/GROUT OR CONCRETE/GROUT WASHWATER BE POURED IN FLOWING WATER.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DEWATERING AND WATER CONTROL REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT IMPROVEMENTS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT THE PROJECT IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT INCREASE THE RISK OF FLOODING OR EROSION DAMAGE TO ADJACENT FACILITIES.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTION OF ALL PARTIALLY COMPLETED AND COMPLETED WORK UNTIL ACCEPTANCE BY THE OWNER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FENCING CLOSURE ACROSS THE EXISTING TRAIL AT THE NORTH AND SOUTH ENDS OF THE PROJECT AREA TO HARDEN THE TRAIL CLOSURE. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FENCING CLOSURE AROUND ACTIVE WORK ZONES. THE CITY PARKS STAFF WILL PROVIDE "TRAIL CLOSED" SIGNS FOR EACH END.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ALL DAMAGE TO THE EXISTING TRAILS CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTORS USE OF THE TRAILS. SUCH REPAIRS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO BID ITEMS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE THAT THE WORK ZONES OF THIS PROJECT ARE WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOOD HAZARD ZONE.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND PERMITTING SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. ALL WORK SHALL BE PLANNED AND IMPLEMENTED TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION. AND TO MINIMIZE THE TIME OF WORK IN THE CREEK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE KANSAS CITY METRO APWA DESIGN MANUAL.

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO THE EARTHWORK OPERATIONS THEY PROVIDE CONTROL FOR. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL PROTECT PROPERTIES, WETLANDS, WILDLIFE HABITAT, DOWN STREAM WATER COURSE AND PUBLIC FACILITIES FROM THE ADVERSE EFFECTS OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION AND EARTHWORKS ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE PROJECT SITE.

ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT ARE NOT PAVED SHALL BE REVEGETATED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS OR DIRECTION BY THE OWNER.

ALL EARTH DISTURBANCES SHALL BE DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED AND COMPLETED IN SUCH A MANNER SO THAT THE EXPOSED AREA OF ANY DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME.

ANY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT FACILITY DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF STORMWATER AROUND, THROUGH, OR FROM THE EARTH DISTURBANCE AREA SHALL BE DESIGNED AND PROTECTED TO MINIMIZE EROSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH KANSAS CITY METRO APWA DESIGN MANUAL.

NO PERSON SHALL CAUSE. PERMIT. OR CONTRIBUTE TO THE DISCHARGE THAT COULD CAUSE THE CITY OF KINGMAN TO BE IN VIOLATION OF ANY LOCAL, STATE, OR FEDERAL STORMWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS.

THE CONTRACTOR, AND/OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, DIRT, TRASH, ROCK, SEDIMENT, AND SAND THAT MAY ACCUMULATE IN THE STORM SEWER OR OTHER DRAINAGE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM AND STORMWATER APPURTENANCES AS A RESULT OF SITE CONSTRUCTION.

ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES INCLUDING BMP'S AND ALL PERMANENT FACILITIES INTENDED TO CONTROL EROSION OF ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATIONS, SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DEFINED IN THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE EARTH DISTURBANCE OPERATION.

PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL SLOPES, CHANNELS, DITCHES OR ANY DISTURBED LAND AREA SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING, OR FINAL EARTH DISTURBANCE, HAS BEEN COMPLETED. DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WHICH ARE NOT AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT FOR LONGER THAN 30 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE MULCHED WITHIN 21 DAYS AFTER INTERIM GRADING. AN AREA THAT IS GOING TO REMAIN IN AN INTERIM STATE FOR MORE THAN 60 DAYS SHALL ALSO BE SEEDED AND BLANKETED AS REQUIRED. ALL TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND BMP'S SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT SOIL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN ADEQUATE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PROJECT WORK.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSPECTED REGULARLY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND AFTER EVERY STORMWATER RUNOFF EVENT. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED CONTINUOUSLY AS REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

DEWATERING AND TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FOR CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE STREAM BED SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE, COUNTY, CITY, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO INSTALL VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL (VTC) AT ACCEPTABLE LOCATIONS OF THE PROJECT INGRESS AND EGRESS IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT FROM THE SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN SEDIMENT FREE SURFACES ON ALL SURROUNDING ROADWAYS AND PAVED PARKING LOTS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROMPT CLEANUP OF ANY SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREETS AND PARKING LOTS FROM THE PROJECT AREA.

TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL FLOW SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND EARTH DISTURBING WORK PERFORMED IN THE ACTIVE STREAM BED.

GRADING ACTIVITIES ADJACENT TO THE ACTIVE STREAM BED SHALL BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES SPILLAGE OF SOIL INTO THE ACTIVE STREAM.

GRAVEL FILTRATION PACKS OR OTHER APPROPRIATE FILTRATION OR SETTLING METHODS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO MINIMIZE SEDIMENT CONTENT IN PUMPAGE FROM DEWATERING OR DIVERSION ACTIVITIES.

FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE KANSAS CITY METRO APWA DESIGN CRITERIA.

A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWMP) SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE CITY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED TO REFLECT CURRENT CONDITIONS THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.

SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING MIX AND SEEDING RATE.

EARTHWORK

TEMPORARY EXCAVATION SLOPES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH O.S.H.A REQUIREMENTS.

WATER FOR COMPACTION WILL NOT BE MEASURED AND PAID SEPARATELY, BUT WILL BE INCLUDED IN ALL EARTHWORK.

WATER WILL BE USED AS A DUST PALLIATIVE WHERE REQUIRED. LOCATIONS WILL BE AS ORDERED BY THE OWNER. WATER WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY, BUT WILL BE SUBSIDIARY TO EARTHWORK.

VEGETATED SLOPE PLANTING

ROOT PRODUCTION METHOD (RPM) VEGETATION SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR ALL PLANTINGS ASSOCIATED WITH THE VEGETATED GEOGRID SLOPE. RPM STOCK MUST BE GROWN FROM LOCALLY ADAPTED SEED OR CUTTING OF KNOWN ORGIN AND HEIGHT AND CALIPER STANDARDS LISTED IN THE NRCS KANSAS FORESTRY TECHNICAL NOTES KS-9.

QUANTITIES

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT
1	Mobilization	1	LS
2	Construction Staking	1	LS
3	Clearing and Grubbing	1	LS
4	Demolition (Concrete Sidewalk)	1370	SF
5	Excavation	7660	CY
6	Embankment (Contractor Furnished)	2910	CY
7	6" Concrete Sidewalk	8155	SF
8	Bank Protection (Stone Riprap)	830	SY
9	Granular Filter	830	SY
10	Filter Fabric	830	SY
11	Geogrid Reinforcement	2343	SY
12	Erosion Control Fabric	8412	SY
13	Grade Control Rock (D50=24")	580	CY
14	LPSTP Rock (D50=24")	1020	CY
15	Vegetated Slope Planting	1175	SY
16	Lightpole	5	EACH
17	Lighting Conduit	500	LF
18	Erosion Control	6	AC
19	Seeding and Restoration	6	AC

ABBREVIATIONS

OC = ON CENTER BOW = BOTTOM OF WALL OS = OFFSET CL = CENTERLINE PC = POINT OF CURVATURE CLR = CLEAR PRC = POINT OF REVERSE CURVATURE CP = CONTROL POINT PT = POINT OF TANGENCY CY = CUBIC YARD PVC = POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE DIA = DIAMETER R = RADIUS DS = DOWNSTREAM RCP = REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE ELEV = ELEVATION RT = RIGHT FG = FINISHED GRADE SF = SQUARE FOOT FL = FLOW LINE STA = STATION GB = GRADE BREAK SY = SQUARE YARD INV = INVERT TBC = TOP BACK OF CURB L = LENGTH TOB = TOP OF BOULDER/TOP OF BOX LT = LEFT TOS = TOP OF SLOPE LF = LINEAR FOOT

TOW = TOP OF WALL MAINT= MAINTENANCE TYP = TYPICAL MAX = MAXIMUMUS = UPSTREAM MH = MANHOLE

WSE = WATER SURFACE ELEVATION MIN = MINIMUM

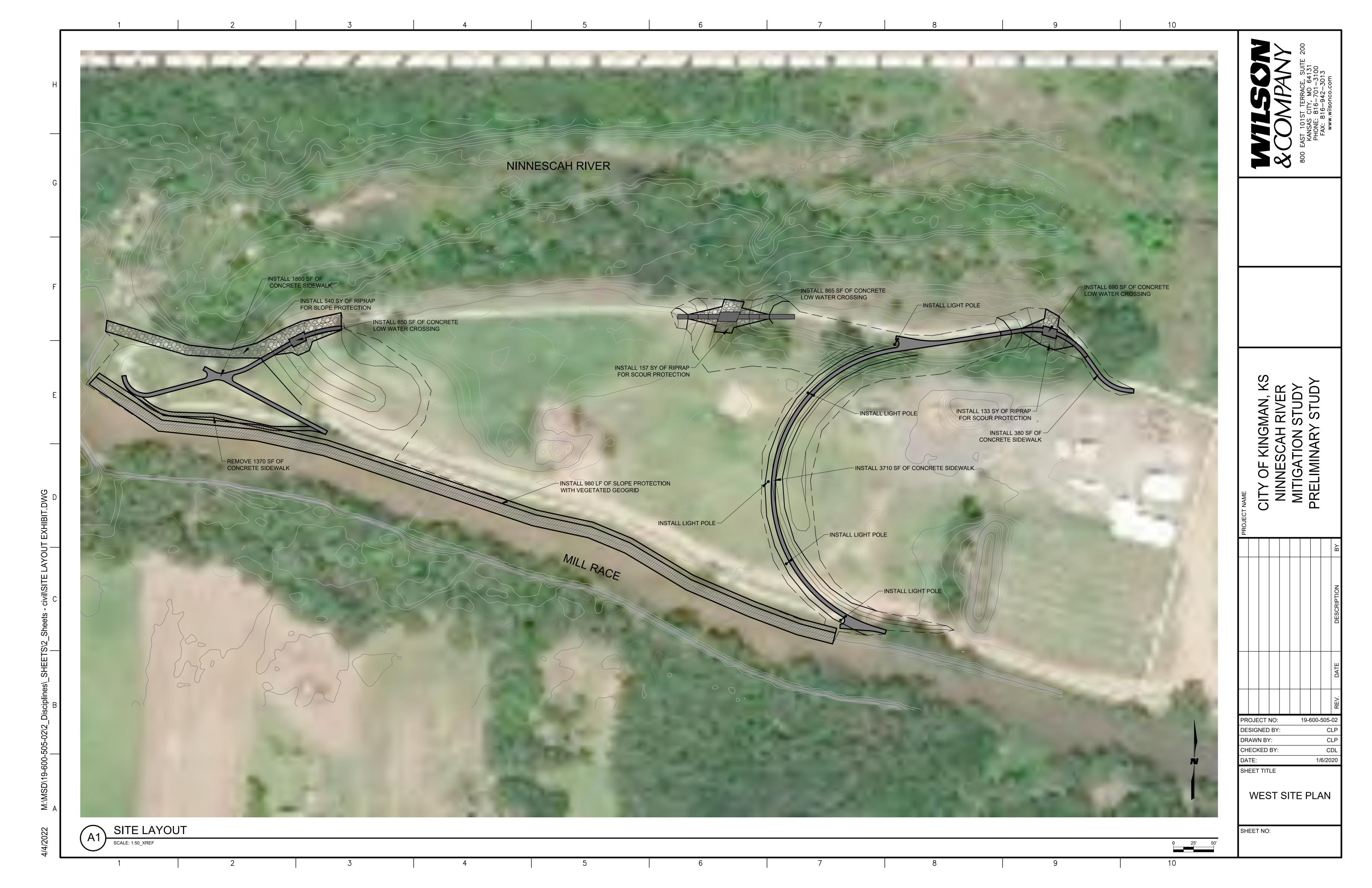
YR = YEAR

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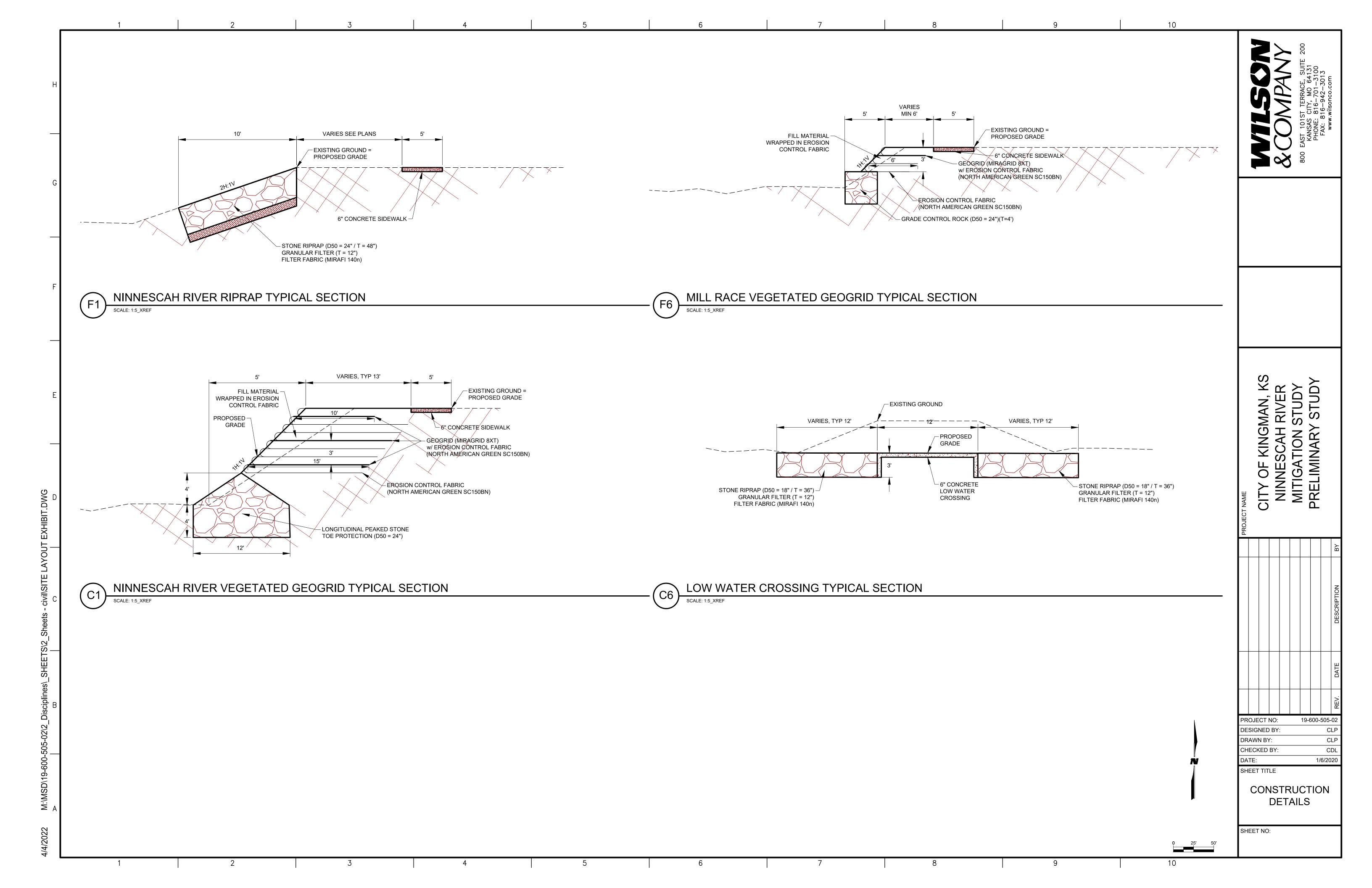
PROJECT NO: 19-600-505-02 **DESIGNED BY:** CLP DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: 1/6/2020

SHEET TITLE COVER

SHEET NO:







ENGINEERS ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST NINNESCAH RIVER BANK STABLIZATION MITIGATION CITY OF KINGMAN, KANSAS

Estimators: CDLoughman Date: 4/5/2022

Stage: Preliminary

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE
1	Mobilization	1	LS	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
2	Construction Staking	1	LS	\$2,500.00	\$2,500
3	Clearing and Grubbing	1	LS	\$15,000.00	\$15,000
4	Demolition (Concrete Sidewalk)	1370	SF	\$3.00	\$4,110
5	Excavation	7660	CY	\$5.00	\$38,300
6	Embankment (Contractor Furnished)	2910	CY	\$10.00	\$29,100
7	6" Concrete Sidewalk	8155	SF	\$10.00	\$81,550
8	Bank Protection (Stone Riprap)	830	SY	\$100.00	\$83,000
9	Granular Filter	830	SY	\$15.00	\$12,450
10	Filter Fabric	830	SY	\$5.00	\$4,150
11	Geogrid Reinforcement	2343	SY	\$10.00	\$23,430
12	Erosion Control Fabric	8412	SY	\$5.00	\$42,060
13	Grade Control Rock (D50=24")	580	CY	\$125.00	\$72,500
14	LPSTP Rock (D50=24")	1020	CY	\$150.00	\$153,000
15	Vegetated Slope Planting	1175	SY	\$20.00	\$23,500
16	Lightpole	5	EACH	\$4,000.00	\$20,000
17	Lighting Conduit	500	LF	\$25.00	\$12,500
18	Erosion Control	6	AC	\$2,000.00	\$12,000
19	Seeding and Restoration	6	AC	\$1,500.00	\$9,000



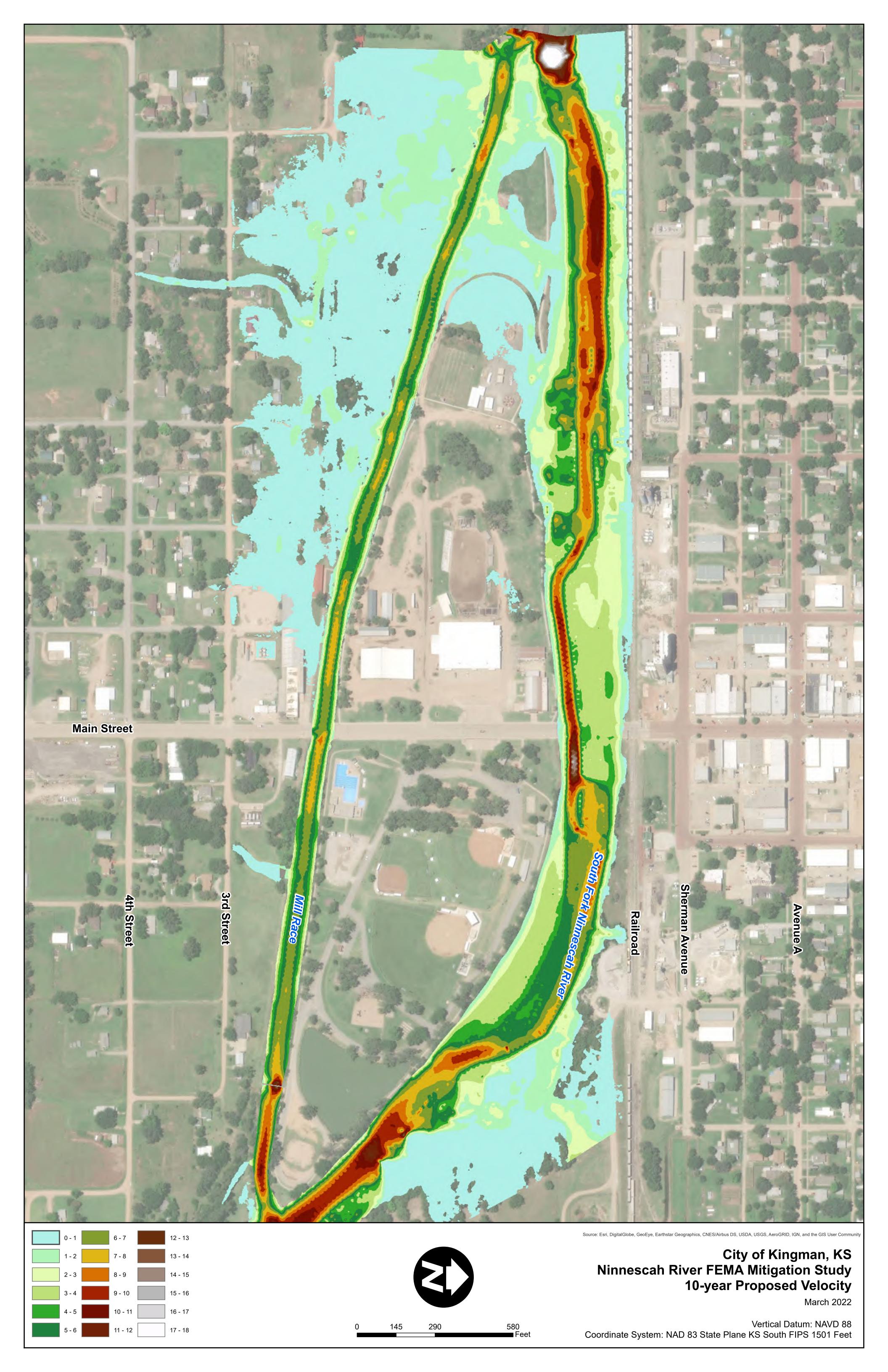
Total Probable Construction Cost
Construction Contingency (20%)
Environmental Assessment
Engineering & Administration
TOTAL PROJECT COST
\$648,150
\$129,630
\$100,000
\$80,000
\$957,780

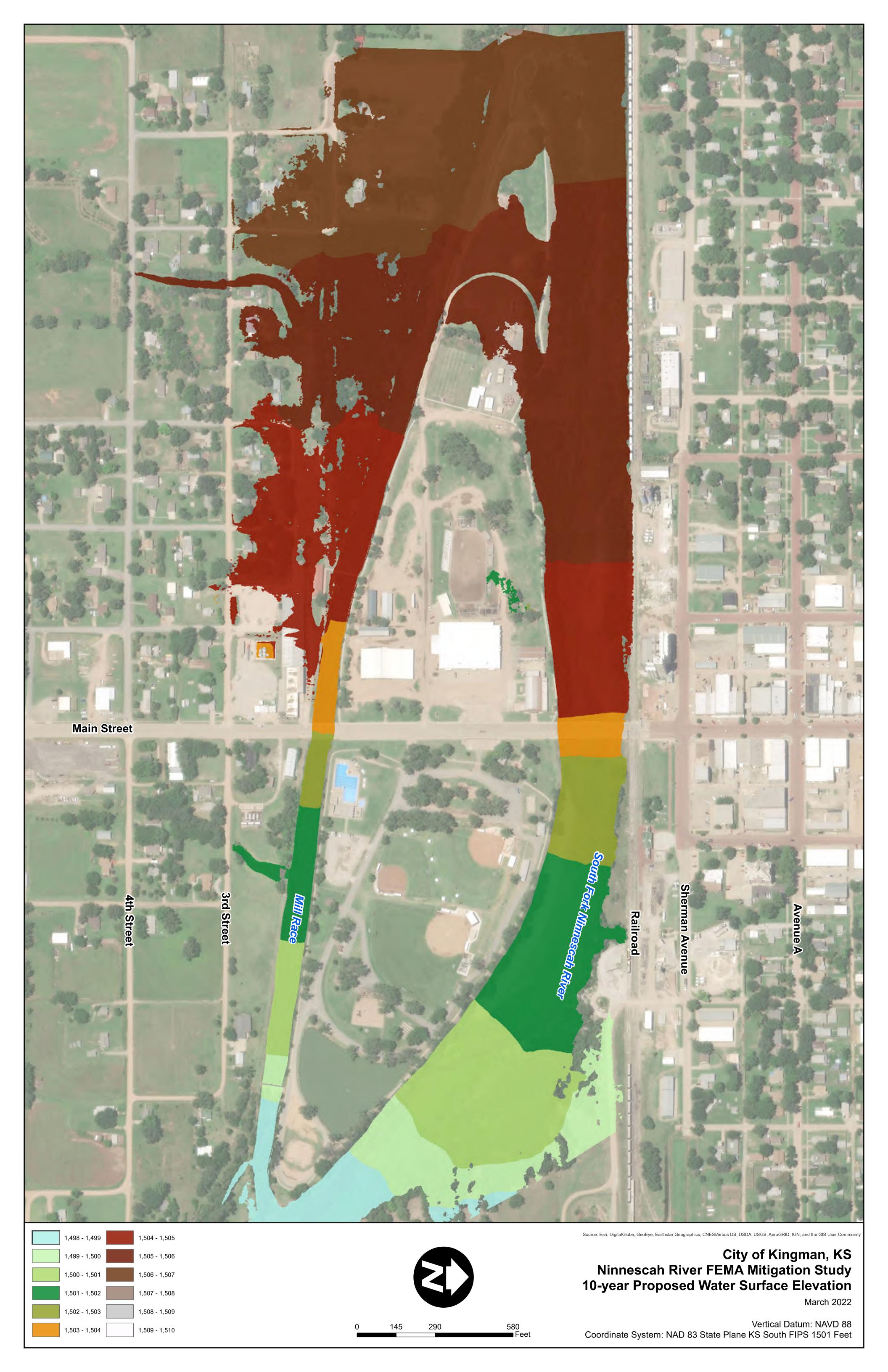


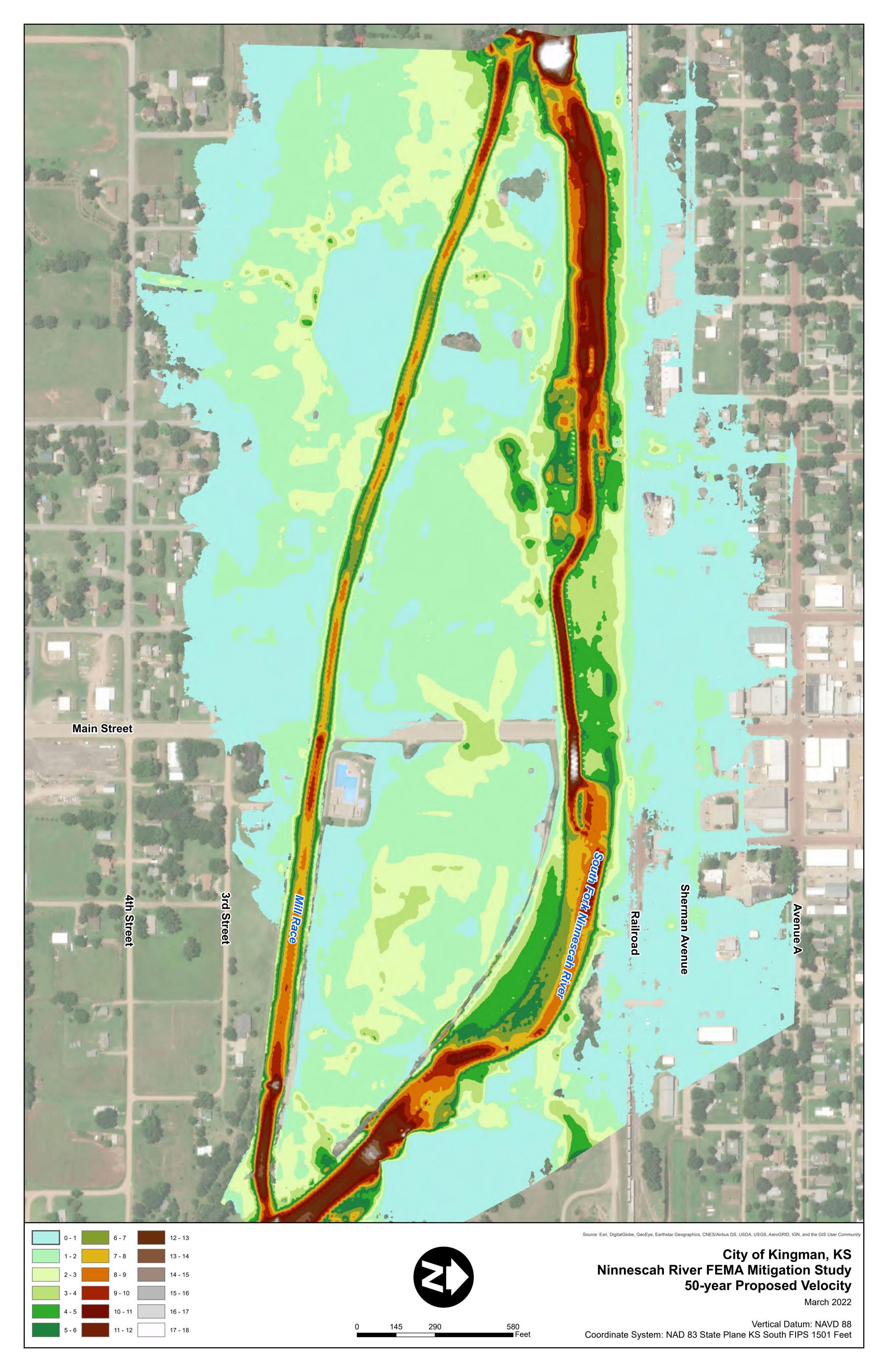
Appendix F

Proposed Conditions HEC-RAS 2D Results

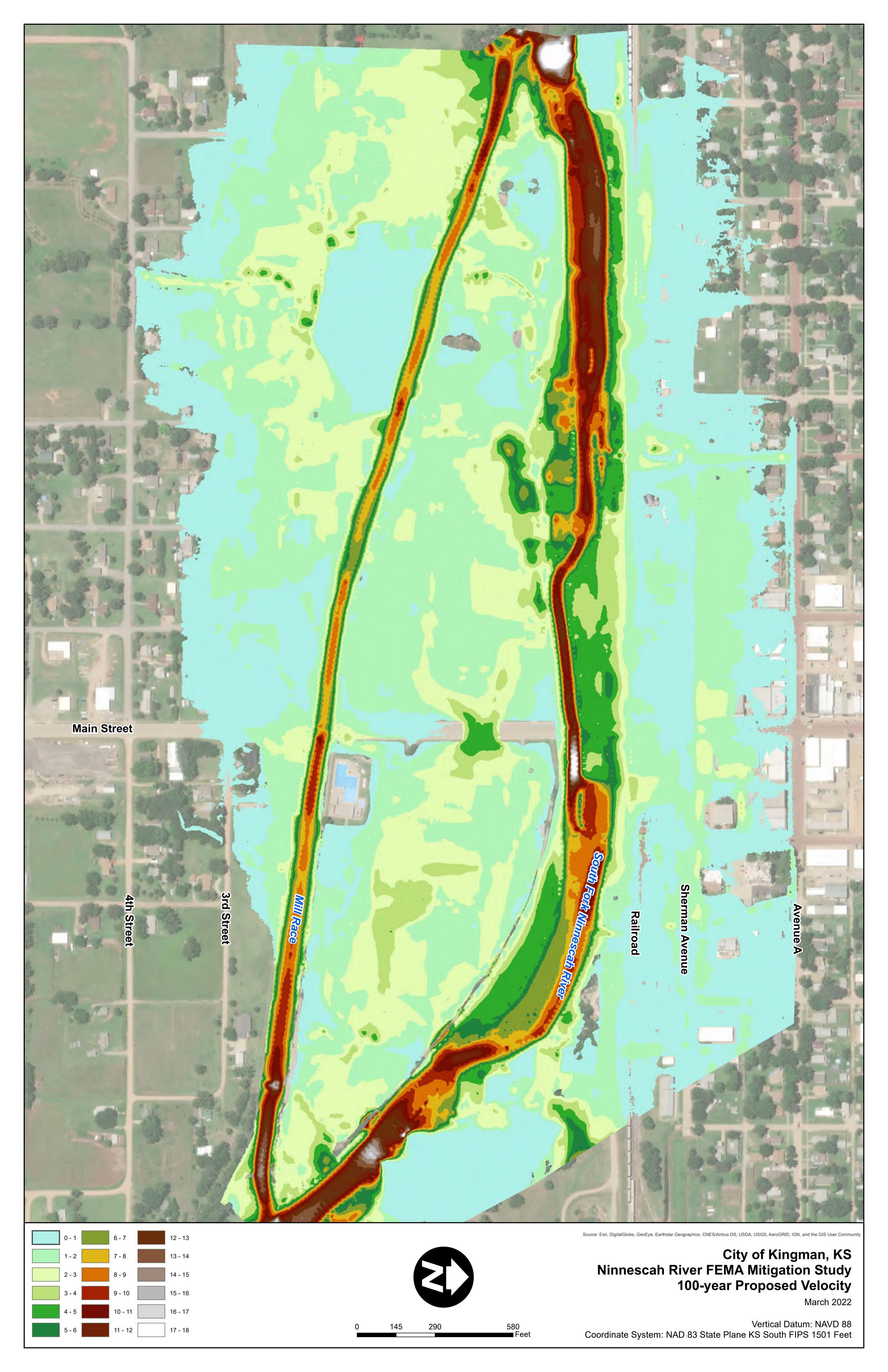


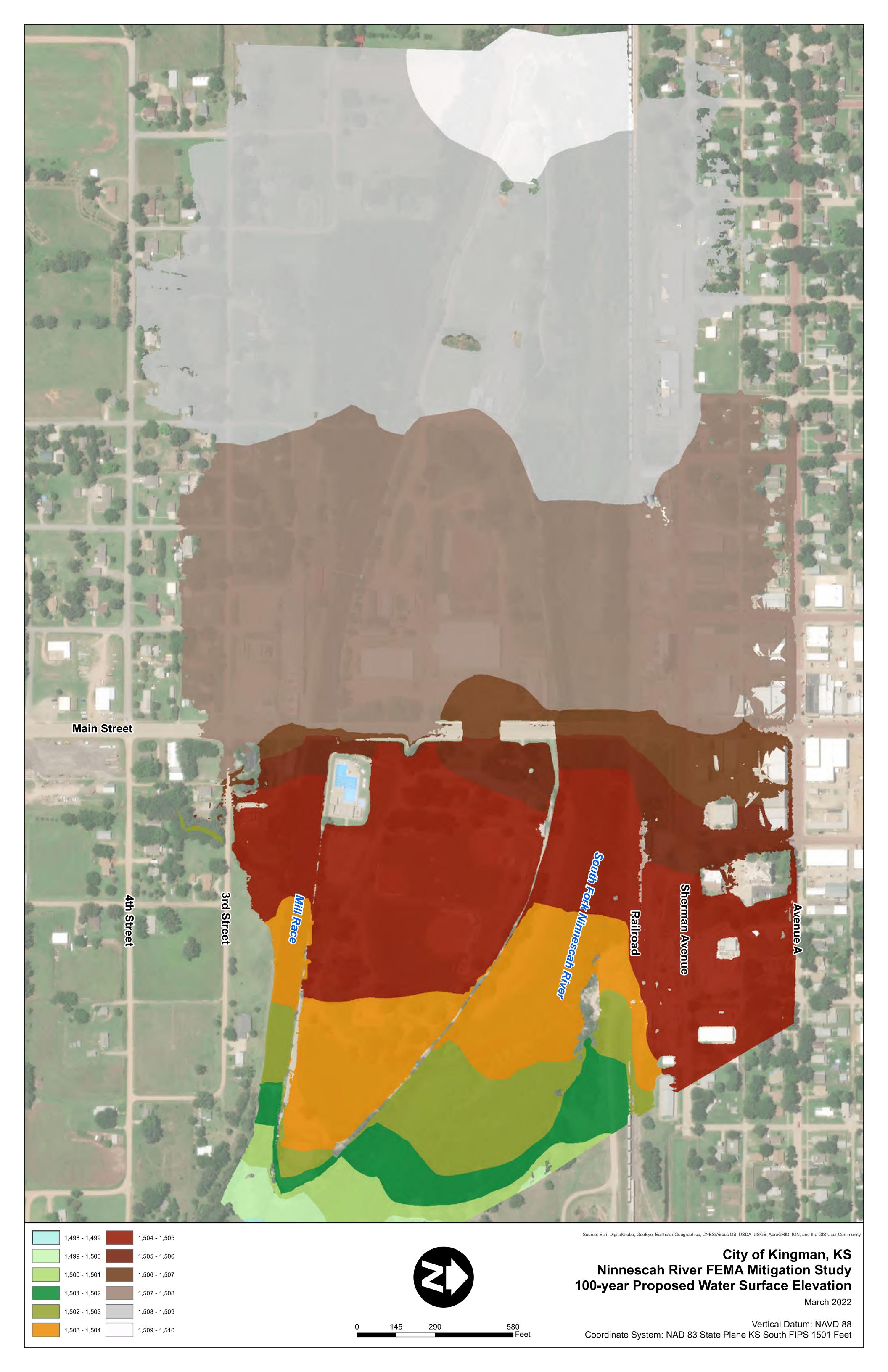














Appendix G

HEC-RAS 2D Results Comparison



